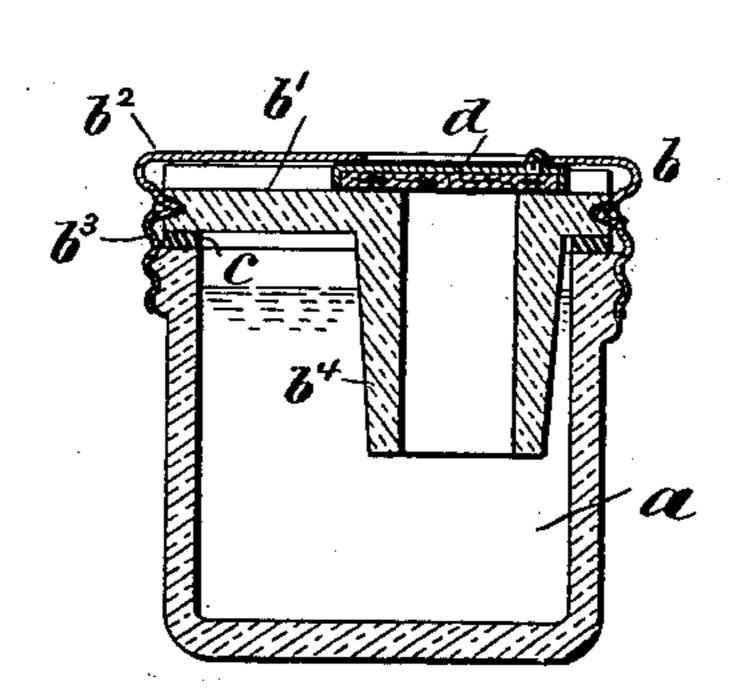
No. 736,105.

PATENTED AUG. 11, 1903.

J. W. JACOBUS. INKSTAND.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 9, 1901.

NO MODEL



Hest: J. S. Traves. O. Helive Invertor: James Tv. Jacobio By Beig Dany, Rie Kennedy

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## United States Patent Office.

JAMES W. JACOBUS, OF GREATNECK, NEW YORK.

## INKSTAND.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 736,105, dated August 11, 1903.

Application filed July 9, 1901. Serial No. 67,616. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES W. JACOBUS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Greatneck, county of Nassau, and State of New 5 York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Inkstands, fully described and represented in the following specification and the accompanying drawing, forming a part of the same.

This invention relates to improvements in inkstands operating upon the pneumatic principle, and particularly the inkstand shown and described in my prior Letters Patent, No. 571,046, dated November 10, 1896, it being 15 the object of the present invention to provide an inkstand the parts whereof may be more economically manufactured and when assembled will be less liable to permit leakage than

is the case with the inkstand of my said prior

20 Letters Patent.

As a full understanding of the improvements constituting the present invention can best be had from an illustration and a detailed description of an organization embody-25 ing the same, such description will be given in connection with the accompanying drawing, which illustrates by a central vertical section an inkstand constructed according to

the present invention. Referring to said drawing, a represents the body of the inkstand, and b the upper portion or top thereof, which is removable and consists of a plate or disk b' and a cap  $b^2$ , of metal, inclosing and carrying said disk and 35 provided with a flange  $b^3$ , which is preferably screw-threaded, so as to engage the correspondingly-threaded upper end of the body portion  $\alpha$ . The joint between the body portion a and top b is located, as will be observed, 40 above the ink-line or supply of ink in the body portion a, so as to prevent leakage between such body portion and top and also prevent clogging of the joint by ink, which would interfere with the ready removal of the top. 45 The top b is provided with a tube  $b^4$ , closed at its sides and preferably cast integral with the disk b', and the lower end of which when

the top is placed in position upon the body a

lies in close proximity to the bottom of the

50 body a, this tube serving as a guide for the !

pen and by reason of its proximity to the bottom of the body a also limiting the amount of ink supplied thereto.

For the purpose of forming an air-tight joint between the body a and the top b there 55 is interposed between the top b and the body a a gasket c, preferably of rubber, and preferably borne by the disk b' in position to rest against the upper edge of the body a.

The cap  $b^2$  is provided with a sliding cover 60 d, which when the inkstand is not in use may be slid over the tube  $b^4$ , so as to prevent the

entrance of dust into said tube.

The inkstand of the present invention, like that of my said prior Letters Patent, is de- 65 signed for use upon school-desks and to be placed in the openings provided in schooldesks for inkstands. In order to avoid the collection of dust or dirt between the inkstand and the walls of such opening, the inkstand 70 is made so as to fit more or less snugly into such opening, and to prevent scholars from damaging the inkstand—as, for example, by attempting to pry off the top or cover—the latter is preferably of such size and shape as 75 to be flush with the upper face of the desk when the inkstand is in the opening referred to.

The present invention is not limited to the particular construction and arrangement of 80 parts shown and described, in which changes or modifications can be made without depart-

ing from the spirit of the invention.

What I claim is—

An inkstand comprising a body portion and 85 a cap secured thereto by an air-tight joint and bearing a pen-guiding tube, the opening in which is contracted to substantially the size of a pen, the lower end of said tube projecting below the ink-line and into proximity 90 to the bottom of the body portion so as to limit the dip of the pen.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two subscribing

witnesses.

JAMES W. JACOBUS.

Witnesses:

JOHN A. GRAVES, T. F. KEHOE.