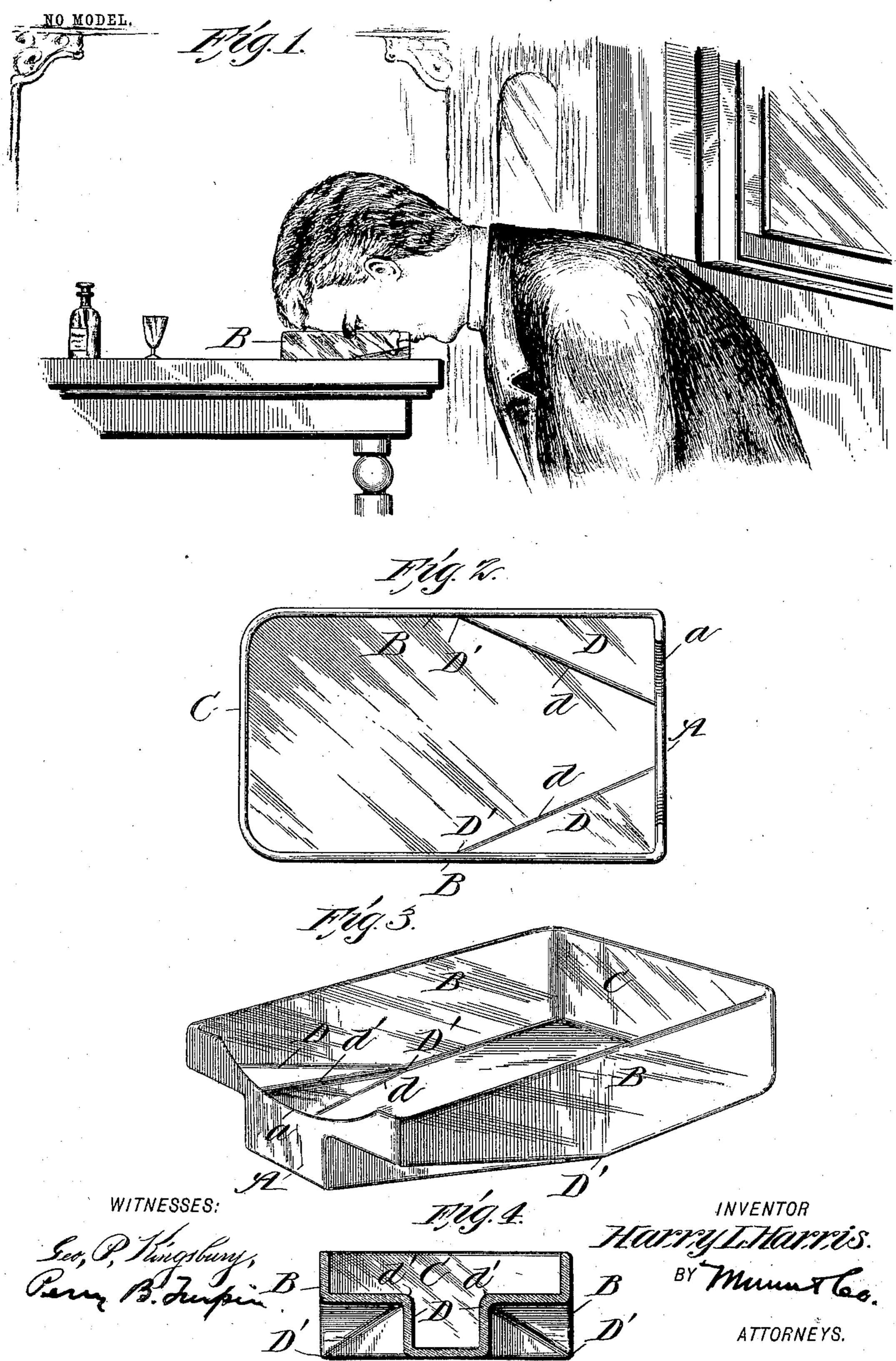
H. L. HARRIS. NASAL DISH.

APPLICATION FILED DEO. 5, 1902.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HARRY L. HARRIS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

NASAL DISH.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 722,102, dated March 3, 1903.

Application filed December 5, 1902. Serial No. 133, 998. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARRY L. HARRIS, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of New York, in the county of New York and 5 State of New York, have made certain new and useful Improvements in Nasal Dishes, of which the following is a specification.

My invention is an improvement in devices for use in cleansing the nasal passages, and to has for an object to provide a dish especially designed to be used in applying the wash through the nose in such position that it will not pass down the throat; and the invention consists in certain novel constructions and 15 combinations of parts, as will be hereinafter described and claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of the dish as in use. Fig. 2 is a top plan view thereof. Fig. 3 is a perspective 20 view of the dish, and Fig. 4 is a cross-sectional view on about line 4 4 of Fig. 2.

The dish may be made of glass, chinaware, sheet metal, gutta-percha, or other suitable material, as may be desired. It is in the 25 form of a shallow pan or dish having at one end the cut-out portion a, which is curved properly to fit the lip immediately below the nose, the sides B and the end C, opposite the cut-out end A, being unbroken and the dish 30 being sufficiently large in plan to permit the nose to be placed down in the said dish close.

to the end plate A in the use of the device, as shown in Fig. 1.

Within the bottom of the box adjacent to 35 the end A are formed at the opposite sides the projections D, which slope inwardly on their inner edges at d and upwardly on their upper edges at d' toward the end A of the dish, said projections converging toward the 40 end A of the dish, as shown, and leaving sufficient space between them to receive the nose in the use of the device, and they con-

tract the end of the dish adjacent to the end plate A, so that if but a small portion of the solution should be placed in the vessel it can 45 be drawn into the nose. It will be noticed, especially from Fig. 1, that the dish is sufficiently large to permit the face to be applied thereto in a plane parallel with that of the dish, so that in the use of the device the dish 50 can be placed flat upon a table or other support and the user can lean over to bring his face in approximately a horizontal position, so that the entrance to the throat will not be below the nasal passages. In this way I 55 avoid the passage of the solution into the throat and thence to the stomach and avoid the injurious results incident to drawing the treating solution into the stomach and at the same time permit the patient to wash out 60 the nasal passages easily and thoroughly.

In the specific construction shown the projections D, sloping laterally inward and vertically upward toward the end A of the dish, are secured by narrowing the bottom of the 65 dish gradually from a point D' toward such end A, as best shown in Fig. 3 of the drawings.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 70 Patent, is—

The improved nasal dish herein described having one end cut out in its upper edge to conform to the lip below the nose and having the bottom of the dish provided with the 75 opposite upwardly-projecting portions which slope laterally inward and vertically upward toward the said cut-out end of the dish and converge at their inner edges toward the said end substantially as set forth.

HARRY L. HARRIS.

Witnesses: SOLON C. KEMON,

PERRY B. TURPIN.