

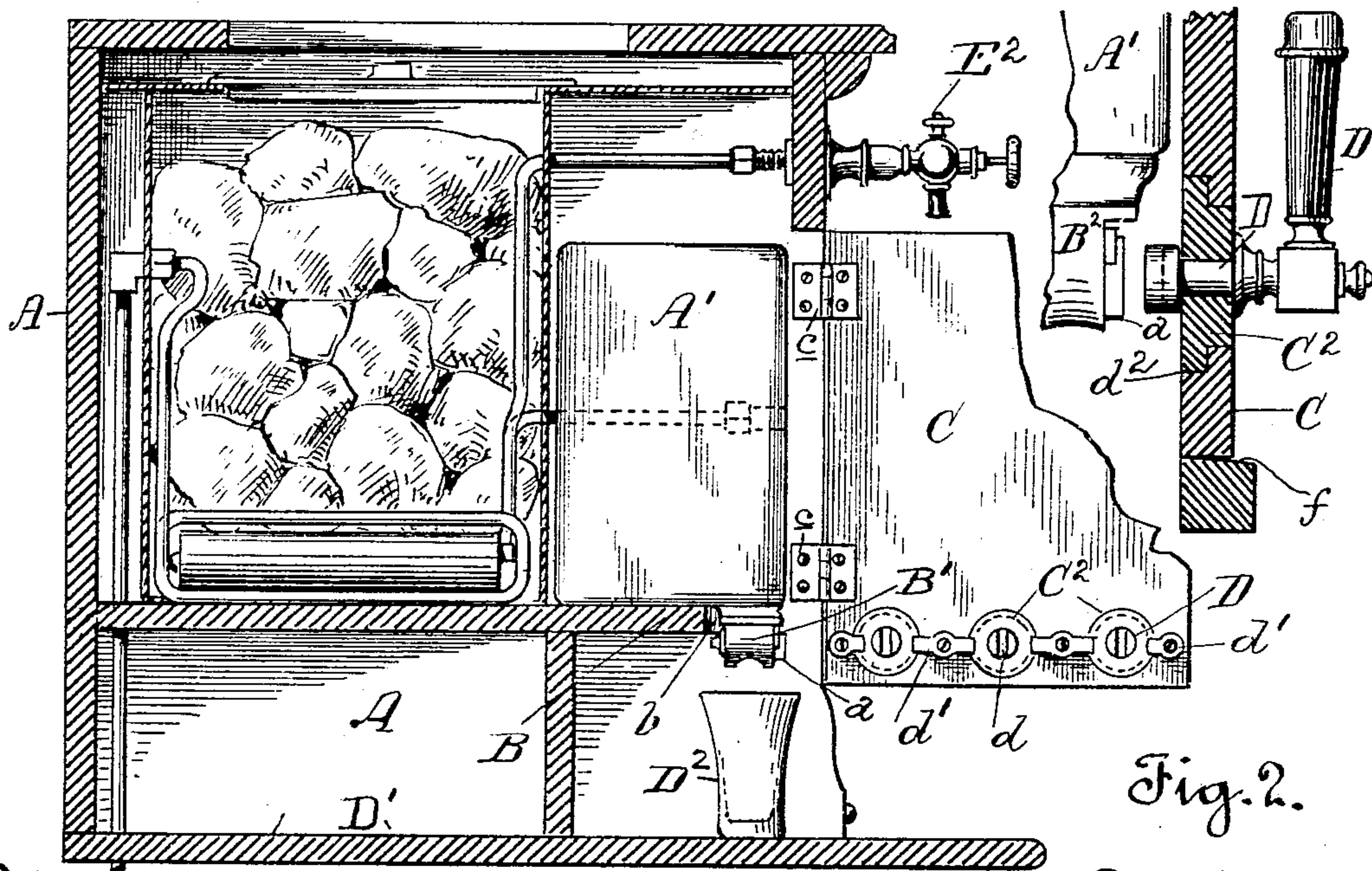
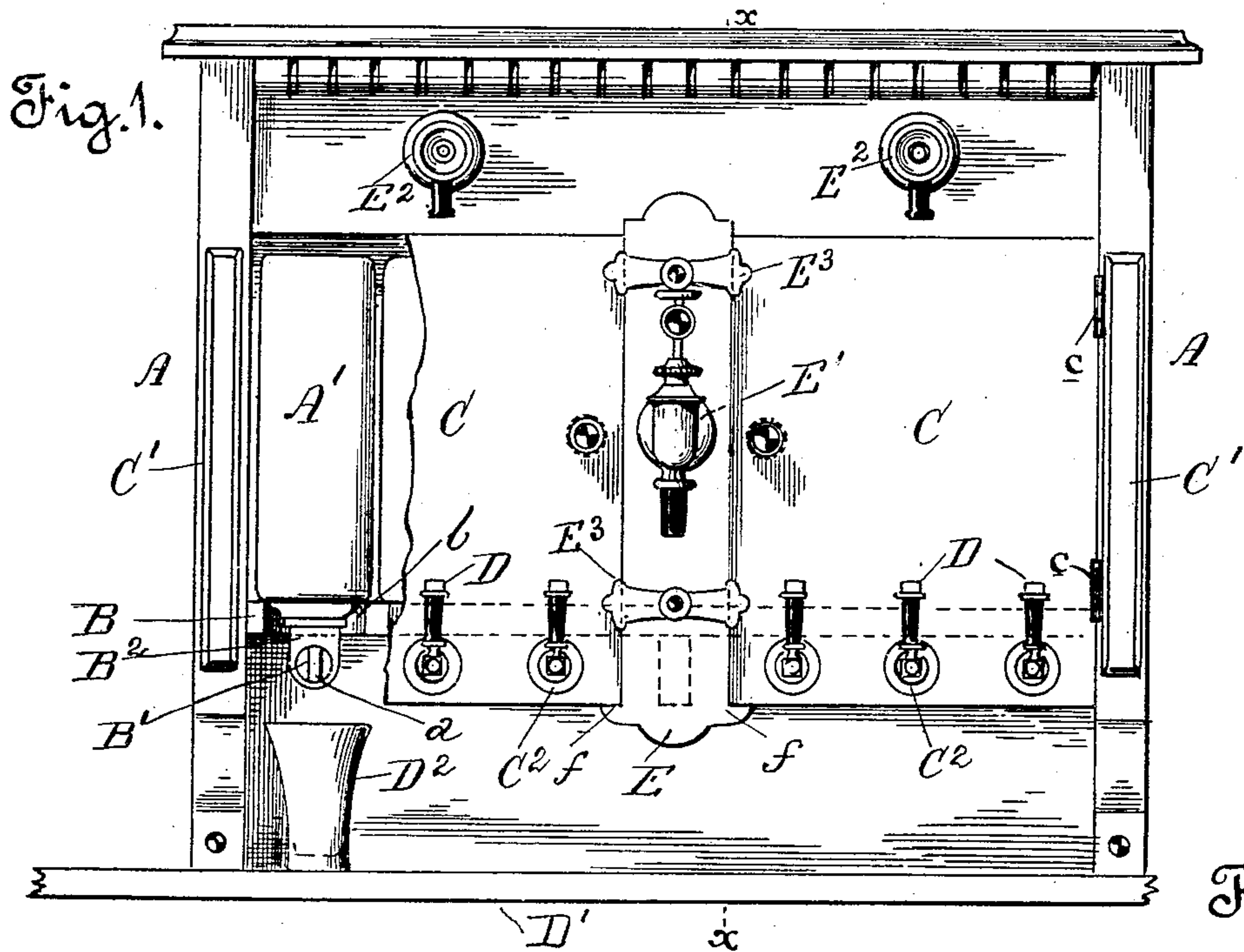
No. 710,949.

Patented Oct. 14, 1902.

E. J. CALLEY.
SODA WATER FOUNTAIN.

(Application filed Dec. 23, 1901.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ELIAS J. CALLEY, OF OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA.

SODA-WATER FOUNTAIN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 710,949, dated October 14, 1902.

Application filed December 23, 1901. Serial No. 86,895. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ELIAS J. CALLEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, have
5 invented certain new and useful Improvements in Soda-Water Fountains; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same.

The present invention relates to the body
10 portion of the fountain, and more particularly to the means for actuating the valve of the syrup-jars hidden or covered by the front of the fountain, the arrangement being such that the valve-keys are connected or discon-
15 nected from the valve of the syrup-jars with the closing or opening of a swinging panel hinged or movably attached to the fountain-body, the object of the invention being to simplify the connection between the key and
20 valves and to lessen the expense attached to the manufacture of the syrup-jars at present employed in connection with soda-water fountains.

To comprehend the invention, reference
25 should be had to the accompanying sheet of drawings, wherein—

Figure 1 is a front view of the body portion of a soda-water fountain with one of the panels broken. Fig. 2 is a vertical sectional end
30 view illustrating one of the body-panels swung outward or open, taken on line xx , Fig. 1; and Fig. 3 is a detail sectional view of one of the panels, illustrating one of the valve-keys.

In the drawings the letter A is used to indicate the body of the fountain, within which the syrup-jars A' are located. These jars or
35 cans rest upon the shelf B, each jar being provided with an outlet-valve B', which works within the valve-casing B², attached to the lower end of the jars. The stem a of each
40 valve projects beyond its casing B². Any desired shape may be given to the projecting end of the stem a ; but I prefer to make the same rectangular. Inasmuch as the valve-
45 casing B² projects below the syrup-jars, which are arranged side by side, it is required that the face or edge of shelf B have semicircular seats b formed therein. Within these seats fit the valve-casings B².

50 The syrup jars, cans, or receptacles are covered by the panels C, which panels are hinged at c or otherwise movably secured to the in-

ner edges of the side strips or plates C'. These panels have fitted therein a series of rotatable disks C², which carry or hold the valve-
55 keys D. The inner end of each key is provided with a vertical slot d , into which the rectangular end of the valve-stems a rest when the panels C are closed. The disks C² are held in place by means of the turn-but-
60 tons d' , attached to the inner face of the panels. These buttons when turned crosswise bear against the outer edge of the disks and hold the same against inward movement, the shape of the panel-openings d^2 , into which
65 they rest, preventing outward movement thereof. While the disks are held against inward and outward movement, they are free to rotate within their seats in the panels C. When the panels are closed, the same are
70 held in proper position by means of the division-column E, the lower edge of the panels resting upon the inclined ledge f projecting laterally from said division-column. Preferably the ends of all of the valve-stems a
75 occupy a horizontal position when the valves are shut off, and previous to closing the panels all of the operating-handles of the keys D are so turned as to cause the slotted ends of said keys to assume a corresponding hori-
80 zontal position, and by reason of said slots in said ends passing entirely across the same and opening at both ends the stems a may readily enter the same and become operatively associated with the keys D, irrespec-
85 tive of the angularity of the approach of the same when the panels are closed. It is to be understood, however, that the said slots and stems may normally occupy a vertical posi-
90 tion, and in this instance the slots will be sufficiently wide to allow a play of the stems therein to facilitate the engagement of the stems with the slots when the same approach at an angle incident to the closing of the panels. The inclination of ledges f causes the
95 panels to properly close as swung inward and prevents sagging thereof, and at the same time places the slotted end of the keys D in registry with the rectangular end of the valve-stems a .

The panels C are constructed of material
100 in keeping with the body of the fountain and ornamented, so as to enhance the appearance thereof.

Ordinarily where the fountain is constructed of marble or tile it is customary to make the syrup-jar of earthenware and to ornament the face thereof, so that the said jars will present an ornamented front to the fountain. This of necessity makes the syrup-jars quite expensive. When so arranged, the valve-key is attached directly to the valve-stem. In case it is desired to replenish the syrup-jar the same has to be withdrawn from within its seat. Should the jar become accidentally broken, the continuity of the fountain-front is destroyed until a new jar is substituted.

By providing swinging or movable panels for the body of the fountain, which panels cover or hide the jars from view, I am enabled to dispense with the expense attached to the fruit-jars, as it is not required that glazed or ornamental jars be employed. By the present arrangement metallic, plain earthenware, or glass jars may be employed, as they are hidden from view.

The body-panels C terminate a distance above the platform D', so as to give ample room to insert the glasses D² thereunder.

The face of the fountain is provided with the usual mineral-water faucets E² and the soda-water faucet E'.

To draw the syrup, it is only required to turn the key, say, to the right, which rotates the disk C² and turns the valve B to open same. A reverse movement of the key closes the valve B.

In case it is desired to refill the syrup-jars it is only required to unlock the panel C and swing same outward. This exposes to view all jars covered by such panel. The jar or jars may then be removed or simply tilted over to be refilled. When the panel stands open, the jars may be quickly and easily cleaned, which is an important feature in connection with fountains.

It will be understood that as the panel closes the slotted end of the valve-keys move onto the projecting end of the valve-stem, so that the parts perfectly register when the panel stands closed. As the panel is opened all of the keys are disconnected from the valve-stems at the same time.

Each valve-key is immovably secured within its disk or bushing C².

The panels C are held closed or locked in any suitable manner. A simple and effective means of locking the panels is by the employment of an ornamental button E³, se-

cured to the division-column E. This button when turned downward bears against the edge of the panels and holds the same against outward movement. To release the panels, it is only required that the button be turned upward.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed as new, and desired to be covered by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a soda-water fountain, the combination of the syrup-jar having a valved outlet, a compartment for said jar, a panel forming the outer wall or face of said compartment, said panel having an opening d^2 , a valve-key, and means for rotatably supporting said valve-key in operative relation to the valved outlet of the syrup-jar, comprising a disk C² inserted in the opening in the panel, and turnbuckles d' on the interior of the panel adapted to engage the disk C² at opposite points to retain the same in place, substantially as described.

2. In a soda-water fountain, the combination of the syrup-jar having a valved outlet, a compartment for said jar, a panel forming the outer wall or face of the compartment, said panel having an opening d^2 , a valve-key, and means for rotatably supporting said valve-key in operative relation to the valved outlet of the syrup-jar comprising a disk C² inserted in the opening in the panel, and a turnbuckle d' on the interior of the panel adapted to engage the disk C² to retain the same in place, substantially as described.

3. In a soda-water fountain, the combination of a series of syrup-jars each having a valved outlet, a compartment for said jars, a panel forming the outer wall or face of said compartment said panel having a plurality of openings d^2 corresponding to the number of valved outlets, a corresponding number of valve-keys, and means for rotatably supporting one valve-key in each opening d^2 in operative relation to the adjacent valved outlet of one of the syrup-jars comprising a disk C² for each key inserted in the opening in the panel, and means intermediate of the adjacent disks for holding the same in place, substantially as described.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand.

ELIAS J. CALLEY.

Witnesses:

HARRY J. LASK,
WALTER F. VANCE.