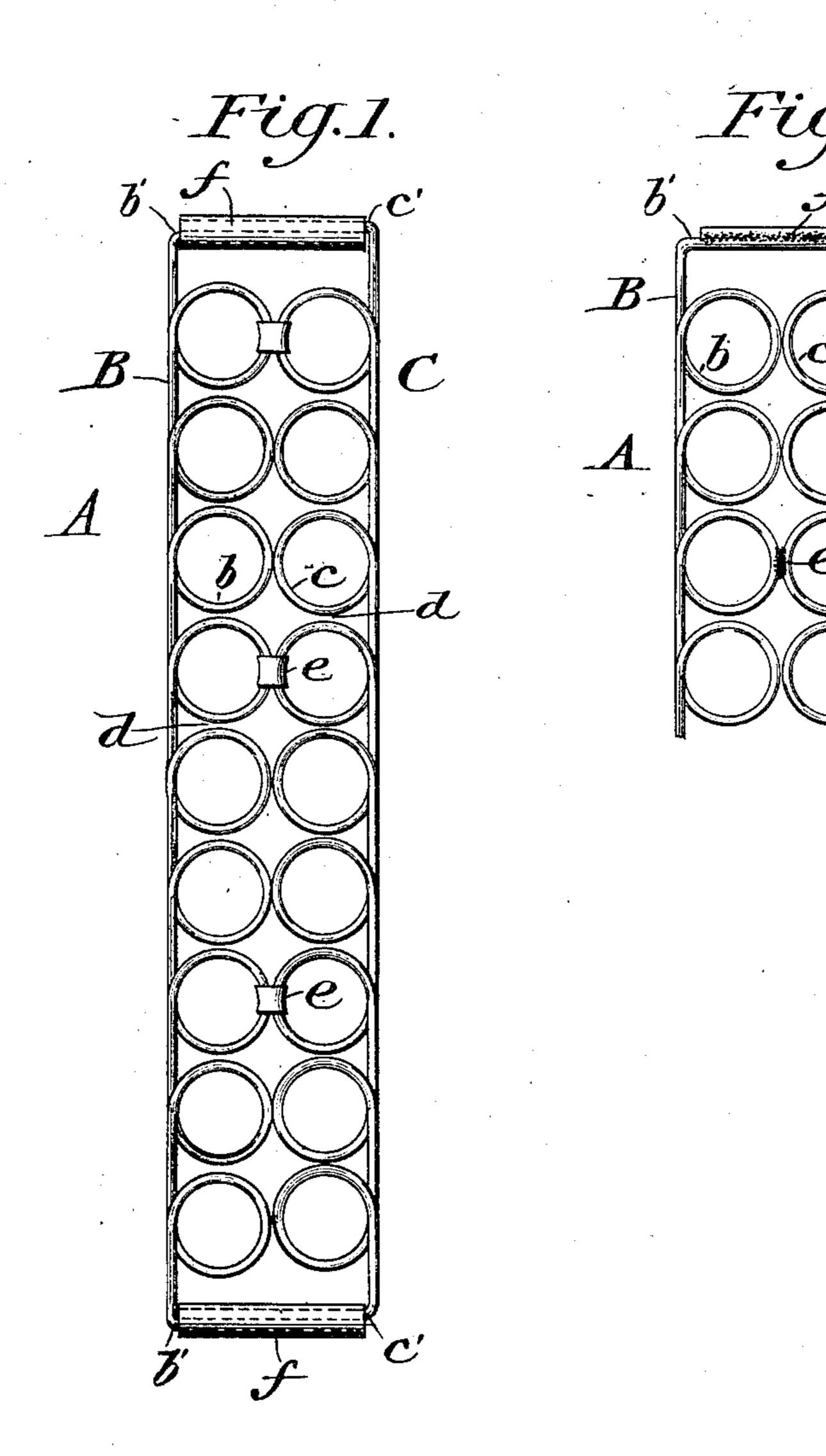
No. 736,567.

PATENTED AUG. 18, 1903.

## H. T. VADERS. GARMENT SUPPORTER. APPLICATION FILED APR. 17, 1903.

NO MODEL.



Witnesses: O.W. Collin. A. Harveyoutter.

Inwentor.
Henry T. Vaders.
by Robb Gain.
Atty.

## United States Patent Office.

HENRY T. VADERS, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## GARMENT-SUPPORTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 736,567, dated August 18, 1903.

Application filed April 17, 1903. Serial No. 153,141. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, HENRY T. VADERS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, have invented a 5 new and useful Garment-Supporter, of which

the following is a specification.

The invention to be hereinafter described relates to garment-supporters, and has for its object to provide such a support that may rest 10 upon the apparel of the person with a yielding pressure and afford a broad flat bearingsurface which will readily yield to adapt itself to the movements of the body of the wearer, and yet give efficient support to the clothing.

With these general objects in view the invention consists of spring-wires each bent into a plurality of flat circular loops between its ends, some of the loops of the wires being joined together and the ends of the wires be-20 ing also suitably united, all as will hereinafter more fully appear, and be definitely pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view of the supporter embodying my invention, and 25 Fig. 2 is a detail showing the manner of uniting the inturned ends of the wire in one em-

bodiment of the invention.

Referring to the drawings, A represents the garment-supporter, that may be used as part 30 of a belt, suspender, garter, or other like device, and comprises the two wires B and C, each bent into a plurality of flat circular loops b and c, extending to one side of each wire and forming a row of such loops, the individ-35 ual loops of each row being preferably separated slightly, as at d. The loops of one row are preferably arranged contiguous to and opposite the loops of the other row, as shown, and some of the loops thus disposed are joined 40 together by suitable fastenings, as e.

The end portions b' c' of each wire B and C,

respectively, are extended a short distance beyond the last loop of the row of loops and then bent toward each other, being held together at this point by a suitable fastening, 45 as the sleeve f, Fig. 1, or, as shown in the modified form of Fig. 2, such inwardly-bent ends may be secured together by other means, such as solder f', and some of the loops of each row may in like manner be connected 50 to some of the loops in the other row, as at e', Fig. 2.

It is evident, of course, that variations may be made in the form and details of structure without departing from the spirit of my in- 55

vention.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat-

ent, is—

1. A garment-supporter comprising two 6c spring-wires, each between its ends being formed into a plurality of flat circular loops, means for uniting the loops of the two wires at intervals the ends of the wires being bent toward each other, and means for uniting the 65 said ends.

2. A garment-supporter comprising two spring-wires, each being formed between its ends into a plurality of flat circular loops projecting to one side of the wires, the part of 70 the wires joining said circular loops being substantially straight, means for uniting the loops of one wire with the corresponding loops of the other wire, the ends of each wire beyond the loops being bent toward each 75 other, and means for uniting the bent ends of the wires.

HENRY T. VADERS.

Witnesses:

PERCY CLIME, AUGUSTINE C. METZINGER.