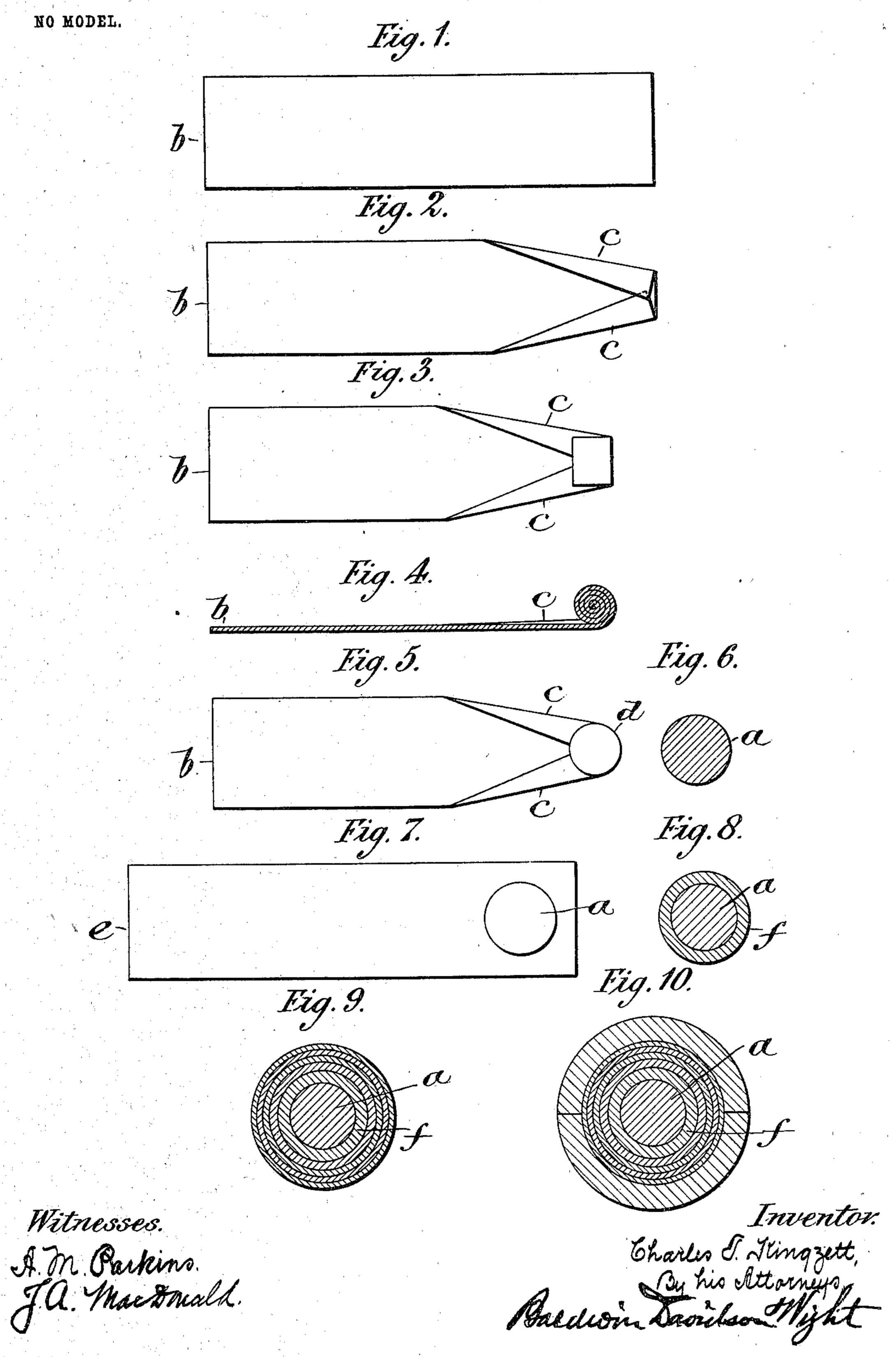
C. T. KINGZETT.

PROCESS OF MAKING PLAYING BALLS.

APPLICATION FILED NOV. 13, 1902.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES THOMAS KINGZETT, OF CHISLEHURST, ENGLAND.

PROCESS OF MAKING PLAYING-BALLS

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 734,888, dated July 28, 1903. Application filed November 13, 1902. Serial No. 131,260. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, CHARLES THOMAS KING-ZETT, manufacturer, a subject of the King of Great Britain, residing at Elmstead Knoll, 5 Chislehurst, in the county of Kent, England, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Processes of Making Playing-Balls, of which the following is a specification.

This invention has reference more espe-10 cially to golf-balls, but is also applicable to

balls used in other games.

Golf-balls have before been made with a central core of vulcanized india-rubber or with a central core of hard material surround-15 ed by a thick layer of vulcanized india-rubber which in turn is itself incased in a thick outer shell of gutta-percha. Such layer of india-rubber has either been formed of two hemispherical cups or of india-rubber tapes 20 or threads wound around the core under tension.

In the manufacture of my golf-ball I emexternally by being steeped in a volatilizable 25 solvent, such as carbon disulfid or benzin, and use such softened rubber, still moist with solvent, in conjunction with gutta-percha in alternating layers, which by the solvent are caused to unite the one with the other and 30 form a solid sphere. The exterior of the balls I form, as heretofore, of a thick outer shell of gutta-percha.

The drawings annexed illustrate the man-

ner in which I prefer to proceed.

35 Figure 1 is a plan view of a length of a broad tape or strip of india-rubber previously softened by being steeped in a volatilizable solvent. Fig. 2 is a plan of the same tape with the two side portions at one end folded 40 over inward. Fig. 3 is a plan of the same when this end has been rolled up into a small roll while continuing to fold over inward the two side portions. Fig. 4 is a longitudinal section of Fig. 3. Fig. 5 is a plan of the 45 same with the small roll squeezed into approximately spherical form. Fig. 6 is a section of a sphere of softened india-rubber formed by rolling up the remainder of the tape around the small sphere previously 50 formed. Fig. 7 is a plan view of the sphere placed onto a broad tape of gutta-percha.

Fig. 8 is a section of a sphere formed by rolling the gutta-percha tape around the softened-india-rubber sphere and squeezing it into approximately spherical form. Fig. 9 is 55 a section of a sphere formed by repeating these operations—that is, by similarly winding on first a tape of softened india-rubber and then a tape of softened gutta-percha. Fig. 10 is a section of a sphere such as shown 60 in Fig. 9 incased in a thick outer casing of

gutta-percha.

I first form a central approximately spherical core a of rubber from a broad tape or strip b of india-rubber which has previously 65 been softened on the exterior by being steeped in a volatilizable solvent. To form the tape b into a solid spherical mass, I commence by bending inward toward one another the two side edges or portions c of one end of the 70 tape, as illustrated in Fig. 2, while at the same time winding up tightly this end of the tape into a roll, as illustrated in Fig. 3, and squeezploy non-vulcanized india-rubber softened | ing together the several folds and turns of the rubber tape, so as to make them all ad- 75 here closely together and assume more or less of a spherical form d, as illustrated in Fig. 5, and continue the winding and bending over of the sides of the tape until a core of the desired size has been produced, as illus- 80 trated in Fig. 6. Over this core a I next in the same way wind and bend around a similar tape e of gutta-percha previously softened by heat, so as to form around the core a complete hollow shell f of gutta-percha, as illus- 85 trated in Fig. 8. After this I again wind and bend around the gutta-percha-covered core another tape of rubber previously softened by a volatilizable solvent, and to make sure of obtaining perfect union between the rub- 90 ber and gutta-percha and between the several overlapping folds and turns of the rubber tape more volatilizable solvent may be applied to the india-rubber in course of or after winding. The alternately winding on of a 95 softened-gutta-percha tape and a tape of rubber moistened with a volatilizable solvent is repeated until the thick exterior coating of gutta-percha has to be formed. This outer coating may be formed in the same way by 100 winding on and pressing together softened tapes of gutta-percha until the desired thickness is obtained, or it may be formed of two hemispherical cups of gutta-percha. Afterward the whole may be compressed together and brought to the required spherical form by being compressed between dies. Thus the inner portion of the ball may be composed of numerous alternate concentric layers of india-rubber and gutta-percha, all made to adhere one with the other by the volatilizable solvent used. Each of the india-rubber layers also becomes one solid layer of india-rubber however many thicknesses or folds of the tape there may be in the layer.

In place of making the central core or nuto cleus of softened rubber, as above described, a core or nucleus of other material might be used; but generally it is better to form it of

rubber.

In place also of alternately winding around the core first a tape of gutta-percha and then a tape of india-rubber moistened with solvent the rubber might by steeping in the solvent be brought into a softened plastic state and then spread over the surface of gutta-perchatapes, and such compound tapes can then be wound up and made into spherical balls in the way above described, or similar compound tapes for making up into balls might be formed by pressing tapes of india-rubber which have been previously softened by immersion in solvent onto tapes of guttapercha, so as to make them adhere the one to the other.

What I claim is—

1. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a ball such process consisting in first steeping india-rubber in a volatilizable solvent and afterward molding such softened rubber together with strips of softened guttapercha in alternating layers into a spherical form.

2. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a ball such process consisting in first steeping india-rubber in a volatilizable sol-

vent and afterward molding such softened rubber together with strips of softened gutia-percha in alternating layers into a spherical form and then inclosing such compound spherical mass in an outer casing of gutta-50 percha.

3. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a ball such process consisting in first steeping strips or tapes of india-rubber in a volatilizable solvent and then molding such softened and moistened rubber and softened

strips or tapes of gutta-percha into alternating concentric approximately spherical layers.

4. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a ball such process consisting in first steeping strips or tapes of india-rubber in a 60 volatilizable solvent and then molding such softened and moistened rubber and softened strips or tapes of gutta-percha into alternating concentric approximately spherical layers and afterward inclosing the compound mass 65 in an outer casing of gutta-percha.

5. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a ball such process consisting in first steeping strips or tapes of india-rubber in a volatilizable solvent and subsequently wind-70 ing such softened and moistened strips and softened strips of gutta-percha alternately around a central nucleus so as to form around the nucleus a series of alternating approximately spherical layers of india-rubber and 75 gutta-percha all united the one with the other.

6. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a ball such process consisting in first steeping strips or tapes of india-rubber in a volatilizable solvent and subsequently wind-80 ing such softened and moistened strips and softened strips of gutta-percha alternately around a central nucleus so as to form around the nucleus a series of alternating approximately spherical layers of india-rubber and 85 gutta-percha all united the one with the other and afterward inclosing the compound mass in an outer casing of gutta-percha.

7. The hereinbefore-described process of forming spherical layers of solid india-rub- 90 ber around a central nucleus such process consisting in winding bending and compressing a strip or tape of india-rubber previously steeped in a volatilizable solvent around the nucleus until the required thickness of layer 95 is obtained with all the several turns and folds of this winding adhering together and

forming one compact mass.

8. The hereinbefore-described process of forming a solid spherical core of dense but 100 very elastic india-rubber such process consisting in first steeping a strip or tape of india-rubber in a volatilizable solvent and winding up and bending such tape into a solid spherical mass.

CHARLES THOMAS KINGZETT.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM HOLMES, CHARLES BECKENSALL.