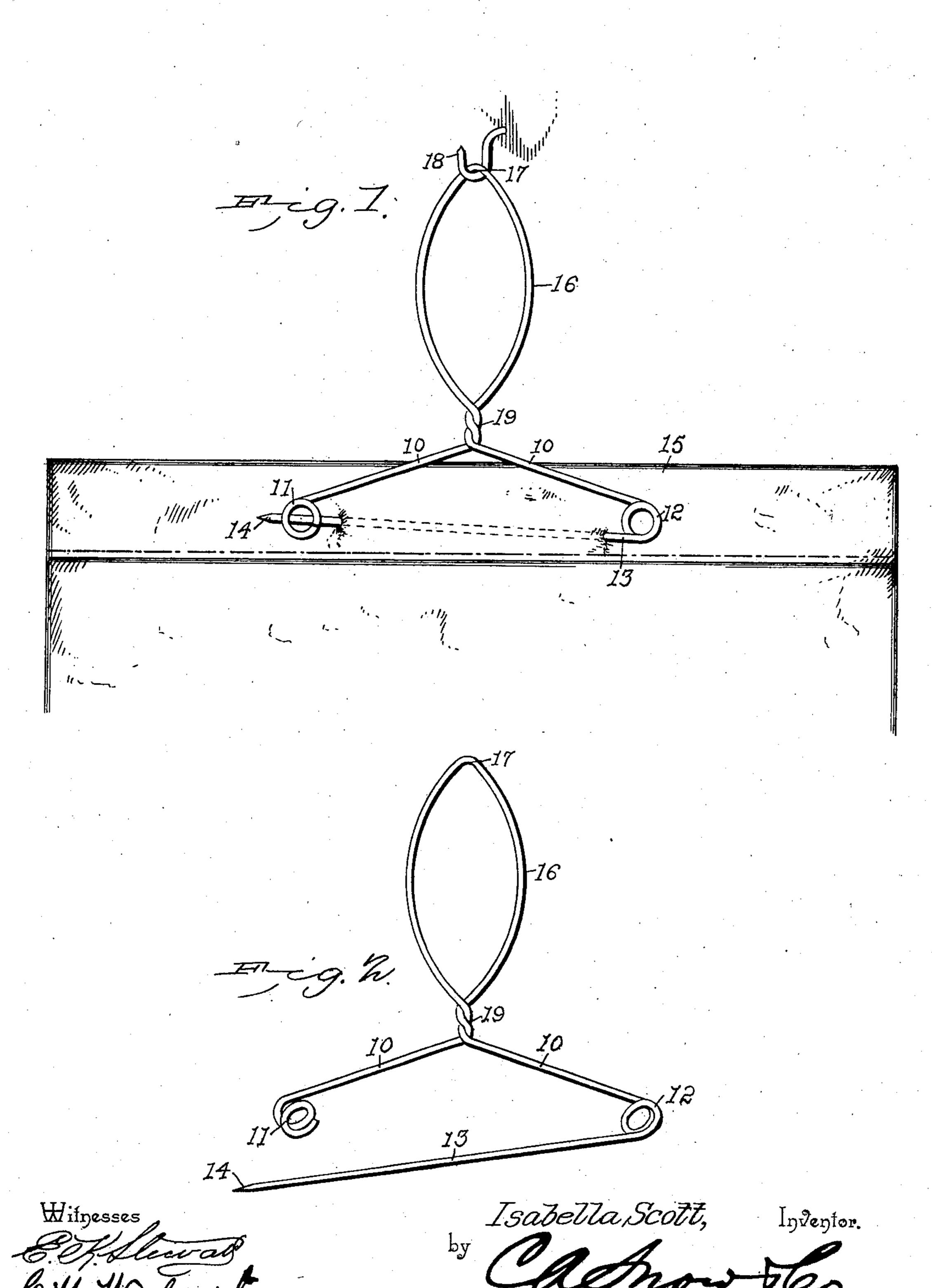
## I. SCOTT.

## GARMENT HANGER. APPLICATION FILED OCT. 29, 1902.

NO MODEL.



THE NORRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

## United States Patent Office.

ISABELLA SCOTT, OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

## GARMENT-HANGER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 736,030, dated August 11, 1903.

Application filed October 29, 1902. Serial No. 129,306. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ISABELLA SCOTT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Jackson-ville, in the county of Duval and State of Florida, have invented a new and useful Garment-Hanger, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to devices employed for suspending garments of various kinds in closets, wardrobes, and similar localities, and has for its object the production of a simple and convenient device which may be readily applied to the garment to form a hanger there to and to prevent said hanger from slipping longitudinally upon its support; and the invention consists in the specific details of construction, as hereinafter shown and described, and specified in the claim.

In the drawings illustrative of the invention, in which corresponding parts are designated by similar characters, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the device applied. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the device detached and disconnected ready for its application to the garment.

The device consists in two portions, a pin portion adapted to be engaged with the garment and a suspension portion extending at right angles from the pin portion in an elongated pointed loop adapted to engage the suspension-hook, so that the garment will be supported in direct vertical alinement from the suspension-loop and lateral movement thereby prevented.

The pin portion of the implement consists in a stationary member 10 in substantial horizontal position, with one end bent into a pinguard coil 11 and the other end formed with a coil 12, the latter extended into a pin 13, 40 spaced from the portion 10 and pointed, as at 14, the pointed end adapted to engage the guard 11, as shown in Fig. 1.

The garment to be suspended will be pierced by the pin member 13 and connected in position by placing the end 14 within the guard 11, as shown in Fig. 1, a portion of a garment being indicated at 15.

Extending from the stationary member 10 in the same plane and disposed transversely thereto is an elongated loop 16, with its upper end pointed or reduced, as at 17, and adapted

to engage a suspension-hook or other support, as shown at 18.

The loop member is connected to the part 10 by entwisting its sides together adjacent 55 to the part 10, as shown at 19. By this simple means the loop member 16 is rigidly connected to the pin portion 13 and will be maintained in position transversely thereto, and by reason of the pointed or reduced end 17, 60 which is located directly opposite to the connecting or twisted portion 19 of the pin and loop portions, the garments will be retained in position and all slipping or lateral movement prevented, as the loop member 16 will 65 always center itself and cannot move laterally upon the suspension means 18, as will be obvious. This is a very important feature of the invention, as the pointed form of the loop 16 insures the maintenance of the pin 70 member constantly in a horizontal position and prevents lateral movement of the garment or the tendency to crowd toward one end of the pin portion.

The loop 16 may be formed of any size relative to the other parts; but the proportions illustrated have been found in practice to meet the requirements of the device.

The wire employed in constructing the device may be of any desired gage and of any 80 suitable material, either brass, steel, or other metal.

The device may be employed for suspending garments of any kind, but is more particularly designed for suspending skirts and 85 similar garments and avoids the necessity for providing skirts and other garments with suspension - loops, which are liable to be broken and weakened by wear and constant use, whereas with the improved device the 90 garments may be suspended without danger of the suspension means breaking or becoming displaced.

Another advantage of this device is that it may be applied to any part of the garment 95 and any number may be employed and located at any desired point to suspend the garment in position to retain its shape and contour.

Having thus described the invention, what 100 is claimed is—

A garment-hanger composed from a single

piece of metal and comprising an attachingpin and an integral elongated loop disposed centrally of and with its longitudinal axis at right angles to the attaching-pin, said loop bying in a common plane with the pin and having its upper end reduced.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as !

my own I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

ISABELLA SCOTT.

Witnesses:

NONIE W. COIT, LOUISE B. MCIVER.