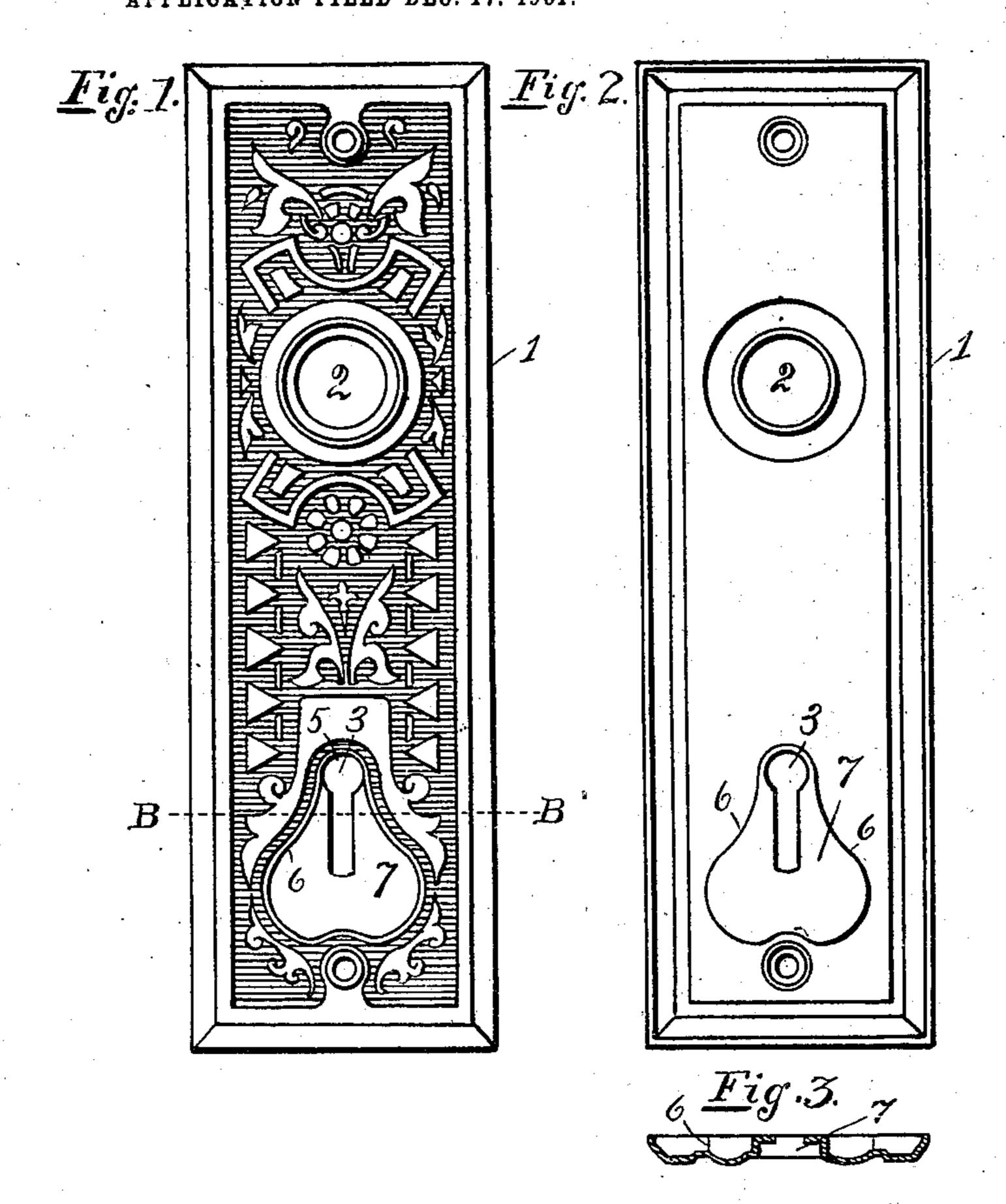
W. CHALMERS.
LOCK AND ESCUTCHEON.
APPLICATION FILED DEC. 17, 1901.

NO MODEL.



WITNESSES:

K. Lockwood Nevins. Cecelia Conning. INVENTOR.
Wellmero

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United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM CHALMERS, OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

LOCK AND ESCUTCHEON.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 723,828, dated March 31, 1903.

Application filed December 17, 1901. Serial No. 86,191. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM CHALMERS, a citizen of the United States, residing at San Francisco, in the county of San Francisco and State of California, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Locks and Escutcheons Therefor, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in locks and escutcheons, the object of my invention being to provide means for facilitating the insertion of keys in the keyholes thereof.

Delay and difficulty are often experienced in inserting a key into the escutcheon of a door or into the keyhole of a trunk-lock, padlock, or other lock. This delay arises from the difficulty of immediately securing the exact alinement of the pin of the key with the keyhole.

The object of my invention is to remove this difficulty. I obtain this object by the construction, combination, and arrangement of parts hereinafter fully specified, and particularly pointed out in the claim.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a front elevation of an escutcheon embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a rear view. Fig. 3 is a section on the line B B of Fig. 1.

Referring to Fig. 1 of the drawings, 1 represents an escutcheon, 2 being the hole for the door-handle and 3 the keyhole. In this form of escutcheon the keyhole is located below the handle, and in this position to in-35 sert the key in said keyhole necessitates either stooping down to aline the key with the keyhole by the sense of vision or the use of the left hand to guide the key into the keyhole by the sense of touch, or, as a third alterna-40 tive, it necessitates some delay in moving the key about on the escutcheon until said key coincides with the keyhole therein. In my improvement I form a guide which surrounds the keyhole with its curved apex or middle 45 portion 5, while the terminal portions 6 diverge downwardly to form guiding sides to guide the pin of the key into alinement with

the corresponding portion of the keyhole. It

will be observed that with this construction

50 if the person desiring to unlock the door |

places the pin of the key against the escutcheon at any point thereof below the keyhole and then moves the key upward the pin of the key will strike the sloping under side 6 of the guide and will be guided upward into 55 the curved apex 5 thereof, when it will aline with the corresponding portion of the keyhole. Thus the key can be inserted in the keyhole instantaneously and with substantially no attention on the part of the person unlocking 60 the door.

Owing to the thin material from which escutcheons are generally formed, the guide is very cheaply and substantially formed by depressing or sinking that portion of the plate 65 below the remaining portion, as shown at 7, and forming the keyhole 3 in said depressed portion. In this manner the walls 6 are continuous with the plate and also with the bottom, thereby forming a very strong structure, 70 while by having the bottom flush or even with the inner edges of the flanges of the plate the bottom will rest against the side of the door and be strengthened thereby, as it will bear any strain or pressure that may be placed 75 upon it. By stamping the guide in the plate when it is being otherwise fashioned the formation of the guide will add nothing to the cost.

I claim—
An escutcheon-plate having formed therein hole for the door-handle and a portion de-

a hole for the door-handle and a portion depressed or stamped therein and a keyhole in said depressed portion, the periphery of said depressed portion being a closed curve and 85 forming a guiding-shoulder leading upwardly, the lower portion of said shoulder being remote from the keyhole while the upper end of said shoulder is carried closely around the part of the keyhole which receives the pin, 90 to guide the pin of the key thereto, substantially as described.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

WILLIAM CHALMERS.

Witnesses:

FRANCIS M. WRIGHT, CECELIA POWNING.