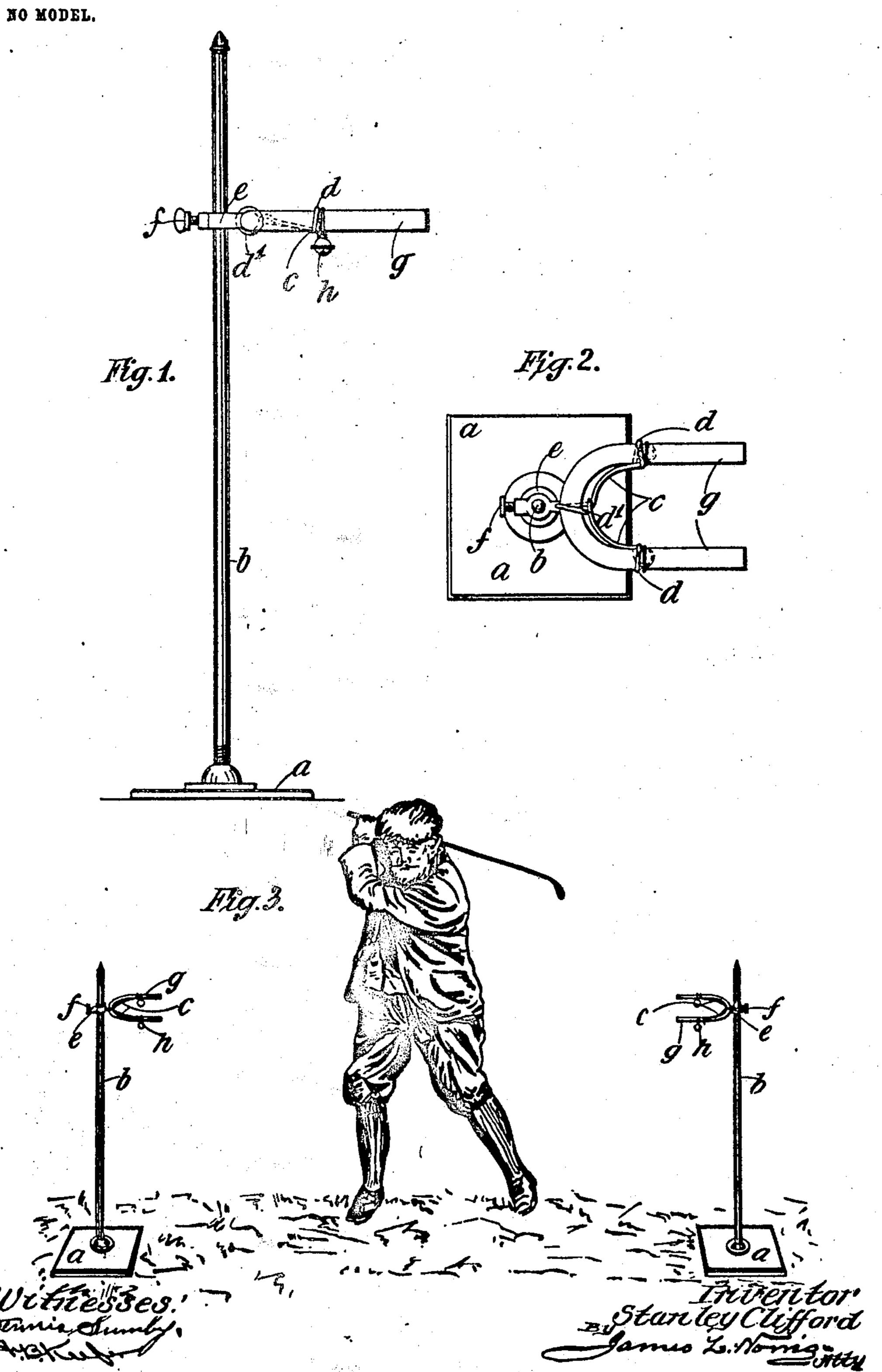
## S. CLIFFORD.

DEVICE FOR TEACHING THE GOLF SWING. APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 29, 1902.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

STANLEY CLIFFORD, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

## DEVICE FOR TEACHING THE GOLF-SWING.

JPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 720,406, dated February 10, 1903.

Application filed September 29, 1902. Serial No. 125,287. (No model.)

all whom it may concern: Be it known that I, STANLEY CLIFFORD, a bject of the King of Great Britain and Ireid, residing at London, England, have innted a new and useful Device for Teaching Golf-Swing, of which the following is a eiscation.

This invention relates to a device or applice for teaching what is technically termed the art of golfing as the "golf-swing." The said device or appliance is designed

use in houses; but it may be used wherer a club can be swung, as it occupies but le space. It is, so to speak, a "home iner."

According to my invention the said device appliance (of which two are always used I arranged one on each side of the player) isists of a stand comprising a base-plate and illar or post fixed thereto. On said pillar nounted an adjustable holder or clip adaptto carry a horizontally-arranged curved table resilient material,) the free ends of ich project beyond the said holder or clip I form arms, which it is the endeavor of player to strike in the upward and downrd swing of his golf-club. These arms may, desired, be provided with a bell or other netic device, whereby an audible signal l be given each time they are touched by player's club, or, if preferred, the phoic device may be on the holder.

n order that my invention may be readily lerstood, I will describe the same fully with erence to the accompanying drawings, ich show a convenient arrangement of the

ice, and wherein-

'igure 1 is a side elevation of one of the ices, and Fig. 2 a plan thereof. Fig. 3 is lew illustrating the arrangement of the dees and the position the player occupies ttively thereto.

is the base-plate, and b is the pillar or post, ch is screwed therein or fixed thereto in

other convenient manner.

is the holder or clip, which is of any suite shape. It is advantageously made of e and is formed with three eyes or loops, vhich two, d d, are at its outer ends, while third, d', is at its base or root. Through

length of rubber g, the free ends of which project beyond the holder and form arms, either of which is to be touched in the swing. 55

The holder c is connected to the pillar b by soldering or otherwise securing the eye or loop d' to a collar or ring e, adapted to be passed over said pillar. By raising or lowering this collar the holder travels with it and can there- 60 fore be adjusted to suit all heights and lengths of swing.

f is a set-screw for retaining the holder at the height to which it may be set on the pillar.

h represents bells, which are secured in any 65 appropriate manner to the rubber arms or to the eyes dd; but their use, although recom-

mended, is optional.

To use the device, two of these, as depicted in Fig. 3 of the drawings, are placed at a suit- 70 able distance apart, and the player takes up a position midway between them. He must then in the upward swing of his club try to touch either of the rubber arms on his right gth of rubber or a coiled spring, (or other | side, then to touch the same again on coming 75 down, and in the "finish off" he must touch either of the rubber arms on his left side. If these have been correctly placed, it is not possible for him to touch them unless he has swung back properly and has "followed well 80 through."

In starting the player should aim at a paper pellet (answering to the ball) or at a mark on the ground, (neither of which is shown in the drawings,) on which he must keep his eye 85 fixed. The pellet or the mark must be in advance of an imaginary line between the two

Care should be taken that the devices be placed so far apart that when a player is ef- 90 fecting the swing it will be possible for him only to touch the rubber arms. Good players can place the devices for themselves; but moderate players or beginners should let a professional or good golfer point out to them 95 the position for these and the heights for the arms. By measuring these they can then in future adjust them for themselves.

Having now described my invention, I claim and desire to secure by Letters Pat- 100

ent-

devices.

1. A device for teaching the "golf-swing," consisting of a stand carrying an adjustable 30 eyes or loops d d d' there is threaded a I holder provided with projecting arms of resilient material adapted to be struck by the golf-club in its upward and downward swing

by the player.

2. A device for teaching the "golf-swing," consisting of a stand comprising a base-plate and a pillar secured thereto, said pillar carrying an adjustable holder and a length of rubber, terminating in horizontally-projecting arms, carried by said holder.

consisting of a stand comprising a base-plate and a pillar secured thereto, and which pillar carries an adjustable holder formed with eyes through which passes a length of rubber

4. A device for teaching the "golf-swing" consisting of a support, and a plurality of flexible arms carried by said support, adapted to be struck by the golf-club in its upward and downward swing by the player.

5. A device for teaching the "golf-swing" consisting of a support, and a plurality of flexible arms adjustably carried by said support, adapted to be struck by the golf-club in its upward and downward swing by the 25 player.

6. A device for teaching the "golf-swing" consisting of a support, a plurality of flexible arms carried by said support, adapted to be struck by the golf-club in its upward and 30 downward swing, and a phonetic device on each of said arms, for the purpose specified.

In witness whereof I have hereunto signed my name in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

STANLEY CLIFFORD.

Witnesses:
GEORGE E. MINTERN,
WALTER J. SKERTEN.