No. 707,759,

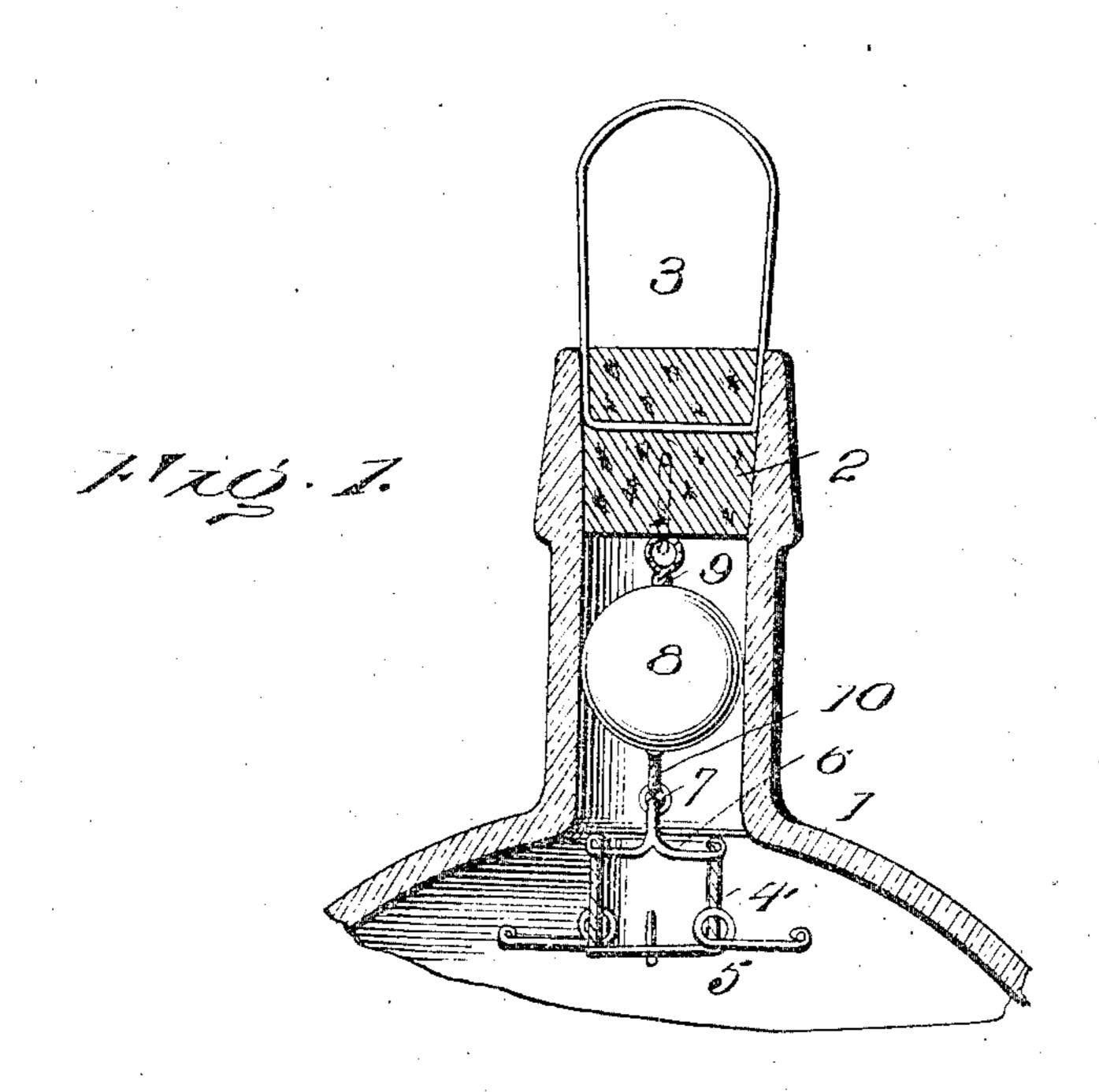
Patented Aug. 26, 1902.

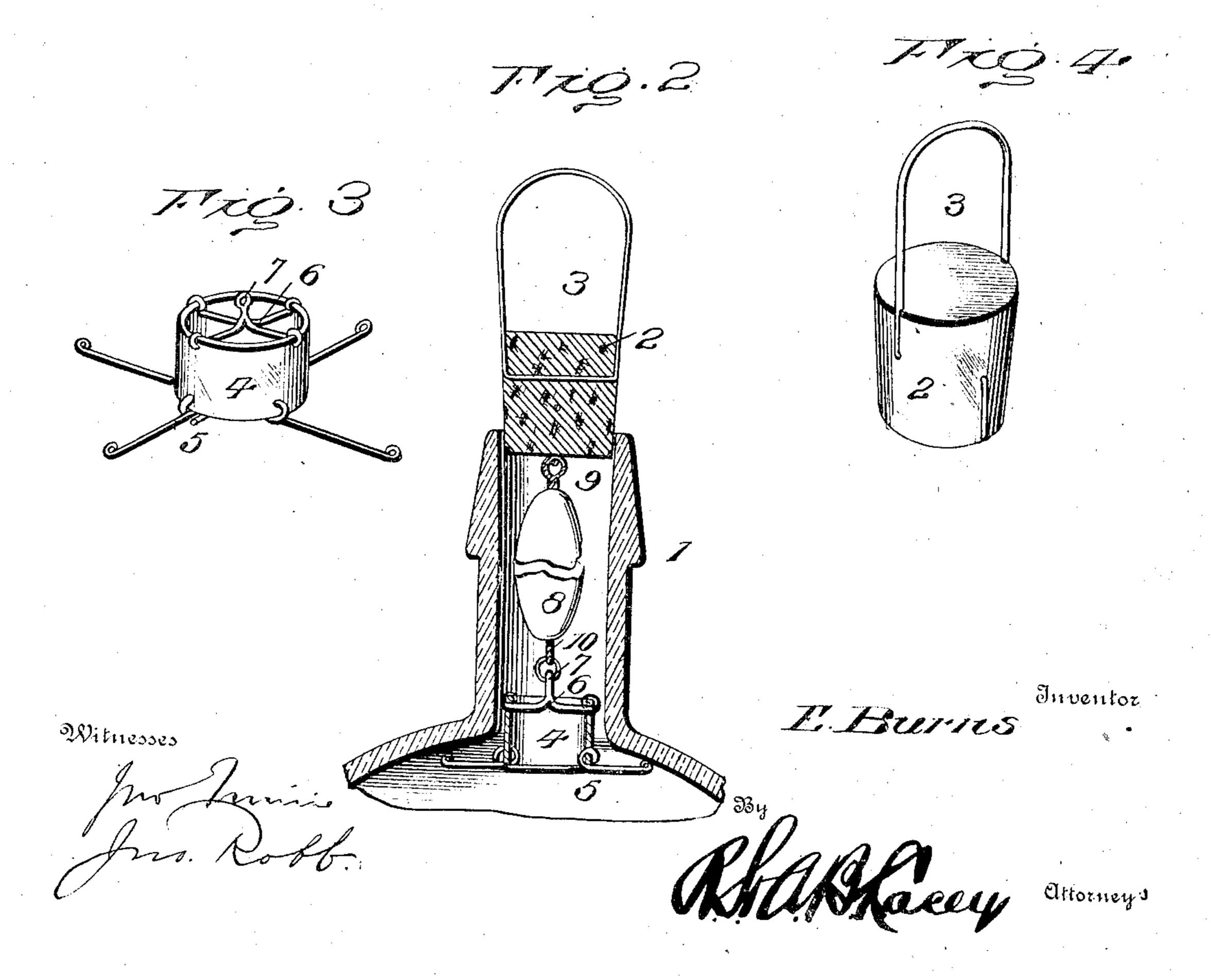
## E. BURNS.

## NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLE.

(No Model.)

(Application filed Jan. 25, 1902.)





## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWARD BURNS, OF ZEARING, IOWA.

## NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 707,759, dated August 26, 1902.

Application filed January 25, 1902. Serial No. 91,234. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD BURNS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Zearing, in the county of Story and State of Iowa, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Non-Refillable Bottles; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it to appertains to make and use the same.

The purpose of this invention is to protect the public and the manufacturer or proprietor of a special brand of goods from unserupulous dealers and others through whose

15 hands the goods pass.

The invention has for its object to combine with the cork or sealing device a detector of peculiar and novel construction held in suspension thereby and detached from the cork when the latter is extracted, said detector dropping to the bottom of the bottle or receptacle, thereby apprising the purchaser of the fact that the package has been tampered with.

The invention also consists of an inflatable connection between the detector and cork to be destroyed when the cork is removed.

The invention further consists of the novel features and details of construction, which hereinafter will be more particularly set forth, 30 illustrated, and finally claimed.

In the drawings hereto attached and forming a part of the specification, Figure 1 is a vertical central section of the upper portion of a bottle, showing the application of the invention. Fig. 2 is a view similar to Fig. 1, showing the cork partly extracted. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the detector. Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the stopper and extracting-loop.

Corresponding and like parts are referred to in the following description and indicated in all the views of the drawings by the same

reference characters.

The bottle 1 is adapted to be sealed in the usual manner by means of a cork 2, which in the present instance is provided with a loop 3, preferably of wire, to facilitate the extraction of the cork when desired. The extracting-loop 3 is folded close about the neck of the bottle after the latter has been sealed, so as not to be in the way.

The detector is suspended within the upper

portion of the bottle and comprises a ring 4 and a plurality of wires 5, pivoted intermediate of their ends to the lower side portions 55 of the ring, so as to occupy a horizontal position and engage with the shoulder or upper end of the bottle adjacent to the neck and prevent withdrawal of the detector after being placed in position. Radiating wires 6 60 have their outer ends attached to the upper portion of the ring 4 and merge into an eye 7, to which the lower end of the suspending device is attached. The wires 5 constitute securing means and are adapted to be turned 65 into a vertical position to admit of insertion of the detector into the bottle, and one end of the wires is made heavier than the other, so that the instant the uppermost ends of the wires clear the neck of the bottle the wires will 70 turn into a horizontal position and prevent withdrawal of the detector when detached from the cork and permitted to drop to the bottom of the bottle.

The suspending device consists, preferably, 75 of a bulb 8 and cords 9 and 10, the upper cord 9 connecting the upper end of the bulb 8 with the cork 2 and the lower cord 10 connecting the lower end of the bulb with the eye 7 of the suspending device applied to the ring 4. 80 The bulb 8 may be a rubber tube or like device inflated to such an extent as preferably to fill the neck. This bulb or inflated device is adapted to be easily broken when extracting the cork, thereby permitting the 85 detector to drop to the bottom of the bottle and warn the customer that the original package has been tampered with. The bulb 8 is, as aforementioned, preserably inflatable, being made of rubber. This construction tion is advantageous in that upon withdrawal of the cork 2 and bursting of the bulb there will be comparatively nothing left of the latter owing to contraction of the rubber, and the detector 4 will readily fall to the bottom 95 of the bottle. Upon pouring the liquid from the bottle upon inverting the same the detector will necessarily be thrown toward the neck portion thereof, but the bulb having been broken the portion remaining attached roc to the detector will offer no detriment to the egress of the fluid. Further, the bulb 8, being expansible, so fills the neck portion of the bottle that no part of the contents thereof

may come into contact with the cork, thereby providing additional means for preventing leakage from the bottle on account of a faulty cork. Not only does the bulb serve to pre-5 vent leakage, but it also serves as a further sealing device to keep any air which, due to ineffectual sealing means, may reach the contents of the bottle, thereby deteriorating the quality of the same. The detector is attached to the cork preliminary to sealing the package, and when placing the detector in the neck of the bottle the wires 5 are turned with the heavier ends pointing upward and when the cork is in place the suspending device must 15 be of a length to admit of the wires clearing the neck, so as to turn into a horizontal position and prevent removal of the detector when extracting the cork, the latter effecting a rupture of the suspending device and per-

20 mitting the detector to drop into the bottle. Having thus described the invention, what is claimed as new is—

1. In combination with a bottle or like package, a detector, and an inflatable suspending device connecting the detector with the cork, substantially as set forth.

2. In combination with a bottle or like

package, a detector, and an expansible bulb forming a part of suspending means connecting the detector with the cork, substantially 30 as set forth.

3. In combination with a bottle or like package, a detector for supension therein, the same comprising a ring and a plurality of wires pivoted intermediate of the ends to 35 the lower portion of one side of the ring and having an end of each made heavier to cause the wires to assume a horizontal position, the light ends of the said wires adapted to abut against the opposite side of the ring, sub-40 stantially as set forth.

4. In combination with a bottle or like package, a detector comprising a series of pivoted wires, a sealing-cork having an extracting-loop, and suspending means between the 45 detector and cork comprising an inflated bulb, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

EDWARD BURNS. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

ANNA JONES, J. M. THORNTON.