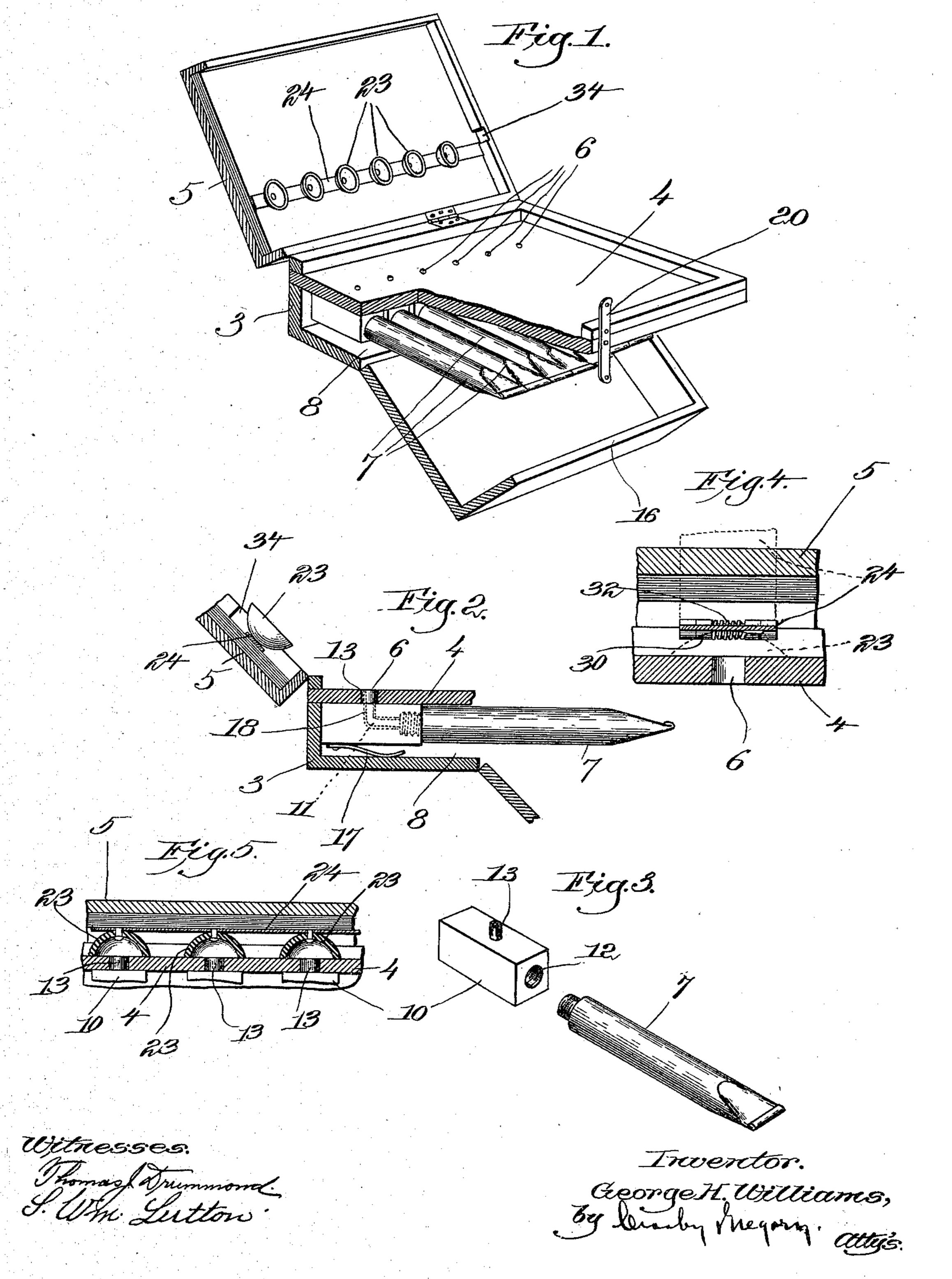
## G. H. WILLIAMS. PAINT BOX.

APPLICATION FILED DEG. 5, 1902.



## United States Patent Office.

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## PAINT-BOX.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 736,185, dated August 11, 1903.

Application filed December 5, 1902. Serial No. 133,968. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented an Improvement in Paint-Boxes, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like figures on the draw-

ings representing like parts.

This invention relates to that class of paintboxes which include in their construction a compartment for holding the paints and a surface constituting a palette, and has for its object a novel construction by means of which the pigments or other material contained may be quickly deposited upon the palette. For this purpose the palette is provided with one or more apertures and the pigment-containing tubes are supported beneath 20 the palette with their bodies parallel thereto and each tube has its outlet in communication with an aperture through the palette. With this construction by merely pressing the tube against the under side of the palette 25 the material therein may be forced through the aperture and onto the top of the palette, where it may be used. Each tube is carried by a tube-carrying member having a duct therein, and suitable means are provided for 30 detachably supporting each of the tube-carrying members so that its duct registers with the corresponding aperture in the palette. The tubes and tube-carrying members are contained in a compartment of the paint-box 35 located below the palette, and a cover or lid is provided for permitting access to the compartment when it is desired to use the device.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved paint-box, parts there40 of being broken away to better show the construction. Fig. 2 is a transverse section through a portion of the box, showing the manner of supporting the tubes; and Fig. 3 is a perspective view of one of the tube-car45 rying members and the tube supported thereby. Fig. 4 is a section through a portion of the box, showing one manner of connecting the carrier 24 to the box; and Fig. 5 is a section on the line of the apertures 6, showing 50 the caps 23 in place over said apertures.

The paint-box 3 of any suitable construc-

tion is provided with the usual partition 4, which constitutes the palette, and beneath which is a compartment 8, adapted to contain the tubes 7 of pigments, oils, or other mate-55 rials and which for convenience will be hereinafter designated as "pigment-containing tubes."

The box may have the usual cover 5 hinged thereto and provided with a recess for re-60 ceiving the canvas or other material on which

the painting is to be done.

The partition or palette 4 is provided with one or more apertures 6, and my invention consists in so supporting the tubes 7 in the 65 compartment 8 that the outlet of each tube is in communication with the appropriate aperture 6, whereby the pigments or other materials in the tubes may be readily forced onto the palette whenever their use is de- 70 sired. In this embodiment of my invention, which is the best form of the device now known to me, each tube is supported in a tube-carrying member 10, having a duct 11 therein which is adapted to convey the pig- 75 ment from the tube to the palette. The members 10 will each have a screw-threaded socket 12, into which the neck of the tube may be screwed, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2. To insure the maintenance of the proper alinement 80 of the ducts 11 and apertures 6, I prefer to provide each of said members 10 with a nipple 13, through which the duct 11 extends, the said nipple being so situated and of such a size as to be received by an aperture 6 when the 85 member 10 is in operative position, as best seen in Fig. 2. It will be noted that the socket 12 in each member 10 into which the neck of the tube is screwed extends in such a direction that the tube stands parallel with go the palette 4 and in substantial contact with the under side thereof, so that the artist may at any time supply fresh pigment to his palette by merely pressing his finger against the under side of the tube containing the color 95 which he desires, and thereby squeezing the tube between his finger and the palette, and by using two or more fingers of his hand at the same time two or more colors may be simultaneously supplied to the palette.

In order that the compartment 8 may be accessible, I have provided the box with a

second cover or lid 16, which when open, as I shown in Fig. 1, exposes the tubes 7.

I prefer to so support the tube-carrying members 10 that any one of them may be 5 readily removed either for the purpose of cleaning or for the purpose of disconnecting a tube therefrom or connecting a fresh tube thereto or for any other purpose, and as one simple way of thus supporting them I have to provided a spring device for yieldingly holding each of them against the under side of the palette 4 and with the nipple in the aperture 6. This spring device may be made in various ways; but I have herein shown it as 15 comprising a spring-finger 17, attached to each of the members 10 and adapted to engage the bottom of the compartment 8, as best shown in Fig. 2. With this construction when it is desired to remove a member 20 10 it is simply necessary to press the same away from the palette 4 until the nipple is disengaged from the aperture 6, when it can be readily removed, as is obvious. Upon replacing the member 10 it is simply necessary 25 to so position it that the nipple will aline with the aperture, when the spring will automatically force it into its proper position.

While I have herein illustrated the tubes as being carried by removable tube-carrying 30 members having a certain construction, I do not consider my invention as limited to this feature, as the tube-carrying members might each be so constructed as to carry two or more of the tubes or they might be rigid with 35 and form part of the box without in any way departing from my invention.

If the members 10 are made of wood, it is desirable that the ducts 11 should have a lining 18 of some suitable material, such as rub-

40 ber, which will not absorb oil.

A suitable catch or fastening device 20 may be employed for holding the covers 5 and 16 closed when the box is being transported.

In order to prevent the pigments which re-45 main in ducts 11 from becoming dry on the surface of the palette after the box has been out of use for some time, I may, if desired, employ a suitable device for covering the apertures 6 when the box is not being used, 50 thereby to exclude the air from them, and thus to keep the pigments moist. Any suitable device may be employed for this purpose; but I will prefer to use either a pad, which can be placed over the apertures 6, or 55 a plurality of cups or covers, which can be | box having such construction that by merely used in the same way. The advantage of the cups over the pad is that they do not become smeared with the paint or pigment which might ooze through the apertures. 60 Where cups are used for this purpose, I will

preferably employ one cup for covering each aperture, and all of the cups will preferably

be carried by a bar or carrier.

The cups are designated by 23 and when 65 in position will rest over and cover apertures 6, as shown in Fig. 5.

24 designates the carrier which supports the

cups.

In order not to interfere with the function of the cover 5 as a holder for the canvas or 70 other material on which the painting is to be made, I will preferably make the carrier 24 removable, so that it can be taken out of the way when the box is being used. This end may be accomplished in various ways. In 75 Fig. 4 it is shown as being hinged to the cover at one end, as at 30, whereby when the box is open it may be swung over into dottedline position out of the way. When the box is to be closed, however, the carrier will be 80 swung back against the inside of the cover, so that when the cover is closed the caps will come into position over the aperture 6. A suitable spring 32 may be used to automatically throw the carrier into its dotted-line po- 85 sition when the box is open. Instead of hinging the carrier to one side of the box the ends thereof may merely be set into notches 34 in the cover, as shown in Fig. 1. The particular way that this carrier is removably sup- 90 ported, however, is not essential to the invention, and I consider as coming within my invention any means for accomplishing this end.

While the partition is herein illustrated as being permanently secured to the box and 95 forming an integral part thereof, yet it will be obvious that the invention would not be departed from if such partition were a re-

movable one.

My improved paint-box is especially adapt- 100 ed for use in sketching, for with the construction employed the pigments may be supplied to the palette in a minimum time. This is especially important in making quick sketches of changing scenes—as, for instance, a sun- 105 set effect, where the particular effect which it is desired to reproduce lasts but a short time. In such a case if the artist desiring an added quantity of pigment of any particular color has to unscrew the cap of the tube and 110 force some pigment onto the palette the time consumed may be such that by the time the paint is mixed and ready to use the color effect which he wished to produce has vanished; but with my improved structure the 115 requisite amount of the different-colored pigments can always be kept on the palette without the necessity of interrupting the work of painting.

I believe that I am the first to devise a paint- 120 pressing the tubes against the under side of the palette the pigments may be forced onto the palette, and therefore I desire to claim this feature broadly regardless of the par- 125 ticular way in which the tubes are supported.

Having described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A palette having an aperture, and means 130 to support a pigment-containing tube beneath I the palette and parallel thereto, said tube

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having its outlet communicating with the aperture whereby by pressing the tube against the under side of the palette the pigment may be forced onto the latter.

5 2. In a device of the class described, a palette having a plurality of apertures, and means to support a corresponding number of pigment-containing tubes beneath the palette and with their bodies parallel thereto, each 10 tube having its outlet communicating with the corresponding aperture in the palette.

3. A palette having an aperture, a tube-carrying member provided with a nipple to be received by said aperture, yielding means to 15 support said member beneath the palette with its nipple projecting through the aperture, and a pigment-containing tube carried by

said member.

4. In a device of the class described, a pal-20 ette having a plurality of apertures, a corresponding number of the tube-carrying members each having a duct to convey pigment to the palette, means to support said members with their ducts registering with the aper-25 tures, and a pigment-containing tube carried by each member and having its length paral-

lel to the palette.

5. In a device of the class described, a palette having a plurality of apertures, a corre-30 sponding number of removable tube-carrying members each having a duct to convey pigment to the palette, means to support each member with its duct registering with the corresponding aperture, and a pigment-con-35 taining tube carried by each member, said tubes each having its length parallel to the palette.

6. A paint-box having a partition provided with an aperture and constituting a palette, 40 a compartment beneath the partition, and a pigment-containing tube supported in said compartment and having its outlet communi-

cating with the aperture.

7. A paint-box having a partition constitut-45 ing a palette, said partition having a plural-

ity of apertures, a compartment beneath the partition, and a corresponding number of pigment-containing tubes supported in said compartment with their bodies parallel to the partition and each having its outlet commu- 50 nicating with the corresponding aperture.

8. A palette having an aperture, means to support a pigment-containing tube beneath the palette and parallel thereto, said tube having its outlet communicating with the ap- 55 ertures whereby by pressing the tube against the underside of the palette the pigment may be forced onto the latter, combined with means to cover the aperture in the palette when the latter is not in use.

9. In a device of the class described, a palette having a plurality of apertures, a corresponding number of tube-carrying members each having a duct to convey pigment to the palette, means to support said members with 65 their ducts registering with the apertures, a pigment-containing tube carried by each member, and a removable carrier having a plurality of cups adapted to cover the apertures in the palette when the latter is not in use. 70

10. A paint-box having a partition provided with a plurality of apertures and constituting a palette, a corresponding number of pigment-containing tubes supported beneath the partition, each tube having its outlet com- 75 municating with the corresponding aperture, a carrier having a cup-like cover for each aperture, and means to removably support said carrier whereby when the box is closed the cup-like covers exclude the air from the ap- 80 ertures but when the box is open the said covers may be removed.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

GEORGE H. WILLIAMS.

Witnesses:

MAX LUSTER, J. H. PERKINSON.