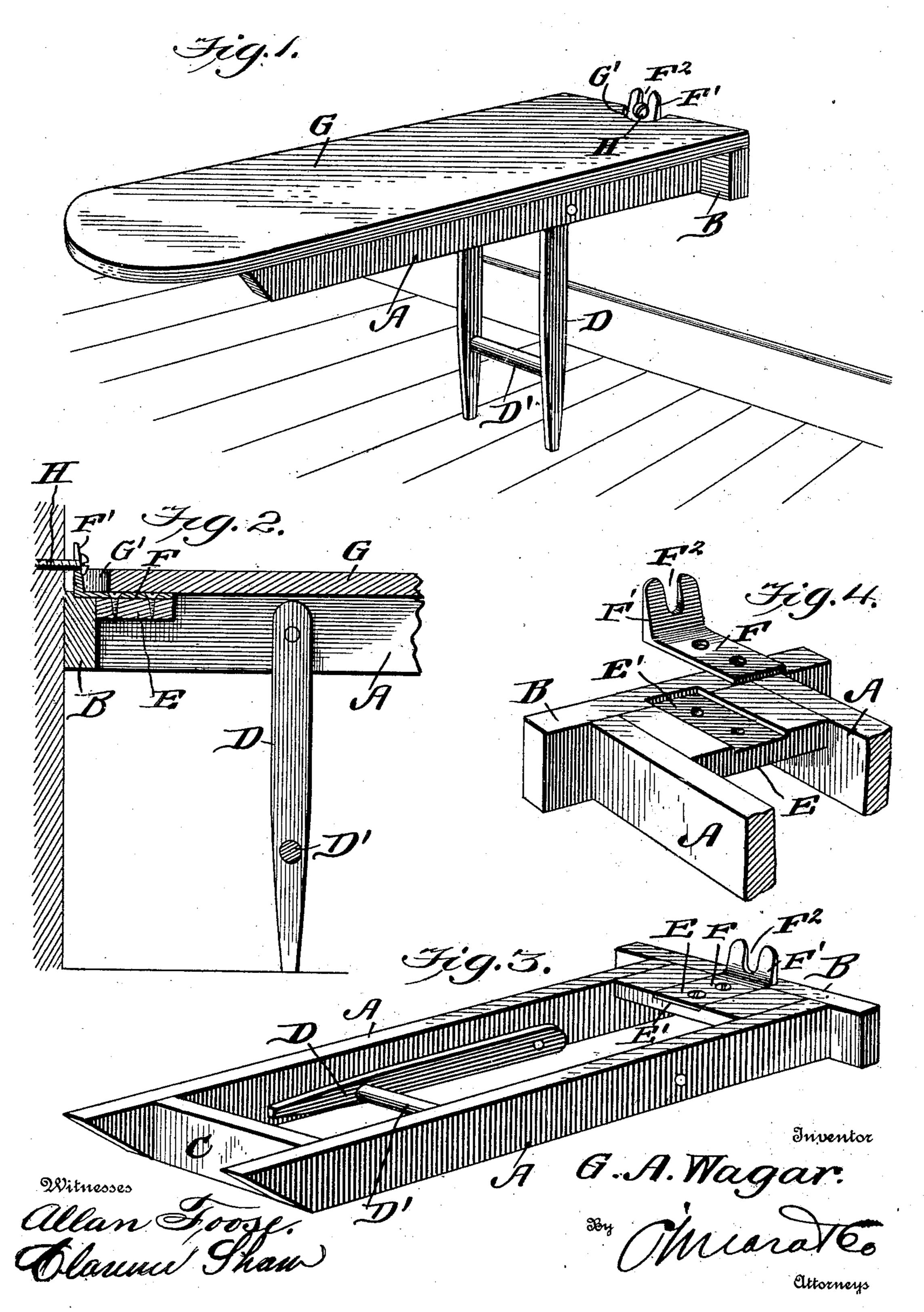
G. A. WAGAR. IRONING BOARD.

(Application filed Dec. 21, 1901.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE AMOS WAGAR, OF ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

IRONING-BOARD.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 713,724, dated November 18, 1902.

Application filed December 21, 1901. Serial No. 86,818. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE AMOS WAGAR, a citizen of the United States, residing at Rochester, in the county of Monroe and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Ironing-Boards, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates generally to ironing-boards, and more particularly to an improved attachment therefor by means of which the head of the board is securely fastened to the wall, partition, or other rigid object.

The object of the invention is to provide an exceedingly cheap and simple attaching means capable of use in connection with any of the forms of ironing-boards, requiring only an ordinary screw or nail to be used in connection with the attachment for securing the board to the wall, partition, or other rigid body.

With this object in view the invention consists in the novel features of construction and combination herewith fully described, and pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings forming a part of this specification, Figure 1 is a perspective view showing the practical application of my invention. Fig. 2 is a sectional view showing the manner of connecting the board to the wall or partition. Fig. 3 is a detail perspective view of the board-supporting frame, and Fig. 4 is a detail perspective view showing the manner of arranging and securing the locking-plate.

In carrying out my invention I preferably provide a board-supporting frame comprising the side beams A, forward connecting-piece B, and rear connecting-piece C, said side beams having supporting-legs D pivotally connected thereto, which legs are connected to by means of a round or bar D'. When not in use, these legs are adapted to be folded up inside of the frame. The side beams A are also connected by means of a block or strip. E, the upper face of which is flush with the upper edge of the cross-piece B, and the recess E' is cut in the said upper face of the block and the upper edge of the cross-piece, as most clearly shown in Fig. 4, and in which

is secured a plate F, the forward end of which

is angled or bent upward, as shown at F', and 50 slotted vertically, as at F², said upturned end being wedge-shaped, as shown, the base or lower end being broader. The ironing-board proper, G, is attached to the frame in any suitable manner, and at its forward or 55 head end is cut away, as shown at G', in order to expose the beveled and bifurcated end of the locking-plate.

H indicates an ordinary screw or nail driven or screwed into the wall, partition, or other 60 rigid object and which the beveled and bifurcated end of the locking-plate is adapted to engage, as clearly illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2, the said plate being moved up under the head of the screw or nail before the supporting- 65 legs are dropped. After the said legs have been dropped to the perpendicular position a slight pressure is exerted upon the outer end of the frame, thereby forcing the inner end upwardly and fitting the wedge-shaped end 70 of the locking-plate tightly against the screw or nail. An ironing-board thus connected and supported will be found sufficiently steady for all practical purposes. When it is desired to disengage the locking-plate from the hook or 75 screw, a slight knock upon the forward end of the board will serve to partially disengage the said plate, and the legs can then be folded up and the board entirely disengaged from the said nail or screw.

It is obvious that any construction of ironing-board may be employed in connection with my frame and that any suitable supporting means can also be employed in connection with the said frame.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, is—

1. In an ironing-board, the combination of a frame, an ironing-board proper adapted to 90 rest thereon, an angular plate attached to one end of said frame, one member of which is wedge-shaped and extends upwardly, said member being also bifurcated or vertically slotted, legs pivotally connected to said frame 95 for supporting the same, and means secured to a wall or other substantial object, for engaging said bifurcation or slot, and coöper-

ating with said pivoted legs to support the

board, substantially as described.

2. An ironing-board comprising a frame, having a suitable support connected thereto, an angular locking-plate connected to the said frame at the forward or head end of the same, the upwardly-projecting member of said plate being wedge-shaped and bifur-

cated, and the board proper attached to the supporting-frame and cut away at its forward 10 end to expose the upwardly-projecting bifurcated portion of the locking-plate as set forth.

GEORGE AMOS WAGAR.

Witnesses:

WILSON SCHOONOVER, RAY S. AVERILL.