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No. 709,138.

Patented Sept. 16, 1902.

W. O. CHISHOLM.
WATERPROOF SCARF.
(Application filed June 7, 1901.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 2.

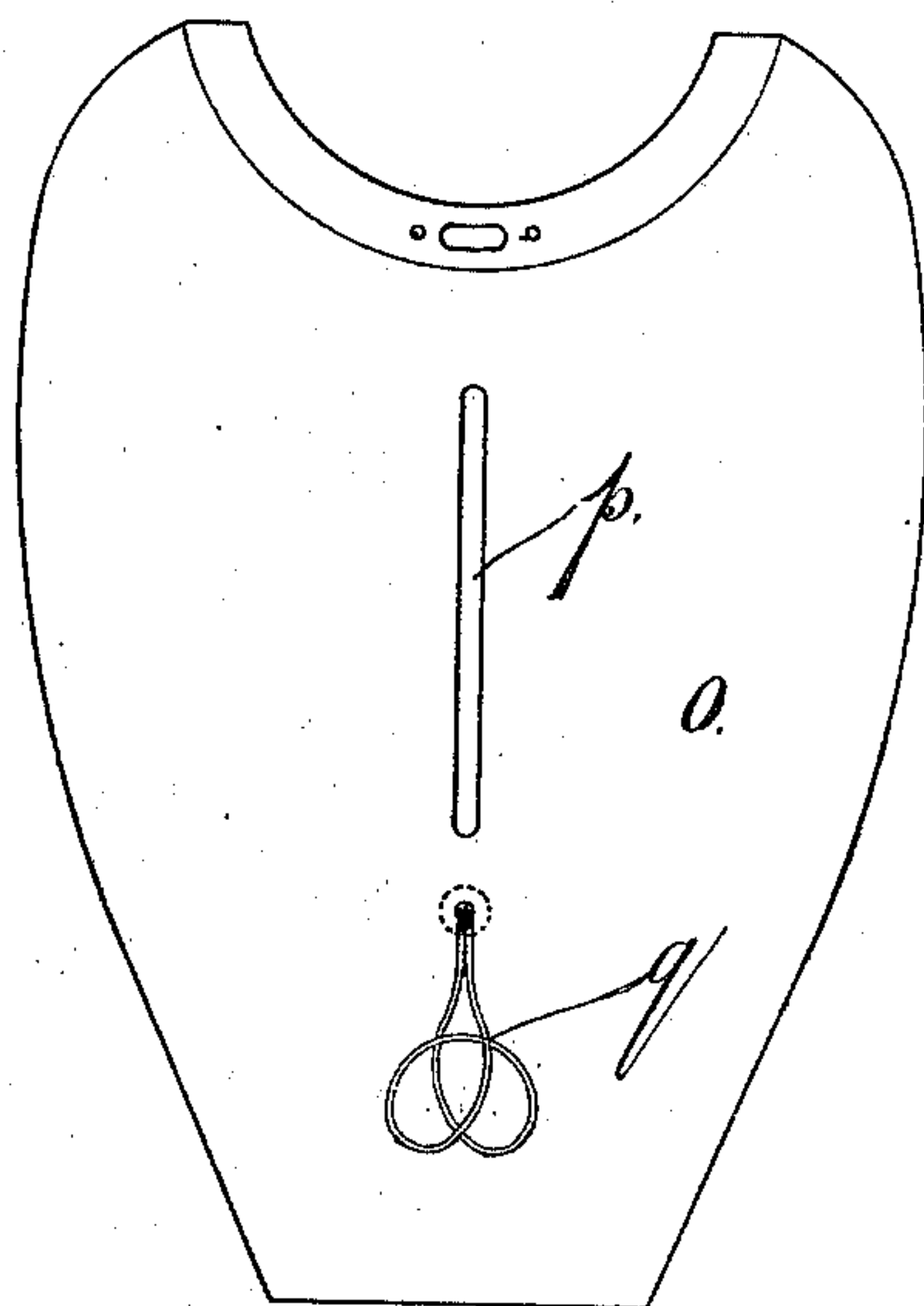


Fig. 4.

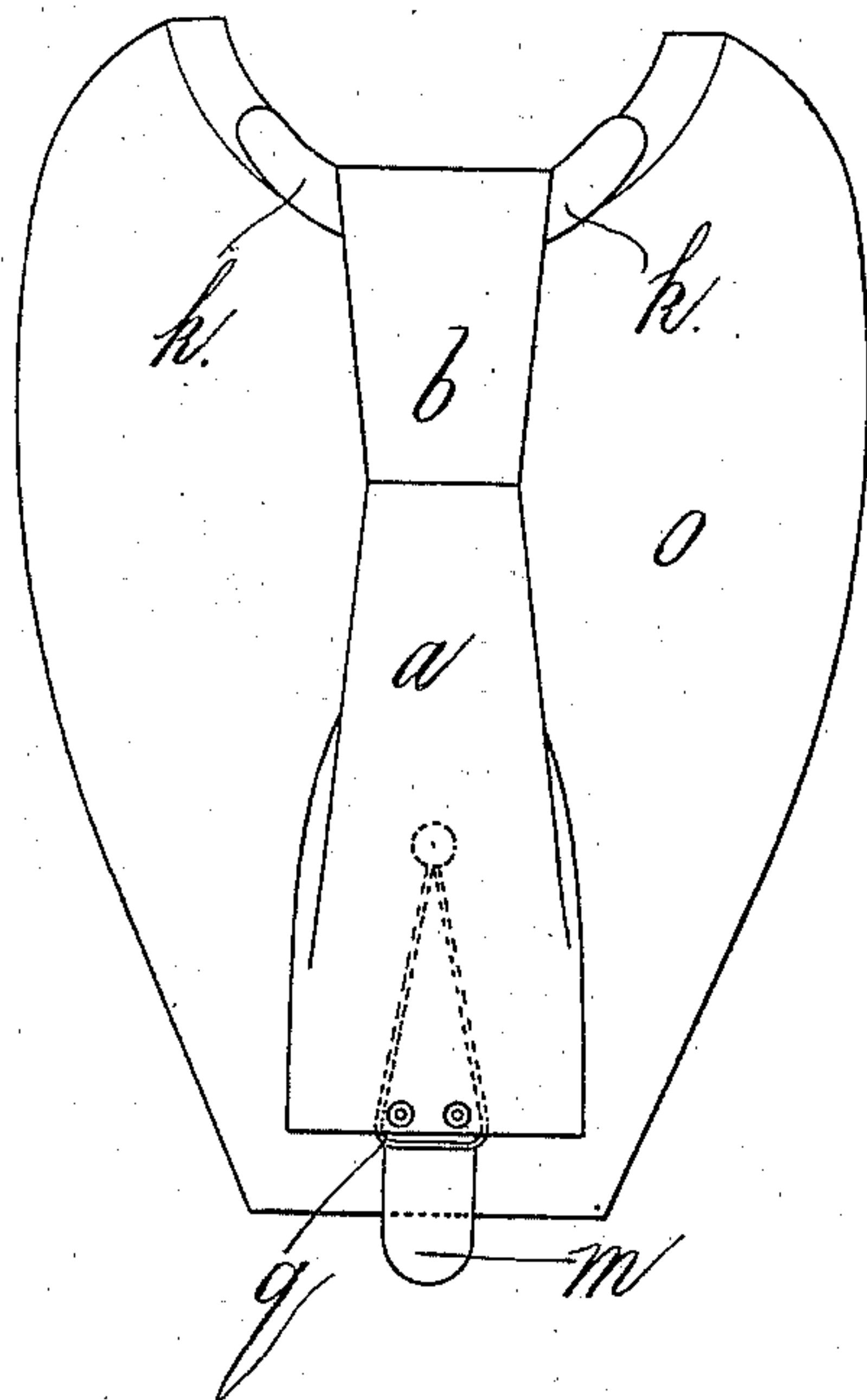


Fig. 5.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM O. CHISHOLM, OF GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

WATERPROOF SCARF.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 709,138, dated September 16, 1902.

Application filed June 7, 1901. Serial No. 63,501. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM OLIVER CHISHOLM, warehouseman, of 66 Virginia street, Glasgow, Scotland, a subject of the King of Great Britain, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Waterproof Scarfs, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to waterproof scarfs for neckwear made from sheet celluloid, xylo-
nite, or like material; and its object is to provide a scarf which while being neat in appearance can be easily and simply fitted in place or removed.

The scarf does not require the usual neck-band for holding it in position.

In order that the invention may be clearly understood, I have hereunto appended two explanatory sheets of drawings, wherein—

Figure 1 is a front view of the new waterproof scarf. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section of the scarf. Fig. 3 is a back view of the scarf. Figs. 4 and 5 show the method of attaching the scarf to a celluloid front. Fig. 4 shows the front, and Fig. 5 the scarf secured to the front.

In carrying out the invention I make the scarf of pieces of celluloid or other like waterproof material. The lower part *a* consists of a piece of waterproof material of suitable length, which is bent backward into a curved shape, so as to give an appearance of fullness. To stiffen and also give a finished appearance to the sides of this lower part, the two edges *a'* *a''* are bent or folded back.

The upper part *b* of the scarf consists of a piece of waterproof material, which is suitably shaped, as shown, to resemble the corresponding part of an ordinary cloth scarf, and its two sides *b'* *b''* are folded behind, as shown at Fig. 3. The upper end of the lower part *a* is inserted into the lower end of the upper part *b* in the manner shown at Fig. 2, and the two parts are firmly secured together at the back of the scarf by means of eyelets *c*.

At the back of the scarf is a backing-piece *d*, which covers the junction between the upper and lower parts *a* *b*. This backing-piece is attached to the parts *b'* *b''* of the part *b* by means of rivets *e* and to the part *a* by means

of rivets *f*. This backing-piece securely binds the two parts *a* and *b* together and also serves at the same time as a support for a stud *g* or the like. This stud is passed through the hole *h*. The stud has preferably a turn-over head.

The upper part *b* of the scarf is made with a short hinged extension or flap *i*, which is bent backward, as indicated in dotted lines at Fig. 1. Secured to this extension by means of rivets *j* is a crescent-shaped piece *k*, made, preferably, of celluloid. This piece *k* is for the purpose of retaining the scarf in position by catching below a turned-down collar of the ordinary make and such as is generally worn by boys and others. The extension *i* is preferably strengthened at the back by means of a strip of cotton or other fabric *l*, which prevents the hinge or joint tearing. At the bottom of the part *a* is a celluloid tab *m*, secured in place by means of rivets *n*.

The waterproof scarf can be used in conjunction with a celluloid front *o*, as shown at Figs. 4 and 5, and, as will be seen, this front has a vertical slot *p* in it and an elastic loop *q* secured to it. In order to secure the scarf in position, the turn-over head of the stud *g* is inserted in the slot *p* and then turned over, so as to hold the scarf securely in place, while permitting vertical play, and thereafter the elastic loop is stretched over the tab *m* in the manner shown at Fig. 5. When the front, with the tie secured to it, is attached to the collar-band of a shirt, the part *k* lies underneath the linen or celluloid collar and prevents the tie rising up out of position under the tension of the elastic loop *q*.

Having now fully described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a waterproof scarf the combination of a shaped lower part having bent-in edges, a shaped upper part having turned-back sides, means for fastening these two parts together, a backing-piece secured to both parts, a hinged extension or flap on the upper part, a crescent-shaped piece secured to the flap and a piece of fabric for strengthening the joint of the flap, substantially as described.

2. In a waterproof scarf the combination of a shaped lower part, a shaped upper part, means for fastening these parts together, a backing-piece secured to both parts, a hinged
5 flap on the upper part, a crescent-shaped piece secured to the flap, a hole in the backing-piece, a stud passed through the hole and a tab secured to the lower part around which an elastic loop secured to a front can be passed, substantially as described.

Signed at Glasgow, Scotland, this 21st day
of May, 1901.

W. O. CHISHOLM.

Witnesses:

H. D. FITZPATRICK,
WILLIAM GALL.