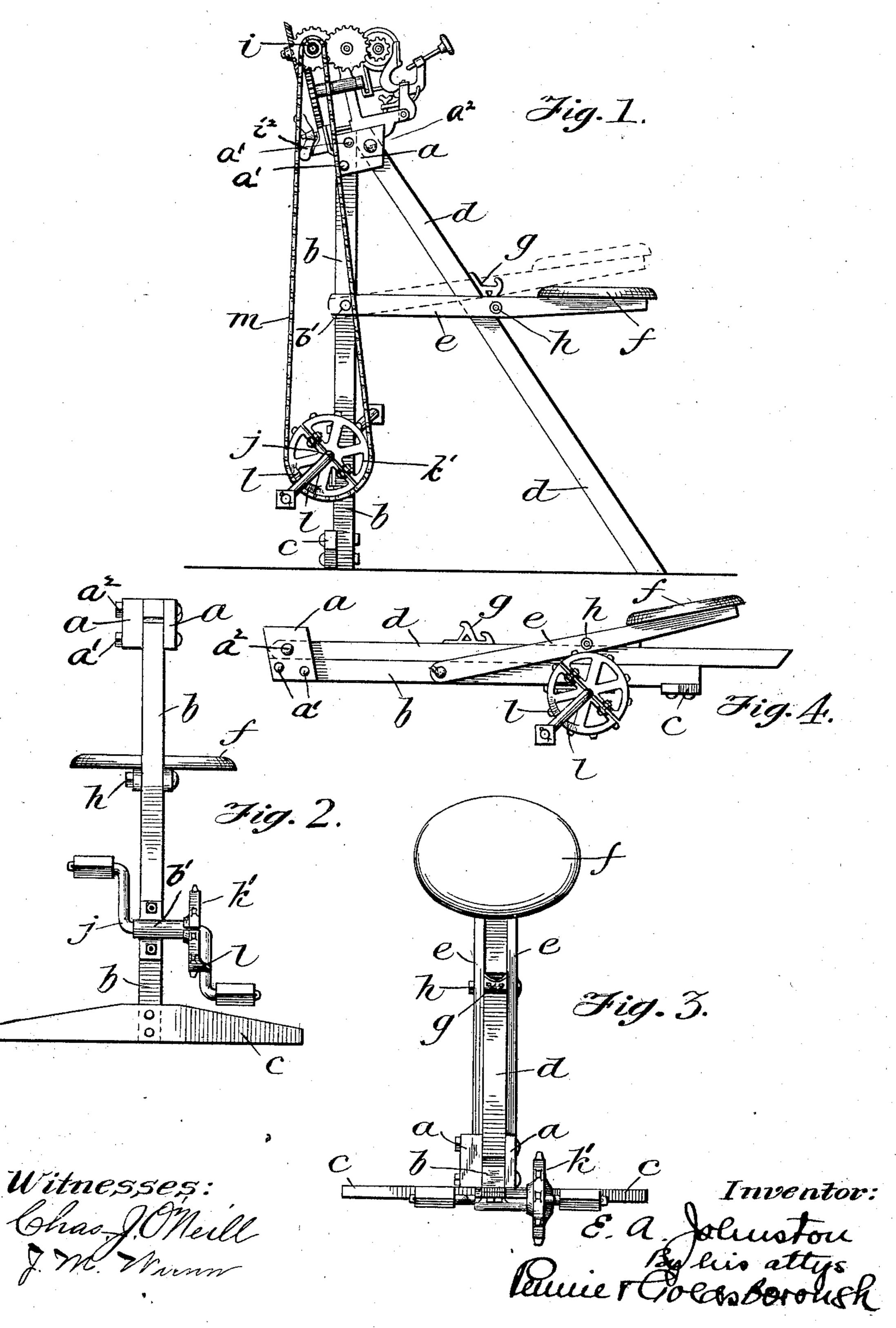
E. A. JOHNSTON.

FOLDING FRAME FOR GRINDERS.

APPLICATION FILED OCT, 20, 1902.

NO MODEL.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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FOLDING FRAME FOR GRINDERS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 719,008, dated January 27, 1903. Application filed October 20, 1902. Serial No. 127,994. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD A. JOHNSTON, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, county of Cook, State of Illinois, have 5 invented certain new and useful Improvements in Folding Frames for Grinders; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to 10 which it appertains to make and use the same.

The invention relates to the construction of stands or frames for temporarily supporting grinding-machines, especially the small sicklegrinders that are nowso commonly employed 15 for grinding the knives or sections of cutterbars for mowing and reaping machines.

The object of the invention is to provide an improved construction of such frame, having particularly in view to make it foldable into 20 a narrow compass for transportation and storage, and at the same time to have the construction such that it can be extended to form an adequate and rigid support for the grinder, as well as to afford a seat for the operator.

The construction has been designed especially for the sickle-grinder of my Patent No. 665,328, of January 1, 1901, but it is well adapted to receive and support most any form of grinder that is provided with clamps to 30 fasten it to a table, block, or other flat base.

As will be seen on reference to the patent above referred to, the grinder therein illustrated and described is only adapted to be operated by hand and is intended to be clamped 35 to the drive-wheel of the machine; but the present improvement adapts that grinder to be operated by foot-power, thus leaving the hands free to manipulate the tools being ground, and also provides a convenient sup-40 port permitting the implement to be set up when it is desired for use away from the machine and where some sort of special support is required.

The invention is illustrated in the accom-45 panying drawings, wherein—

Figure 1 is a side view of a stand constructed in accordance with my invention. Fig. 2 is an elevation of the front end of the same. Fig. 3 is a plan view, and Fig. 4 is a 50 view of the stand closed.

Referring to the views, α α denote a sectional block, the two parts of which are bolted together by bolts a' a' a2. b denotes a vertical standard, which is rigidly secured at its upper end to the block by means of the bolts 55 a' a' above referred to. At the lower end of this standard there is a foot-piece c, bolted crosswise, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3, and which affords a firm lateral support.

Pivotally secured to the block a by means 60 of the bolt a^2 is a diagonal standard or prop d, the pivotal connection between this standard and the block being such that the two standards may be folded together side by side, as indicated in Fig. 4.

To the vertical standard b at the point b'there is pivotally secured a seat-support e, consisting of two bars, as shown in Fig. 3, which extend rearwardly, one on each side of the diagonal standard d, and carry at their outer 70 ends a seat f for the operator. The standard d is provided at a point a little higher than the pivotal point b' with a hook-shaped bracket g, and the seat-support e is provided with a pin h (preferably removable) which, 75 when the standards are spraddled apart as shown in Fig. 1, hooks into the bracket g and holds the seat-support and seat in the position indicated in dotted lines in Fig. 1. The engagement of the bolt h with the bracket g 80 also serves to lock the standards in their open position, so as to prevent the accidental collapse of the frame.

As above stated, the grinder herein illustrated is that shown and described in my 85 patent of January 1, 1901. It is secured to the flat upper surface of the block a by means of the clamp-screw i² in precisely the same manner that it would be secured to the wheel of a mower or to a table or other support. As 90 herein illustrated, the grinder is provided with a small sprocket-wheel i, which is attached to the spur-gear k, (shown in Fig. 2 of the patent,) and around this sprocket-wheel an endless driving-chain m is thrown.

In a bearing b', secured to the front side of the vertical standard b near its lower end, there is journaled a crank-shaft j, which is provided with cranks carrying pedals, as shown in all the views. The chain m is con- 100

nected to and driven from this crank-shaft by means of a detachable sprocket-wheel k', which is made in sections, as best shown in Fig. 1, and is clamped around the shaft j, just 5 inside one of its cranks, by means of bolts passing through ears that are secured to each section at their meeting edges, as clearly illustrated in Figs. 1 and 4. One section of the sprocket-wheel is provided with lugs l l, 10 projecting laterally from a point near the rim of the wheel and spaced apart sufficiently to receive between them the crank of the shaft j. The wheel is thus readily attachable and detachable from the shaft, and the bearing 15 b' for the shaft is of such a length as to bring the wheel in the same vertical plane as the sprocket-pinion e' on the grinder.

The construction being as thus described, it is to be noted that by providing for the 20 driving of the grinder by foot-power the operator is left with his hands free to manipulate the tools. It is also characteristic of the invention that the grinder and its drivingsprocket k' are readily detachable from the 25 frame, so as to permit the latter to be folded and separately packed and shipped. It is also to be noted that when folded into the position shown in Fig. 4 the seat-support e may, if desired, be made to fold down more nearly par-30 allel with the standards b and d by simply removing the bolt h and allowing the seat f to rest on the lower end of the diagonal standard d.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure, is—

1. A folding frame for supporting a grinder, the same consisting of a block to which the grinder may be attached, a vertical standard

secured by its upper end to the block, an auxiliary standard pivoted at its upper end to 40 the block, and a seat-support pivoted to one of said standards and having a releasable engagement with the other, whereby the standards may be held apart, or folded lengthwise together with the seat-support.

2. A folding frame for supporting a grinder, the same consisting of a block to which the grinder may be attached, a vertical standard rigidly secured by its upper end to the block, a diagonal standard pivoted at its upper end 50 to the block, a seat-support pivoted to the vertical standard, and a bracket on the diagonal standard with which the seat-support may be engaged to lock the standards spraddled apart and from which said support may 55 be released to permit it and the standard to be folded lengthwise together.

3. A folding frame for supporting a grinder, the same consisting of a block to which the grinder may be attached, a vertical standard 60 secured by its upper end to the block, an auxiliary standard pivoted at its upper end to the block, a seat-support pivoted to one of said standards and having a releasable engagement with the other, a pedal-crank shaft 65 journaled on the vertical standard, and a detachable sectional sprocket-wheel clamped around the shaft and locked thereto by lugs engaging one of the cranks.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature 70 in presence of two witnesses.

EDWARD A. JOHNSTON.

Witnesses:

CHAS. N. CHAMBERS, W. M. TWOMBLY.