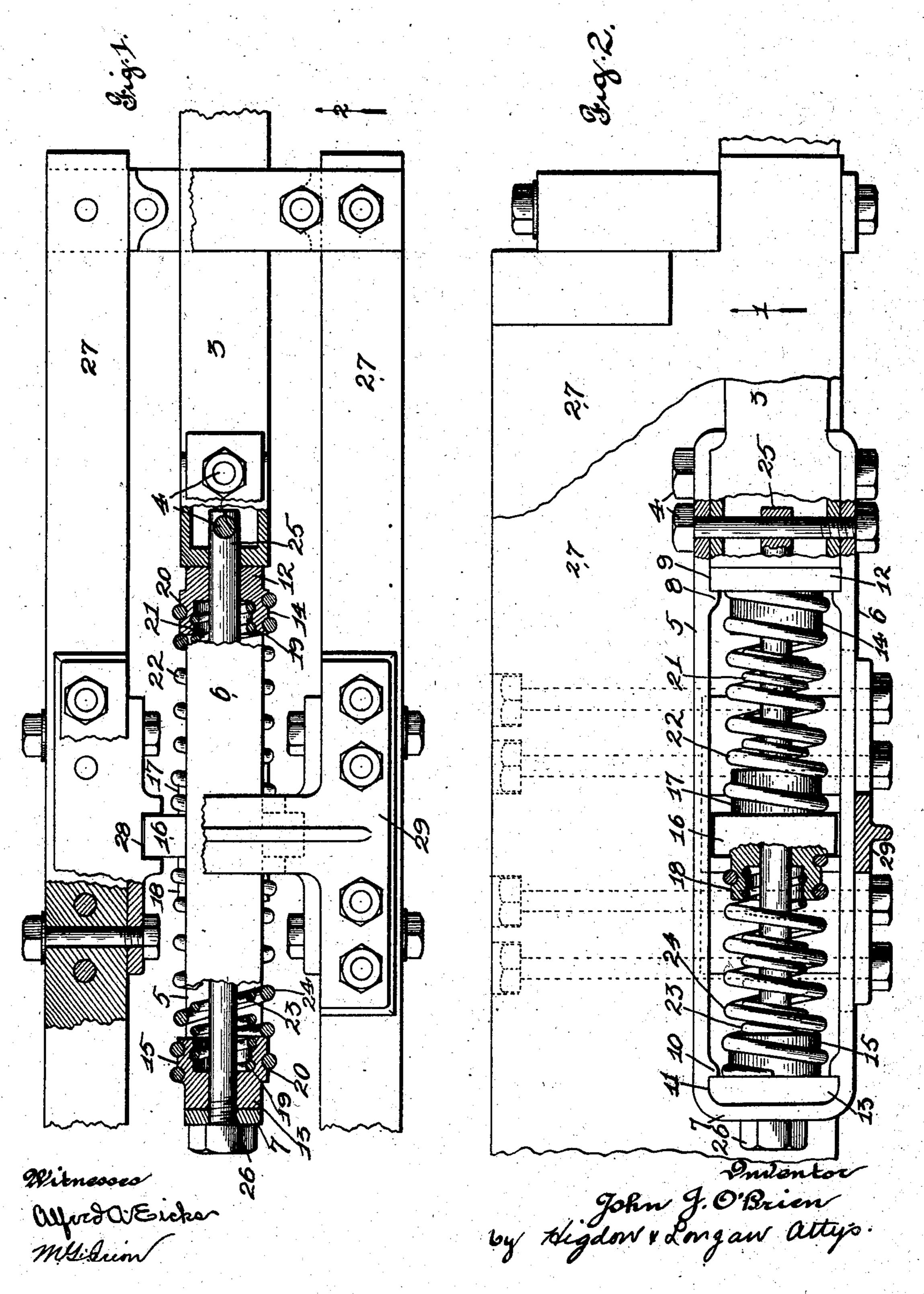
J. J. O'BRIEN. DRAW BAR EQUIPMENT. APPLICATION FILED MAY 22, 1902.

NO MODEL.



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United States Patent Office.

JOHN J. O'BRIEN, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

DRAW-BAR EQUIPMENT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 721,523, dated February 24, 1903.

Application filed May 22, 1902, Serial No. 108,466. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John J. O'Brien, of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Draw-Bar Equipments, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying

drawings, forming a part hereof.

My object is to construct an improved co draw-bar equipment for automatic car-couplers; and my invention consists of the combination, with the draw-bar of a car-coupler, of a pocket-sleeve rigidly fixed to and extending backwardly from the rear end of the 15 draw-bar; a front pocket at the forward end of said sleeve; a rear pocket at the rear end of said sleeve; a front worm-lug base in the front pocket; a rear worm-lug base in the rear pocket; a front-pocket worm-lug extend-20 ing backwardly from the front worm-lug base; a rear-pocket worm-lug extending forwardly from the rear worm - lug base; a follower mounted to slide longitudinally at the center of said sleeve; a front-follower worm-lug ex-25 tending forwardly from said follower; a rearfollower worm - lug extending backwardly from said follower, all of said worm-lugs having interior and exterior worms to form screw-thread connections with the ends of 30 coil - springs; a front interior coil - spring screwed into the interior worm of the frontpocket worm-lug and screwed into the interior worm of the front-follower worm-lug; a front exterior coil-spring screwed into the ex-35 terior worm of the front-pocket worm-lug and screwed into the exterior worm of the front-follower worm-lug; a rear interior coilspring screwed into the interior worm of the rear-pocket worm-lug and screwed into the 40 interior worm of the rear-follower worm-lug; a rear exterior coil-spring screwed into the exterior worm of the rear-pocket worm-lug and screwed into the exterior worm of the rear-follower worm-lug; a draw-bar rod ex-45 tending backwardly from the draw-bar, through the front worm-lug base and wormlug, through the front springs, through the follower and follower worm-lugs, through the rear springs, through the rear worm-lug and 50 worm-lug base, and through the rear end of the pocket-sleeve to hold the follower and

worm-lug bases in place in the sleeve and l

pockets, said follower and worm-lug bases being removable from the sleeve when the rod is removed; timbers mounted one on each 55 side of the draw-bar and extending backwardly beside the pocket-sleeve; followerpockets fixed to said timbers, the ends of said follower being removably mounted in said follower-pockets, and a tie-plate connecting 60 the lower sides of said timbers and forming a support for the pocket-sleeve, said front and rear springs being of equal tension, said tension being exerted to hold the draw-bar in a central position and said springs being con- 65 nected to pull as well as push, so that when the forward springs are compressed the rear springs are expanded, and vice versa.

Figure 1 is a bottom plan view of my improved draw-bar equipment for automatic 70 car-couplers as seen looking in the direction indicated by the arrow 1 in Fig. 2, the head of the draw-bar being broken away to economize space and the other parts being broken away and shown in section to illustrate the 75 construction. Fig. 2 is a side elevation as seen looking in the direction indicated by the arrow 2 in Fig. 1, the near timber being broken away to show the equipment and parts being shown in section to illustrate the con-80

struction.

Referring to the drawings in detail, the draw-bar 3 may be of the usual construction, and the pocket-sleeve is secured to the rear end of the draw-bar by means of the bolts 4, 85 said pocket-sleeve comprising an upper bar 5, the lower bar 6, and the rear cross-piece 7, all formed integral. The lugs 8 extend inwardly at the forward ends of the bars 5 and 6 and form the front pocket 9, between said 9c lugs 8 and the rear face of the draw-bar. The lugs 10 extend inwardly from the rear ends of the bars 5 and 6 and form the pocket 11, between the lugs 10 and the cross-piece 7. The front worm-lug base 12 is a rectangular 95 or square plate adapted to fit in the pocket 9, and the rear worm-lug base 13 is a similar plate adapted to fit in the pocket 11. The front-pocket worm-lug 14 is a circular hollow body extending backwardly from the base 12, 100 and the rear-pocket worm-lug 15 is a similar circular hollow body extending forwardly from the base 13. The follower 16 is a square or rectangular plate mounted to slide longi-

tudinally at the center of the sleeve and has the front-follower worm-lug 17 extending forwardly and the rear-follower worm-lug 18 extending backwardly, said worm-lugs 17 and 5 18 being hollow cylindrical bodies similar to the lugs 14 and 15, and all of said lugs 14, 15, 17, and 18 have interior worms 19 and exterior worms 20 to form screw-thread connections with the ends of coil-springs. The 10 front interior coil-spring 21 is screwed into the interior worm of the front-pocket wormlug 14 and is screwed into the interior worm of the front-follower worm-lug 17. The front exterior coil-spring 22 is screwed into the ex-15 terior worms of the lugs 14 and 17. The rear interior coil-spring 23 is screwed into the interior worms of the lugs 15 and 18, and the rear exterior coil-spring 24 is screwed into the exterior worms of the lugs 15 and 18. The draw-20 bar rod 25 has an opening at its forward end, through which one of the bolts 4 passes, and said rod extends backwardly through the worm-lug base 12, the worm-lug 14, the front springs 21 and 22, the follower worm-lug 17, 25 the follower 16, the follower worm-lug 18, the springs 23 and 24, the worm-lug 15 and the worm-lug base 13, and through the crosspiece 7, and a nut 26 is screw-seated upon the rear end of said rod, said rod holding the 30 follower-bases, worm-lugs, and springs removably in position. The springs should be made the proper length so that the wormlug bases 12 and 13 will slide readily into their pockets and may as readily be removed 35 when the rod 25 is removed. The timbers 27 are mounted beside the draw-bar and extend backwardly, one on each side of the equipment, and castings are secured to the inner faces of the timbers 27, said castings having 40 the pockets 28 to receive the ends of the follower 16, and the tie-plate 29 is secured to the lower sides of the timbers 27 and connects said timbers, said tie-plate forming a rigid connection between said timbers, as required 45 to hold said timbers from spreading or buckling, and said tie-plate forming a bearing to support the pocket-sleeve.

The worms into which the springs are screwed are screw-threads or spiral grooves 50 adapted to closely fit the springs, so that the springs will not pull out of connection with the worms. The front springs are substantially of equal tension with the rear springs and will hold the draw-bar in its normal cen-55 tral position, so that if the draw-bar is pulled forwardly the rear springs will be compressed and the forward springs will be expanded, and when the draw-bar is pushed backwardly the forward springs will be compressed and 50 the rear springs expanded, so that the springs will alternately be compressed and expanded and will by this alternate compression and expansion be kept in their normal lengths, thus eliminating the possibility of slack or 65 lost motion between the draw-bar and the timbers. The tension of the springs is also

exerted to hold the draw-bar in its central l

position between the ends of the timbers 27, and when the draw-bar is forcibly moved laterally the springs yield, and their tension is 70 exerted to return the draw-bar to its normal position.

The essentials are a sleeve or other suitable framework extending backwardly from the draw-bar, a follower slidingly mounted 75 in the sleeve or framework, means of holding the follower from longitudinal motion, and springs mounted upon each side of the follower and connected to the sleeve or framework, so that when the front springs are com- 80 pressed the rear springs are expanded, and vice versa.

In other words, my invention consists, broadly, of the combination, with the drawbar, of the springs connecting the draw-bar 85 to the frame and so connected that they are alternately compressed and expanded, thereby keeping the springs in their normal length and eliminating the possibility of slack or lost motion between the draw-bar and the 90 frame.

I claim—

1. The combination with a draw-bar and a sleeve connected thereto; of springs in said sleeve and connecting the draw-bar to the 95 bed of the car so that the springs are alternately compressed and expanded, substantially as specified.

2. The combination with the draw-bar and the bed of the car; of a sleeve, a draw-bar 100 rod, a follower rigidly mounted relative to the bed of the car; and springs connecting the follower to the draw-bar so that when one half of the springs are compressed, the other half of the springs are expanded, substan- 105 tially as specified.

3. In a draw-bar equipment, the draw-bar connected to the draft-frame by means of springs which are secured at both ends, whereby when a buffing strain is thrown upon said 110 springs the same will be strained in a given direction, and when a pull is exerted upon said springs the same will be strained in an opposite direction, substantially as specified.

4. In a draw-bar equipment, a sleeve ex- 115 tending backwardly from the draw-bar; a follower slidingly mounted at the center of the sleeve and rigidly connected to the frame; springs connecting the follower to the rear end of the draw-bar; and springs connecting 120 the follower to the rear end of the sleeve, said springs being connected to pull as well as push, so that when the forward springs are compressed, the rear springs are expanded and vice versa, substantially as specified. 125

5. In a draw-bar equipment, a sleeve extending backwardly from the draw-bar; a follower slidingly mounted at the center of the sleeve and rigidly connected to the frame; springs connecting the follower to the rear 130 end of the draw-bar; and springs connecting the follower to the rear end of the sleeve, said springs being connected to pull as well as push, so that when the forward springs are com-

pressed, the rear springs are expanded and vice versa; timbers mounted upon each side of said sleeve; and a tie-plate connecting the lower faces of said timbers and forming a rigid support between said timbers, and forming a bearing to support said sleeve, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN J. O'BRIEN.

Witnesses:
ALFRED A. EICKS,
M. G. IRION.