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MOLD FOR CONCRETE WALLS.

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Fig.1. F 1 1-1 10 11. <u>, 1900, .</u> 11111111 <u>Fig. 5.</u> *Eig.9.* Inventor Witnesses Fig. 6. Augustus S. Cramer Luther & moultone-Attorney

## United States Patent Office.

AUGUSTUS S. CRAMER, OF COOPERSVILLE, MICHIGAN.

## MOLD FOR CONCRETE WALLS.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, AUGUSTUS S. CRAMER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Coopersville, in the county of Ottawa and 5 State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Molds for Concrete Walls; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable oth-10 ers skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention relates to improvements in molds for concrete walls, and its object is to provide the same with certain new and useful 15 features hereinafter more fully described, and particularly pointed out in the claims.

My invention consists, essentially, in the combination and arrangement of yokes or frames adjustably connected to and support-20 ing the opposite walls of the mold and connected to the same by bolts passing through slotted openings in angle-irons attached to the molds and screws in the yokes for adjusting the wall of the mold.

25 My invention also consists of a collapsible | core for forming internal openings in walls, consisting of side plates, curved end plates, an inner plate, to which one of the side plates and the two end plates are adjustably at-30 tached, and a sliding plate and rod for adjusting the end plates, said rod being also attached to the yoke, whereby the sides of the mold and the case are simultaneously adjusted.

35 My invention also consists of an improved means for facing the wall with cement, consisting of a series of plates provided with strips on one side spacing the same apart from the inner surface of the mold and to hold the

40 same flat, and a plate-section adapted to be inserted opposite the respective yokes. All of which will more fully appear by reference to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of a device em-45 bodying my invention; Fig. 2, a plan view of the same; Fig. 3, an enlarged transverse section of the same, showing one of the yokes in side elevation; Fig. 4, a plan view of one of the cores; Fig. 5, a side elevation of the same, 50 one side and a part of each end plate being removed; Fig. 6, an elevation of the inner plate O; Fig. 7, a transverse section on the

line 7 7 of Fig. 4; Fig. 8, a plan of the facingplates; and Fig. 9, an elevation of a portion of one of the said plates.

Like letters refer to like parts in all of the

figures.

A represents a portion of the wall in process of construction; B, the walls of the mold, which walls are preferably divided into sec- 50 tions arranged in opposing pairs, each pair being supported in place by strong inverted-U-shaped yokes, preferably of cast-iron, to which said walls are adjustably connected by means of bolts E, extending through the 65 outwardly-projecting flanges of the yokes and like portions of angle-irons C, said irons extending transversely across the outer surfaces of the walls B and firmly secured thereto. These bolts engage horizontally-extended 70 openings C' in the irons C to permit of adjusting the walls B toward and from each other or inclining the same, whereby the thickness of the concrete wall or the inclination of its side may be determined. As a 75 further means of adjusting the walls B, I have shown screws F inserted horizontally in the yokes D and attached at their inner ends to the wall B of the mold, whereby the same is more effectively adjusted as occasion re- 80 quires. To raise and adjust this device at intervals, as the successive portions of the concrete wall are formed, I provide A-shaped frames Ghaving broad plates G'at their lower ends to rest on the top of the concrete wall, 85 whereby the frames are supported in position over the respective yokes. Each frame is provided with a windlass H, having a pawl and ratchet I. A suitable rope or chain J is attached to the flange D' of the yoke by means 90 of a detachable hook J' and wound upon the windlass, whereby the yokes and molds are supported and vertically adjusted, and the frames may also be readily detached and removed while filling the mold and replaced and 95 attached to raise the mold after a section of the concrete wall has been formed and allowed to set therein.

To form chambers A' in the concrete wall, I provide collapsible cores in such numbers 100 as may be necessary and support the same at intervals, either from the yokes or from transverse bars B', placed across the top of the mold, as occasion requires. This core is made as

follows: Outwardly-curved side plates M and semicylindrical plates N constitute the walls thereof. Arranged in the center of this core is a rod Q, by which the same is operated. En-5 gaging this rod at one side is a plate O, having a vertical groove or channel in which the rod Q is slidable. To this plate O is attached the outer plates M and N. One of the plates M is preferably rigidly attached thereto by a suit-10 able plate R, riveted to the respective plates Mand O. The other plate M is preferably attached to arms S, extending horizontally from the plate O, by means of a yoke T, in which are pins U, slidably engaging the slotted open-

15 ings T', whereby the plate M is supported from the plate O and movably toward and from the same. The end plates N are supported from the plate O by means of flanges V, overlapping the said plate and provided with pins U',

20 which engage horizontally-slotted openings O' in said plate, and thus support the plates N and permit them to move horizontally. To the rod Q is attached a plate P, having diagonally slotted openings P', engaging the pins U',

25 whereby as the plate P moves upward plates N are moved inward and when the plate P moves downward the plates N are moved outward. This plate P has also vertically-extended openings S', through which the arms S 30 project, and thus guide the plate in its vertical

movement and limit the said movement. To provide means for facing the concrete

walls with fine cement compound, thin plates K are provided, to which are secured trans-35 verse ribs L, made slightly tapered to be readily withdrawn from the said facings. Said ribs also hold these plates flat and space them apart from the inner surface of the wall B of the mold. These plates K are placed between 40 the yokes D and parallel with the walls B and with the ribs L engaging the inner surface of

the said walls, and smaller plates K' having no ribs are placed across the gap between the

plates K and beneath the yokes.

To operate my device, it is first adjusted, as shown in the drawings, and sufficient material placed therein to sustain it in position. The frames G are then removed and the mold completely filled. The plates K are then 50 withdrawn, and then the plates K' can be moved edgewise and also withdrawn. The inner coarser material and the finer outer facing material constituting the concrete wall will then coalesce, and after this is suffi-55 ciently set the frames G are replaced and bolts E at the side having the screws F are slackened and said screws turned back, thus releasing the molds from the wall. By turning the windlass the yokes, together with the

60 mold, can now be raised and set in proper position for forming the next section of the wall. In so raising the molds the rods Q will first raise the plate P relative to the remaining portions of the core. This will move the

65 end plates N inward and permit the plates M to approach each other. Thus the core will be collapsed and free to rise with the mold. The I nected to the yokes.

core can again be expanded by thrusting the rod Q and plate P downward to place. The plates K and K' are then replaced and the 70 operation of forming another section of the wall A repeated.

The core shown and described is not herein claimed, but is reserved for a separate appli-

cation.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a mold, the combination of adjustable walls, rigid yokes embracing the walls, sup- 80 ports for the walls adjustably attached to the yokes, and extending inward therefrom and permanently attached to the walls, to both support and adjust the same.

2. In a mold, the combination of walls con-85 stituting the sides of the mold, a yoke embracing the walls, outwardly-projecting irons on the walls and adjustably connected to the

yoke.

3. In a mold, the combination of adjustable 90 walls, a yoke extending transversely above said walls and downward outside the same, angle-irons attached to the walls adjacent to the yokes and having slotted openings, and bolts extending through the yokes and 95

through said openings.

4. In a mold, the combination of adjustable walls, a rigid yoke extending transversely above said walls and downward outside the same, angle-irons on the walls extending out- 100 ward therefrom and adjacent to the yokes and having slotted openings, bolts extending through the yokes and said openings, and screws extending through the yokes and attached to one of the walls.

5. In a mold, the combination of adjustable walls, yokes embracing the walls, screws in the yokes, means for attaching the screws to one of the walls, and supports attached to the other wall and to the yoke, whereby the walls 110 are both vertically supported, and horizon-

tally adjusted by the yokes.

6. In a mold for making concrete walls, the combination of side walls to the mold, a yoke embracing said walls, supports for the walls 115 adjustable on the yokes and permanently attached to the walls, to both vertically support and horizontally adjust the same, a frame adapted to rest on the concrete wall and extending above the yoke, a windlass having a 120 pawl and ratchet and mounted on the frame, and a rope or chain wound on the windlass and detachably attached to the yoke.

7. In a mold for making concrete walls, the combination of side walls to the mold, rigid 125 yokes extending transversely above the walls and downward outside the same, angle-irons having slotted openings and attached to the walls, bolts extending through said openings and through the yoke, frames adapted to rest 130 upon the concrete wall, and means for raising and supporting the yokes and walls, mounted on the frames and detachably con-

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8. In a mold for concrete walls, the combination of side walls, rigid yokes extending transversely above the walls and downward outside the same, angle-irons attached to one wall and to the yokes, screws adjustable in the yokes and attached to the other wall, frames above the yokes and adapted to rest on the concrete wall, and means for raising the yokes and walls mounted on the frames and attached to the yokes.

9. In a mold, the combination of side walls, rigid yokes extending transversely and downward outside the walls, angle-irons rigidly attached to one wall and adjustably attached to the yokes, screws adjustable in the yokes and permanently attached to the other wall, removable frames above the yokes and adapted to rest on the concrete wall, and a windlass, pawl, and ratchet, mounted on each frame

20 and connected to the respective yoke.

10. In combination with molds for making concrete walls, means for facing the walls with different material, consisting of flat plates, and transverse ribs attached to the plates and adapted to engage the inner surface of the molds and to support and space the plates apart from the molds.

11. In a mold, the combination of side walls, yokes extending transversely above the same and downward outside the same and attached to the side walls, thin flat plates adapted to

be placed within the molds, ribs attached to said plates to support the same, and to engage the inner surface of the mold, and smaller plates adapted to be placed beneath the yokes, 35 and to connect the ends of the first-named plates.

12. In a mold, the combination of side walls, a yoke adjustably attached to the walls, a collapsible core, a rod to operate and support 40 the core, said rod being also attached to the yoke, and means for raising and supporting the yoke, whereby the walls and core are simultaneously held and adjusted by the yoke.

13. In a mold, the combination of side walls, angle-irons on the walls, a yoke embracing the walls and extending above the same, and also adjustably attached to the angle-irons, a core consisting of relatively movable plates, a rod to support the core, means for adjusting the plates attached to the rod, means for connecting the rod to the yoke, a frame adapted to rest on a concrete wall and extending above the yoke, and means for hoisting the yoke attached to the frame.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

## AUGUSTUS S. CRAMER.

Witnesses:

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