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PATENTED MAY 19, 1903.

C. A. ALKINS.

DEVICE FOR PREVENTING THE SPREADING OF RAILWAY TRACK RAILS.

APPLICATION FILED NOV. 17, 1902.

NO MODEL.

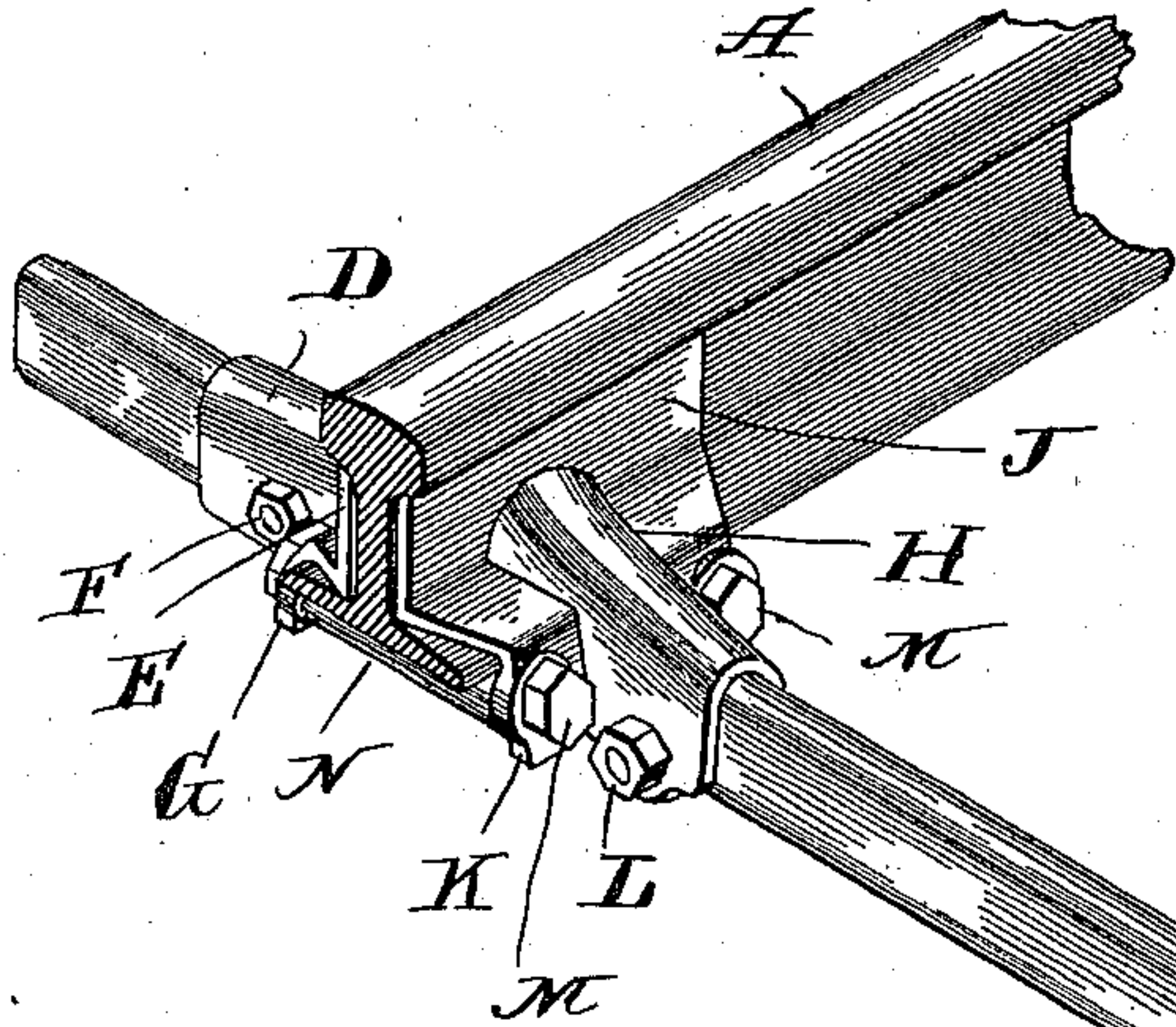


Fig. 1.

Fig. 2.

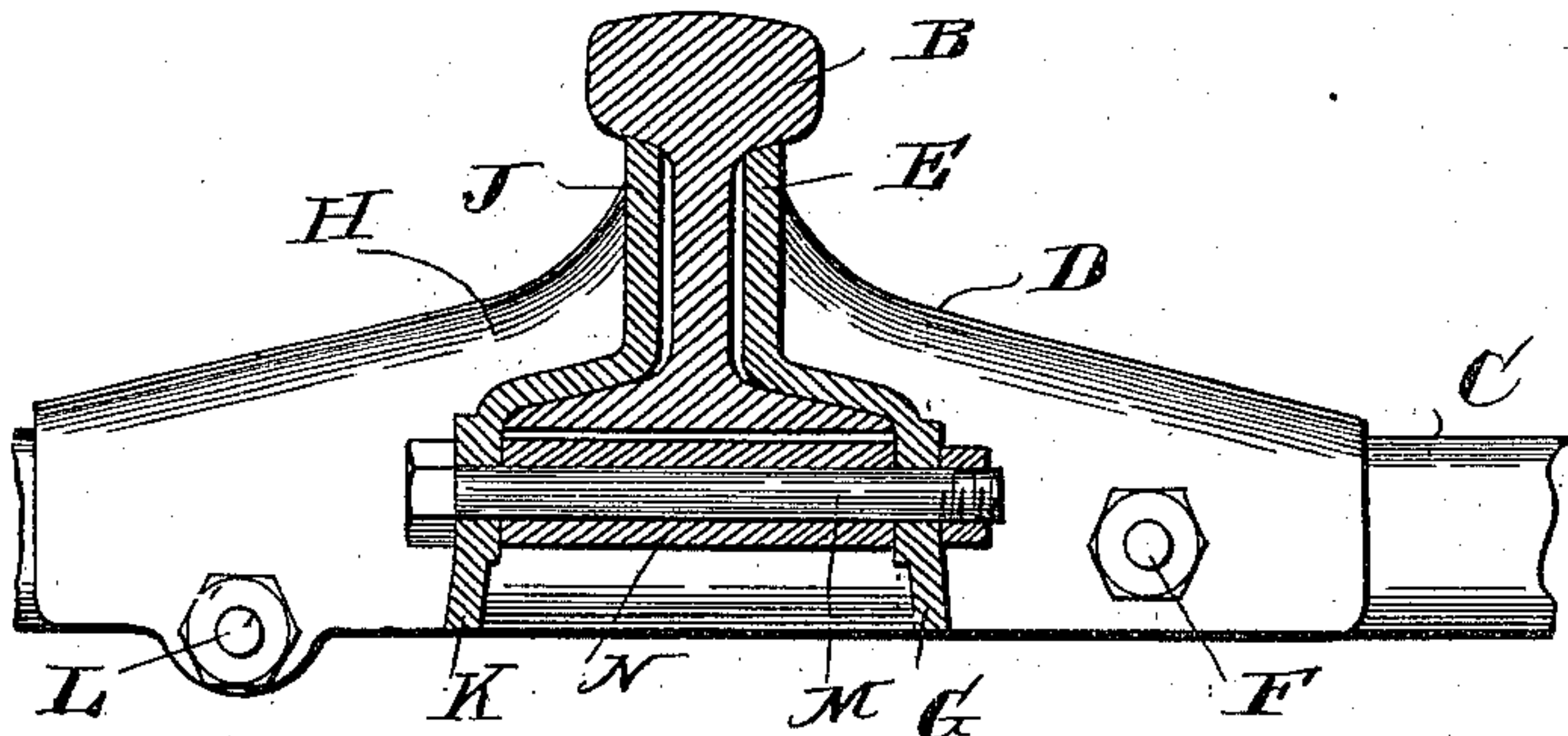


Fig. 3.

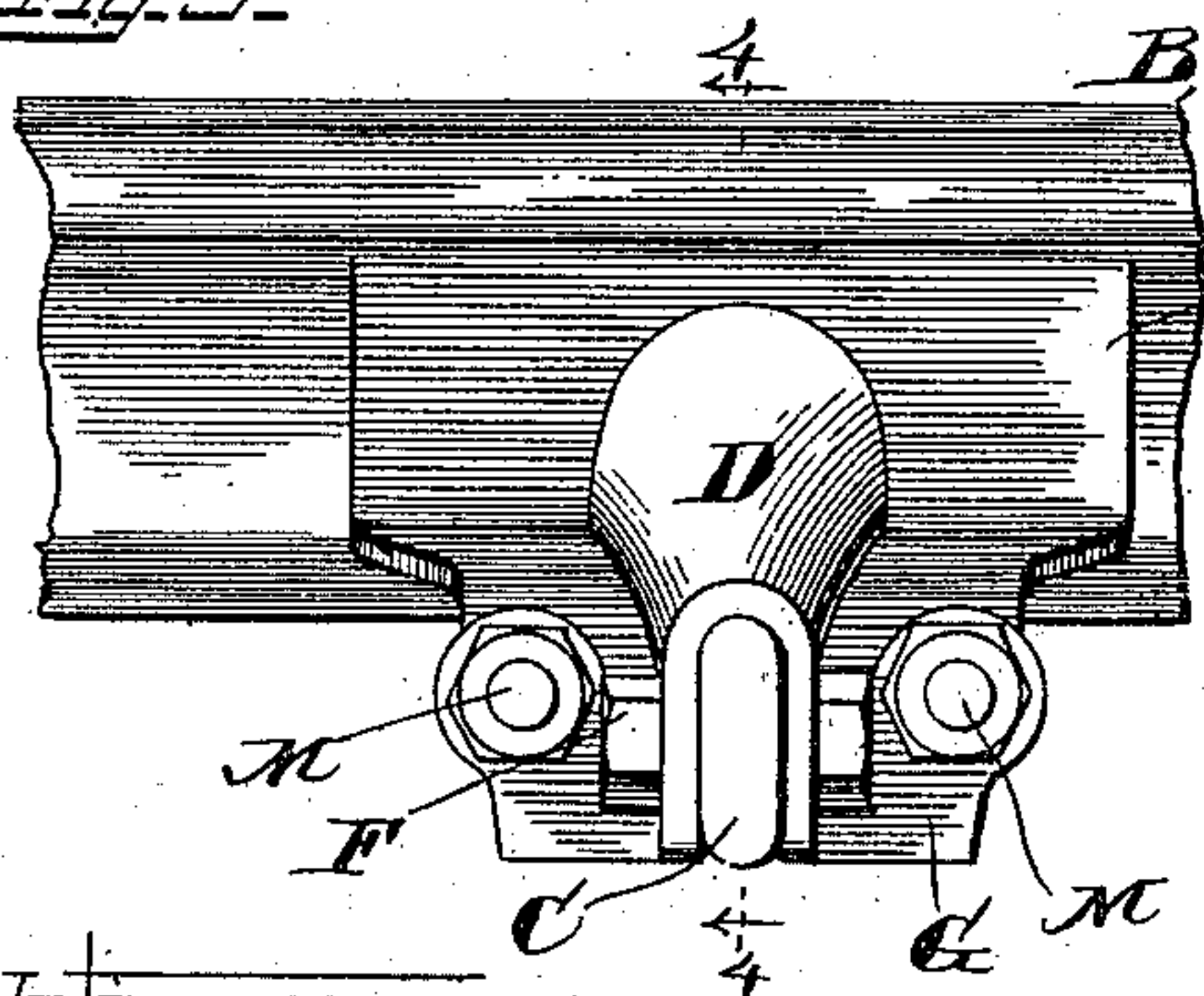


Fig. 4.

WITNESSES.

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CHARLES A. ALKINS, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

DEVICE FOR PREVENTING THE SPREADING OF RAILWAY-TRACK RAILS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 728,186, dated May 19, 1903.

Application filed November 17, 1902. Serial No. 131,688. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES A. ALKINS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Hege-
wisch, Chicago, in the county of Cook and
5 State of Illinois, have invented a new and use-
ful Device for Preventing the Spreading of
Railway-Track Rails, of which the following
is a specification.

This invention relates to a device for pre-
10 venting the spreading of railway-track rails.

The object of the invention is to provide a
device which is simple in construction, eco-
nomical in manufacture, and efficient in op-
eration, whereby the spreading of railway-
15 rails is prevented.

The invention consists, substantially, in the
construction, combination, location, and ar-
rangement of parts, all as will be more fully
hereinafter set forth, as shown in the accom-
panying drawings, and finally pointed out in
20 the appended claims.

Referring to the accompanying drawings,
and to the various views and reference-signs
appearing thereon, Figure 1 is a view in per-
25 spective of a section of railway-track, show-
ing the application of a device for prevent-
ing the spreading of the track-rails and em-
bodying the principles of my invention, the
track-rails being in section at one end and
30 broken off at the other. Fig. 2 is a broken
detail view in section, taken transversely of
a track-rail. Fig. 3 is a similar view, taken
in side elevation, of a track-rail. Fig. 4 is a
broken detail view in section on the line 4 4
35 of Fig. 3 looking in the direction of the ar-
rows.

The same part is designated by the same
reference-sign wherever it occurs through-
out the several views.

40 Reference-signs A and B designate, respec-
tively, the track-rails.

C designates a tie-bar arranged to extend
transversely of the track-rails and under-
neath the latter.

45 D designates a casting or forging having an
extended flat face E, arranged, as most clearly
shown in Fig. 2, to be clamped up against the
outer face of the web of the track-rails. The
castings D are provided with shanks of sub-
50 stantially U shape in cross-section, as clearly
shown in Figs. 1 and 3, arranged to straddle
over the ends of tie-rods C, which extend or

project beyond or to the outside of the track-
rails. The castings D are securely bolted to
the projecting ends of the tie-rod C by means
of bolts F passing transversely through the
55 flanges forming the U-shaped shank of cast-
ing D and through the tie-rod, as clearly
shown. The castings D are also provided
with depending lateral flanges G, arranged to
60 fit over the outer edges of the bases of the
track-rails, as clearly shown.

H designates cooperating castings having
extended faces J, arranged to fit up against
the inner faces or sides of the webs of the
65 rails, and also with depending lateral flanges
K, similar to flanges G, arranged to fit over
the inner edges of the bases of the rails. The
castings H are also provided with shanks U-
shaped in cross-section, as most clearly shown
70 in Fig. 1, and similar to the U-shaped shanks
of castings D and also adapted to fit over or
straddle the tie-rod C on the inside of the
rails and suitably secured or bolted by bolts
L to said tie-rod.

In order to prevent undue weakening of the
tie-rod by the bolt-holes through which bolts
F and L pass, one or both of said bolts may
be arranged to be received in grooves or seats
80 formed in the edge of said tie-rod. In the
particular form shown, to which, however,
my invention is not to be limited or restricted,
I have shown the bolts F passing through
holes in the tie-rod and the bolts L received
85 in circular seats formed transversely in the
under edge of said tie-rod.

From the foregoing description it will be
seen that I provide a pair of castings for each
rail, one of said castings being bolted to the
rail on the outside thereof and the other bolt-
90 ed to the rail on the inside thereof, the flat
faces of flanges E J of each pair of castings
fitting, respectively, against the outer and
inner surfaces of the web of the rail and the
depending lateral flanges G K of each cast-
95 ing fitting over, respectively, the outer and
inner edges of the base of the rail. The cast-
ings D H are securely bolted together and
set up or clamped with the web of the rail
between the faces E J thereof by means of
100 bolt M passing through the depending lat-
eral flanges G K. If desired, short tubular
sections N may be strung upon the bolts M
and interposed between the depending lat-

eral flanges G K (see Fig. 2) in order to impart strength and rigidity to the structure. It will also be seen that each pair of castings D H is securely clamped or bolted to the tie-rod C. In this manner I secure an efficient tying together of the track-rails, thereby preventing said rails from spreading apart. It will also be seen that any tendency of the rails to rock laterally on their bases is prevented, thereby preventing the rails from being broken loose from their track-fastenings, and hence securing a most simple and efficient device for accomplishing the desired object.

In the foregoing description I have referred to the parts D H as "castings." I do not desire to be limited in the use of this term to the manner of forming these parts, as the same may be drop-forged or formed in any other convenient or suitable manner.

While a device embodying my invention is useful at any point in the line of the railroad, it has special utility at curves, where the pressure of the flanges of the wheels of passing trains exerts an increased tendency to cause the track-rails to rock or to spread apart, and many disastrous and fatal train-wrecks are caused by reason of the spreading of the rails. It is with the object of preventing such disasters that my present invention has been devised, and from the construction shown and described this object is accomplished in a most simple, efficient, and economical manner.

It will be understood that the tie-rods C are independent of the track-sleepers or ordinary track-ties, and hence my device may be readily applied at any desired point to the track-rails without disturbing in any manner the road-bed or track-ties upon which the rails rest.

Having now set forth the object and nature of my invention and a construction embodying the principles thereof, what I claim as new and useful and of my own invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a device for preventing the spreading of track-rails, the combination with castings arranged in pairs, the members of each pair being respectively arranged on opposite sides of a rail, each casting having a flat surface or face to engage the web of the rail and a U-shaped shank, a tie-rod arranged transversely of the track-rails and received loosely in the

U-shaped shanks of the members of both pairs of castings, and bolts passing transversely of said shanks and tie-rod to secure said castings to said rod, as and for the purpose set forth.

2. In a device for preventing the spreading of track-rails, the combination with a tie-rod, of a pair of castings for each track-rail, the members of each pair of castings being respectively arranged on opposite sides of a rail, and having flat sides or faces adapted to receive the web of the rail therebetween, and having depending flanges fitting over the edges of the rail-base, bolts passing through said flanges for clamping said castings toward each other, each pair of castings being independently bolted to said tie-rod, as and for the purpose set forth.

3. In a device for preventing the spreading of track-rails, the combination with a tie-rod arranged to extend underneath the track-rails and transversely thereof, a pair of castings for each rail, said castings being independently bolted to said tie-rod, the members of each pair of castings being respectively arranged on opposite sides of its track-rail, and having extended faces arranged to fit against the inner and outer surfaces, respectively, of the rail-web, each casting having depending lateral flanges fitting over the inner and outer edges, respectively, of the base of the rail, and bolts passing through the depending flanges of the members of each pair of castings whereby said members are clamped together to clamp the rail therebetween, as and for the purpose set forth.

4. In a device for preventing the spreading of track-rails, the combination with a tie-rod, of a pair of castings for each rail, each casting having a U-shaped shank to straddle and fit loosely over said tie-rod, bolts for securing said castings independently to said rod, and means for clamping the members of each pair of castings against opposite sides of the rail with which they are associated, as and for the purpose set forth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, this 13th day of November, 1902, in the presence of the subscribing witnesses.

CHARLES A. ALKINS.

Witnesses:

E. C. SEMPLE,
S. E. DARBY.