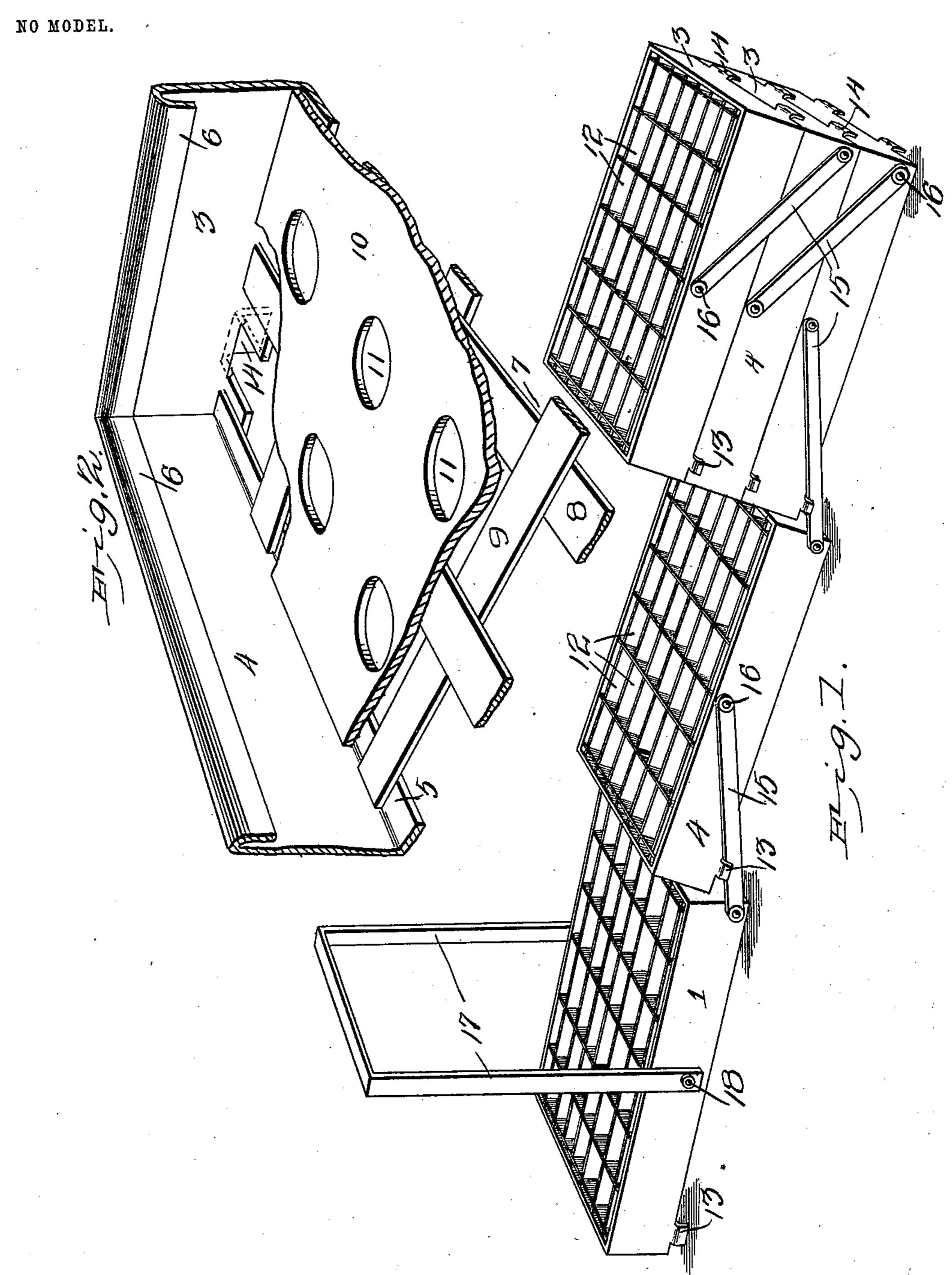
## J. A. TAYLOR. CRATE OR CASE.

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Hitnesses, Sewalt Dellarner James H. Taylor; Inventor.

by Cacho-to-to
Afforneys

## United States Patent Office.

JAMES A. TAYLOR, OF WACO, KENTUCKY, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO GRANT E. LILLY AND J. W. CROOKE, OF RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

## CRATE OR CASE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 722,771, dated March 17, 1903.

Application filed July 15, 1902. Serial No. 115,722. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES A. TAYLOR, a citizen of the United States, residing at Waco, in the county of Madison and State of Kentucky, have invented a new and useful Crate or Case, of which the following is a specification.

My invention is an improved crate or case adapted for use in packing, exhibiting, and transporting eggs, fruit, and other articles, and also adapted for use in candling or testing eggs; and it consists in the peculiar construction and combination of devices hereinafter fully set forth and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a crate or case embodying my improvements, showing the sections thereof partially extended one from another. Fig. 2 is a detail sectional perspective view showing a portion of one of the sections.

In the construction of my improved crate or case I provide a plurality of separable sections 1, which are adapted to be placed one upon another and to be extended one from 25 another in series, so that the contents of each may be exhibited. These sections may within the scope of the appended claims be of any suitable construction and made of any suitable material. In the embodiment of my in-30 vention here shown each of the sections comprises the end walls 3 and side walls 4, provided at their lower sides with inwardly-extending flanges 5. Where the sections are made of sheet metal, as shown in Fig. 2, the 35 upper edges of the side and end walls are bent inwardly and downwardly to form reinforcing and bearing flanges 6. The bottom of each section of the crate or case is formed by a grating 7, which is composed of longi-40 tudinal and transverse strips 89, respectively, which in practice are preferably made of sheet metal and are united together by solder; but the said grating may be of any suitable construction. The gratings or bottoms 7 of the as sections bear on and are supported by the flanges 5, and they may be either secured thereto or detachable therefrom, as may be desired. When the crate or case is to be used for packing, exhibiting, transporting, and candling 50 eggs, the strips 8 9 of the grating 7 are disposed at such distance apart that the openings |

formed between them will register, respectively, with the eggs placed in the sections. When used as an egg-crate, a bottom sheet 10, which may be made of cardboard or any 55 other suitable material, is placed in the bottom of each section 1 and is provided with openings 11 of appropriate size and suitably spaced apart to receive the eggs. The removable collapsible egg-cells 12 of the usual form 60 and which are usually made of paper or cardboard are also employed in connection with the sections of my crate and are placed therein to receive the eggs and keep them out of contact with one another. It will be under- 65 stood that the openings 11 in the bottom sheets 10 register with the openings in the grates or bottoms of the sections and with the egg-cells 12, so that the eggs may be readily tested or "candled" without the necessity of remov- 70 ing the eggs from the cells by passing a candle or other light under the sections separately, the bottom sheets 10 cutting off all rays of light excepting those that shine through the eggs in the cells, so that the condition of 75 the eggs may be readily and quickly ascertained.

The side walls 4 of each section are provided near one end thereof with outstanding and downwardly-projecting stops 13. Each 80 section is provided with similar stops 14, which project outwardly and downwardly from its end wall 3. When the sections of the crate or case are superposed, the stops thereof prevent lateral displacement of the 85 sections and endwise movement thereof in one direction, the stops of each section overlapping the sides and one end wall of each lower section, as clearly shown in Fig. 1.

The sections 1 are connected together in 90 pairs throughout the series by links or straps 15, which are here shown as disposed on the outer sides of the sections and as having their ends pivotally connected thereto at appropriate points, as at 16. These links form hinge connections between the sections, which enable them to be disposed one upon another, so that each section covers the one beneath it, and also enable the sections to be extended longitudinally one from another, so that all of the 100 sections may be entirely uncovered and their contents exhibited. When the sections are

thus extended, the stops 13 of each section but the lowermost coact with the links 15 by bearing on the latter to support the said section in an inclined position with its inner end 5 somewhat raised, as shown in Fig. 1, thus exhibiting the contents of the sections to the best advantage. This inclined disposition of the sections when thus extended also enables them to be readily grasped at their under side to for the purpose of folding them or disposing

them one upon another.

A bail 17 has the lower ends of its side arms pivotally connected at central points to the sides of the lowermost section, as at 18. 15 Hence the bail may be turned downwardly from over the lower section when the respective sections of the crate are extended, and when the sections are superposed the bail may be turned upwardly to form a handle 20 whereby the crate may be readily carried.

Having thus described my invention, I

claim—

1. A crate or case comprising a plurality of sections adapted for superposition, links con-25 necting said sections in series to provide for their relative movement to extended positions, and stops carried by said sections for engagement with the links at intermediate points to support the sections when extended.

2. A crate or case comprising a plurality of sections adapted to be disposed one upon an-

other, and links connecting said sections together so that they may be extended from one another in one direction, said sections having mutually-engaging stops to limit the 35 movement thereof in the opposite direction, substantially as described.

3. A crate or case comprising a plurality of sections adapted to be disposed upon and to be extended from one another in one direc- 40 tion, and having stops to limit their movement in the reverse direction, and links pivotally attached to and connecting the sections together in pairs, substantially as described.

4. In a crate or case, the combination of a 45 lower section, an upper section adapted to be disposed on and to be moved longitudinally therefrom, links connecting the sections together and stops to prevent lateral movement of the sections when superposed, said stops 50 coacting with the links to support the upper section in an inclined position when extended from the lower section, substantially as described.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as 55 my own I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

JAMES A. TAYLOR.

Witnesses:

W. S. HUNLEY, JESSE COBB.