No. 743,991.

PATENTED NOV. 10, 1903.

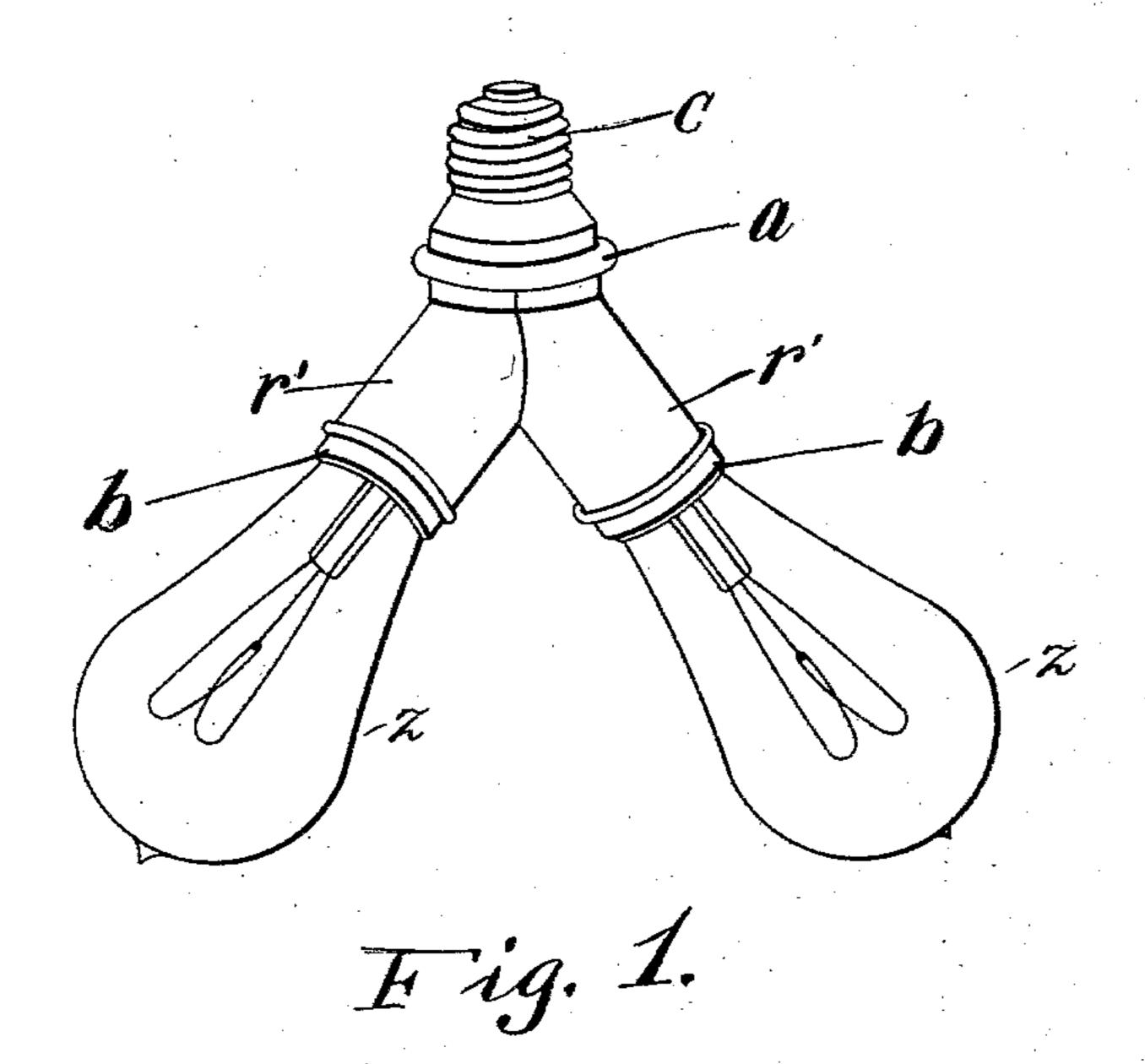
K. SHAFFER.

ELECTRIC FIXTURE.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 12, 1902.

NO MODEL.

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THE NORRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

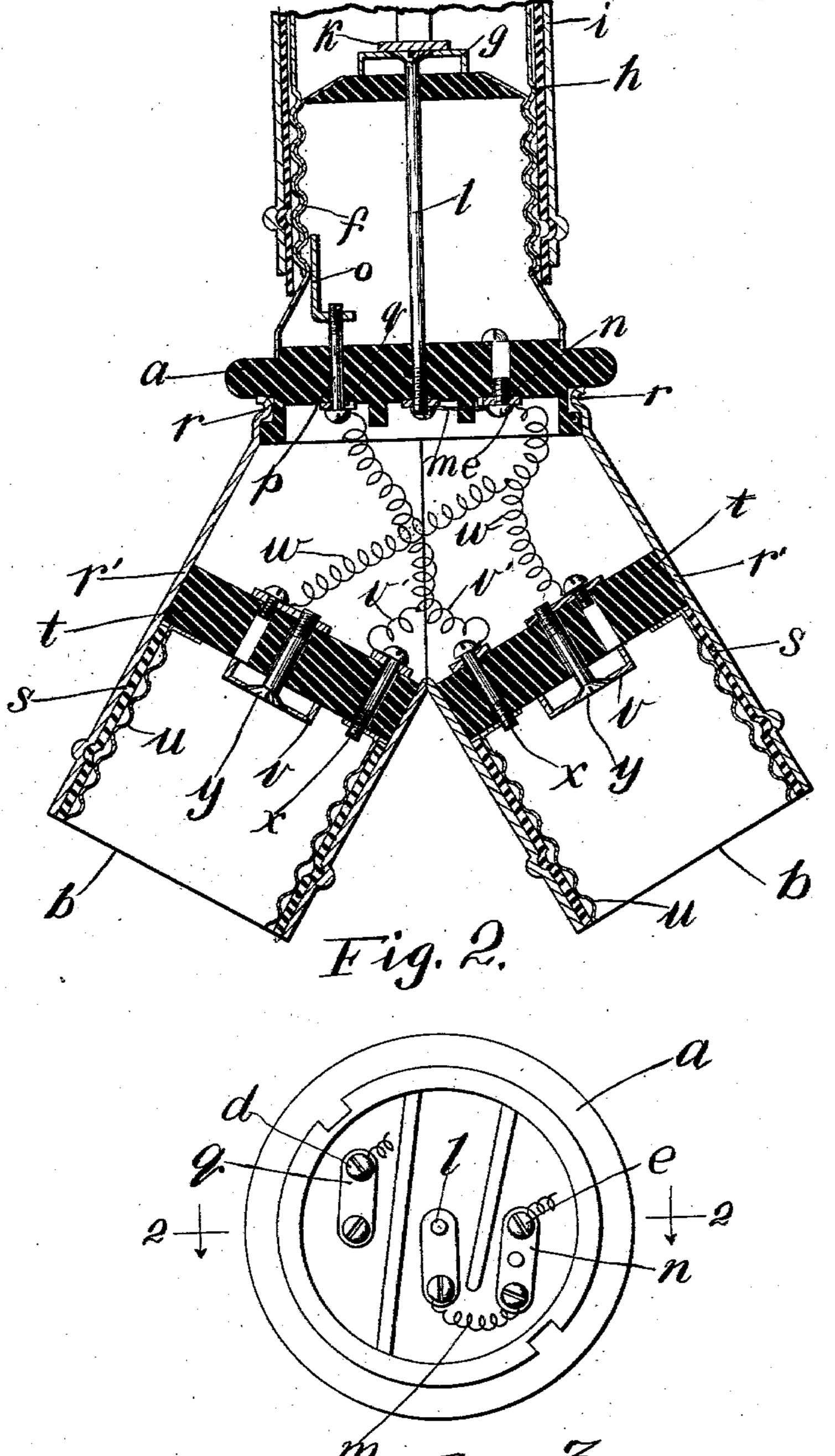
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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



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KENT SHAFFER, OF EVANSTON, ILLINOIS.

ELECTRIC FIXTURE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 743,991, dated November 10, 1903.

Application filed July 12, 1902. Serial No. 115, 293. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, KENT SHAFFER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Evanston, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have 5 invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Electric Fixtures, of which the following is a full, clear, concise, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification.

10 My invention relates to electric fixtures, and serves to provide an improved form of cluster or group connection for translating devices—such, for example, as incandescent electric lamps. Where fixtures of the Edison 15 type are employed, the sockets of a cluster or group are supported upon a bracket or rod fixedly secured to the wall or ceiling, it being impracticable to remove the cluster or group of sockets without disarranging the entire 20 fixture.

By means of my invention I am enabled to separably associate a group or cluster of sockets with a socket projecting from the wall or ceiling, thereby replacing those clusters of 25 sockets that have proved so faulty in actual practice, because of their mechanical imperfections. The invention, moreover, permits a ready change in the character of the electric fixture associated with the socket, as one 30 form of fixture may be readily removed and another inserted in place thereof. In this way one incandescent lamp may be employed in association with the ceiling or wall socket or any number within reasonable limits may 35 be associated with such socket.

My invention in its preferred embodiment comprises a group or cluster of sockets provided with two terminals common to all of the sockets and a plug substantially mechan-40 ically fixed with respect to the sockets, the same terminals being common to the plugterminals also. Each device of my invention therefore comprises a group of terminal devices, including a plurality of sockets for sup-45 plying incandescent lamps or other translating devices with current and a plug having connection with the terminals of the sockets for effecting connection with the mains.

I will explain my invention more fully by 50 reference to the accompanying drawings, in which-

ferred embodiment of my invention, incandescent lamps being shown in place within the sockets of the structure. Fig. 2 is a sec- 55 tional view through the axes of the sockets and plug on line 22 of Fig. 3. Fig. 3 is a view of the base of the plug constituting an element of the invention.

Like parts are indicated by similar charac- 60 ters of reference throughout the different

figures. A support a, made, preferably, of some suitable insulating material, as porcelain, is common to the sockets b b and the plug c. I 65 have shown but two sockets; but the number may be increased without departing from the spirit of the invention. This base portion asupports terminals, preferably in the form of screws d and e. The terminal d, for exam- 70 ple, is brought into electrical connection with the threaded sleeve f of the plug c, while the terminal screw e is brought into electrical connection with the central plug-terminal q. The terminals f and g of the plug are designed 75 for engagement, respectively, with the threaded-sleeve h of a wall or ceiling socket i and the central terminal k of the said wall or ceiling socket. The connection between the terminals g and e is preferably completed through a stem 80 l, a fuse m, and a plate n, while connections between the terminals d and f will be established with a front plate o, a screw p, and a plate q. The sockets are preferably provided with a common means for separably at- 85 taching the same to the base a, the means being preferably in the form of a clip-flange or spring-clip r, engaging corresponding recessed portions in the base. The clip r preferably forms an integral part of a casing r', 90 that is preferably metal, which casing is bifurcated to provide two sleeves within which shells of insulating material s, as rubber, may be disposed, these shells of insulating material being capped by top walls t, also 95 made of insulating material, as porcelain. There is contained in each rubber sleeve s a threaded sleeve u, constituting a socket-terminal. There projects into each sleeve-terminal u a central terminal v, that is directly 100 supported by the cap-plate t. Conductors v'v' connect the threaded terminal u with the terminals q, as illustrated, while the conduc-Figure 1 is a perspective view of the pre- | tors w connect the terminals v with the terminal e. Screws x, passing through the capplates t, serve to connect the conductors v' with the threaded sleeve-terminals u, while screws y correspondingly effect connection of the conductors w with the terminals v. The terminals of the sockets are thus connected in parallel with the terminals of the common

plug, while protection is lent to the common plug, while protection is lent to the composite structure by means of the single fuse m.

The organization thus described is adapted to supply current to a plurality of translating devices, as the lamps z z, from a common wall or ceiling socket, as i. These lamps are

provided with terminal plugs. Plugs for conducting supply-current to translating devices other than lamps may obviously be inserted within the same sockets.

It is obvious that changes may be made in the device of my invention shown without de-20 parting from the spirit of the invention, and I do not, therefore, wish to be limited to the precise structure set forth; but,

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Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

In an electric fixture, the combination with a plug, having one terminal in the form of a threaded sleeve and a second central terminal, of a plurality of sockets, each provided with a terminal in the form of a threaded 30 sleeve and a second central terminal, the said plug and sockets being mechanically united, two terminals common to the terminals of the plug and to the terminals of the sockets, conductors connecting the terminals of the sockets in parallel, and a base interposed between the plug and the sockets carrying the said two terminals, substantially as described.

In witness whereof I hereunto subscribe my name this 1st day of July, A. D. 1902.

KENT SHAFFER.

Witnesses:

GEORGE L. CRAGG, HARVEY L. HANSON.