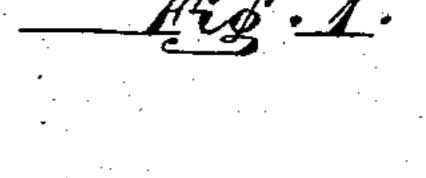
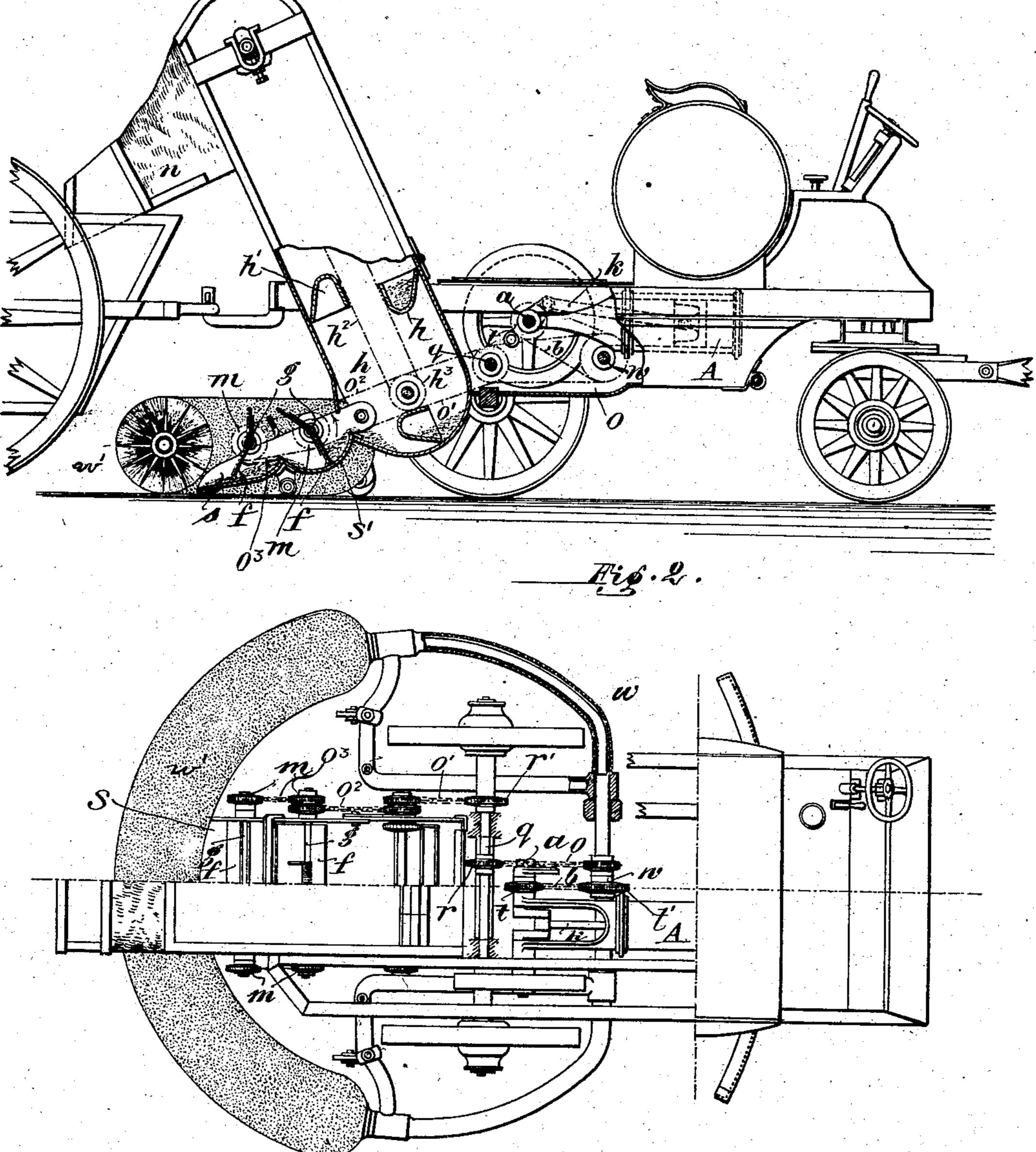
A. FLECHTHEIM. STREET SWEEPER. APPLICATION FILED FEB. 28, 1902.

NO MODEL.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





William Schulz. Edward Ray.

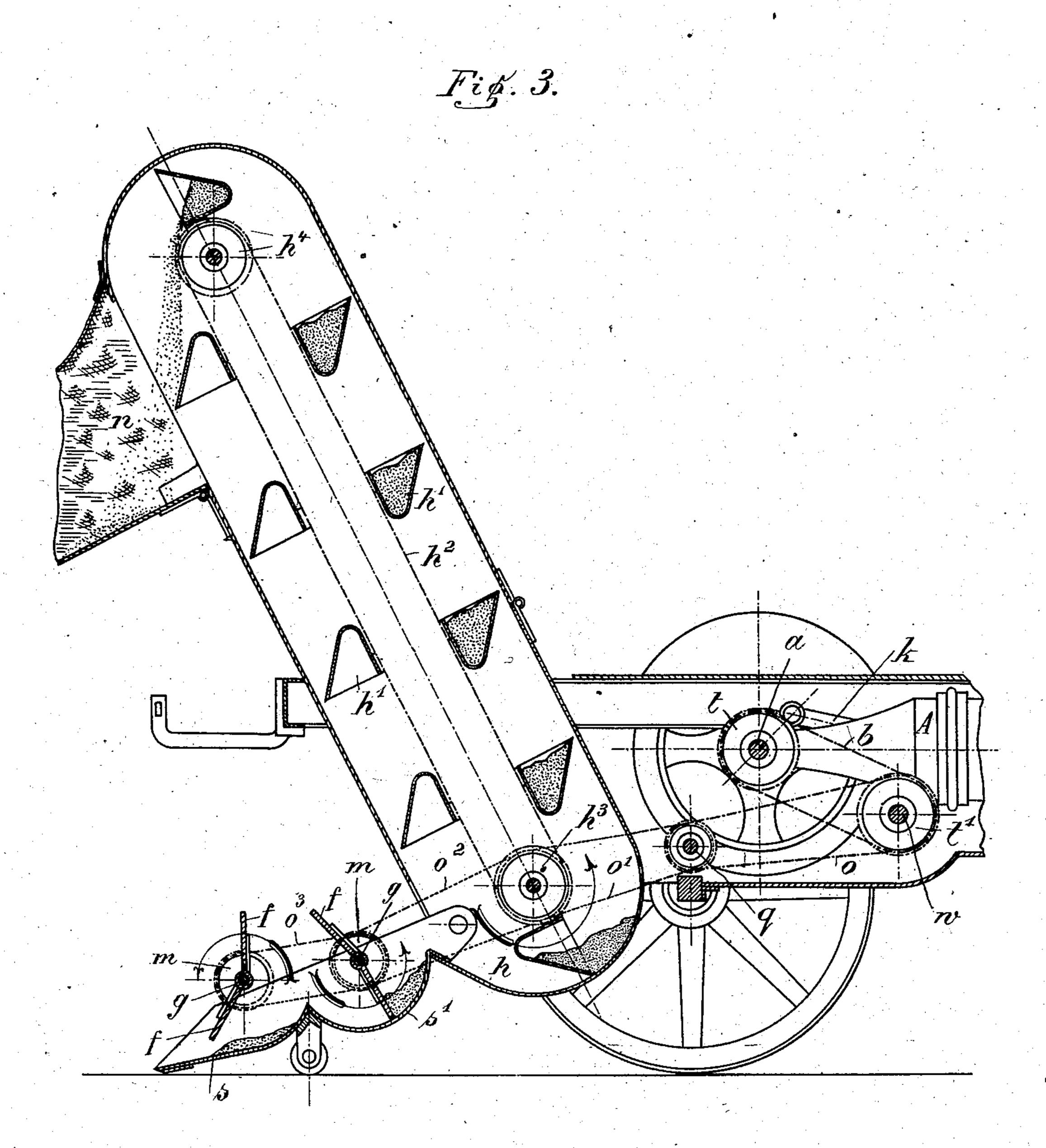
Alfred Flechtheim by his attorneys Roeden Briesen No. 726,040.

PATENTED APR. 21, 1903.

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NO MODEL.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



Wilher Jumps. William Schuly.

Alfred Flechtheim by his attorneys Roeder & Briesen

United States Patent Office.

ALFRED FLECHTHEIM, OF DUSSELDORF, GERMANY...

STREET-SWEEPER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 726,040, dated April 21, 1903.

Application filed February 28, 1902. Serial No. 96,037. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Alfred Flechtheim, a citizen of the German Empire, and a resident of Dusseldorf, Germany, have invented ed certain new and useful Improvements in Street-Sweepers, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a street-sweeper having a curved rotating broom which sweeps the dust upon a pan, whence it is fed to a dust-car by means of a conveyer.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a longitudinal section of my improved street-sweeper, partly broken away; Fig. 2, a plan thereof, and Fig. 3 a detail of the dust-conveyer.

My improved street-sweeper is composed of a rotating cylindrical broom w', attached to and surrounding the curved rear section of a flexible shaft w. The latter is mounted in suitable bearings carried by the frame of the sweeper and is forwardly elongated, so as to form a ring or other similar endless curve, as shown in Fig. 2. The front section of the shaft w receives rotatory motion in any suitable manner—as, for instance, from a motor A—which rotates a crank-shaft a by means of a piston-rod k. The shaft a imparts motion to the flexible shaft w by chain a and chain-wheels a and a, so that the curved broom receives a uniform rotatory motion.

In front of the broom at the middle of the sweeper there is arranged an inclined pan s, upon which the dust gathered at the middle of the track is swept by the broom. The pan s has a trough-shaped recess s' communicating with the casing h of a conveyer. The dust is fed forward along pan s and recess s'

and thence into casing h by means of rotatory blades or wings f, fast on shafts g, which 40 carry chain-wheels m. The wings are flexible, so that they yield while passing over pans and recess s' and will throw the dust forward. The conveyer is composed of a series of buckets h', attached to an endless chain 45 h^2 , which travels over a lower chain-wheel h^3 and an upper chain-wheel h^4 . The chainwheels $h^3 m m$ receive motion from shaft wby chain o, sprocket-wheels r r', fast on shaft q, chains o', o^2 , and o^3 . The dust delivered 50 to the conveyer from pan s will be raised by the buckets h' and discharged into a chute n. From this chute the dust will drop into a dust-car, which may be coupled to the sweeper. The latter is further furnished 55 with a sprinkler, which waters the street before being swept, to settle the dust.

What I claim is—

1. A street-sweeper provided with a curved rotatory broom having a continuous shaft to 60 form a ring, a pan in front of the broom, a conveyer, and means for conducting the dust from the pan to the conveyer, substantially as specified.

2. A street-sweeper provided with a curved 65 broom having a continuous shaft to form a ring, a pan, rotatory blades engaging the pan, a conveyer, and means for rotating the broom and blades, substantially as specified.

Signed by me at Dusseldorf, Germany, this 70 5th day of February, 1902.

ALFRED FLECHTHEIM.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM ESSENWEIN, PETER LIEBER.