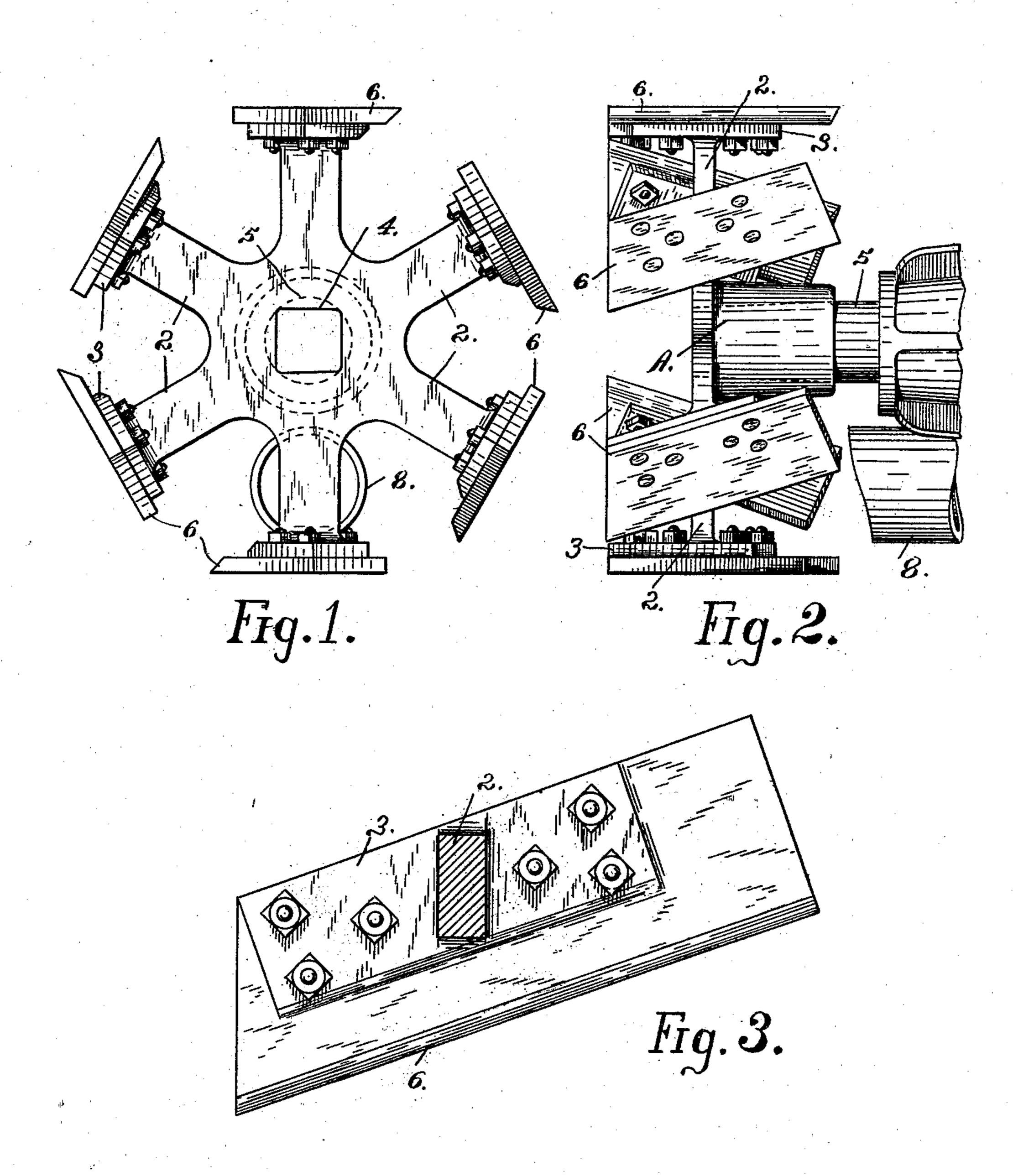
R. A. PERRY.

HYDRAULIC DREDGER CUTTER.

(Application filed Mar. 10, 1902.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses, Det Sonse Laymond Herry Dewy Strongt Co.

United States Patent Office.

RAYMOND A. PERRY, OF OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO ATLANTIC GULF & PACIFIC CO., OF NEW YORK, N. Y., AND SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, A CORPORATION OF WEST VIRGINIA.

HYDRAULIC-DREDGER CUTTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 705,784, dated July 29, 1902.

Application filed March 10, 1902. Berlal No. 97,457. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, RAYMOND A. PERRY, a citizen of the United States, residing in Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, 5 have invented an Improvement in Hydraulic-Dredger Cutters; and I hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact de-

scription of the same.

My invention relates to cutters which are 10 especially designed for use upon hydraulicdredging apparatus; and it consists of radial arms firmly attached to the revoluble actuating-shaft and having cutting teeth or blades at the outer ends of the arms, so as to loosen 15 and break up the material which is then conditioned to be removed by the suction-pipe of the apparatus to which it is especially adapted.

My invention also comprises details of con-20 struction which will be more fully explained by reference to the accompanying drawings,

in which—

Figure 1 is an end view of my improved hydraulic-dredger cutter. Fig. 2 is a side view 25 of same. Fig. 3 is an enlarged detail view of same.

In the employment of hydraulic suctiondredges, to which class my invention is especially applicable, revoluble cutters have been 30 constructed having bottomless buckets with circumferential surrounding rings and tied together with longitudinal bars, these bars either being at right angles or some other angle from the circumferential rings. These 35 rings and bars form a framework to which the buckets are attached, and this framework is in turn secured to the shaft. The great disadvantage of this class of excavators is that in sticky material the buckets and the 40 framework offer such an obstruction to the passage of material that the cutter is often plugged up and the operation has to be suspended for the purpose of cleaning, which causes great delay and expense. It is the ob-45 ject of my invention to provide a cutter of such a character that this clogging of adherent material is avoided, and by doing away with all surrounding rings, bars, or support-

ing-framework and having the cutters at the

ment I am enabled to excavate and break up any kind of material in which the dredge is called upon to work and prepare it for the suction-pipe, the mouth of which is located contiguous to or within the circle of revolu- 55 tion of the cutters.

In the construction of my cutter I have found a very suitable method is to make a suitable casting forming a hub A, with a plurality of radial arms 2 extending outwardly 60 and having upon the outer ends the flat extended surfaces or plates 3, which are also cast with the central portion. The hub has made through it a hole adapted to fit the shaft. This hole may be circular to fit a cy- 65 lindrical shaft and have a sufficient key or keys to secure it thereto. I have here shown it as made rectangular, as at 4, and adapted to fit upon a correspondingly-shaped end of the revoluble shaft 5, through which power 70 is transmitted to drive it. Upon the ends 3 of the arms are the cutting-blades 6, which are made of steel or other suitable material and may be secured by countersunk rivets passing through the blades and the ends of 75 the arms to which they are secured, or they may be cast or forged directly upon the arms. The blades may be set either parallel with the shaft, or, as shown in Fig. 2, at an angle therewith, and the outer ends of 80 the blades may be beveled, so that when the blades are not parallel with the shaft the front ends of these cutters will be approximately parallel with the surface of the bank which is being excavated. The suction-pipe 85 8 generally extends below the shaft and may extend into the space inclosed by the revolving cutters, so that material which is excavated and broken up by the cutters may be drawn into the pipe in conjunction with a 90 body of water sufficient to cause the material to flow freely through the pipes and be eventually discharged as in the manner of this

While I have shown the radial arms and 95 hub made as of a single casting of steel, it will be understood that the arms might be separately bolted upon a hub or flange keyed or otherwise secured to the shaft and the 50 ends of radial arms without other attach- | cutter-blades formed with or secured to the 100

class of dredges.

ends of the arms, as previously described. The arms may also be set in a plane at right angles transversely to the shaft or they may be slightly inclined forwardly with relation 5 to the shaft, but no surrounding rings or close-sided buckets are employed.

It will be understood that in place of or in conjunction with the cutting-blades heretofore described I may employ teeth wherever to the character of the material is such that they

will be more efficient.

I have found this cutter to be most satisfactory for work in heavy or sticky and adhesive clay, also in hard-pan and other ma-15 terial where it has been found impossible to excavate it with the buckets ordinarily used.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat-

ent, is-

1. The combination of a revoluble shaft, a hub and means for securing it to the shaft,

arms extending radially outward from the hub and having their outer ends flattened to form a transversely-extended bearing-surface, cutters fitted flatwise against said sur- 25 face, and a suction-pipe having its mouth lo-

cated contiguous to the cutter.

2. The combination of a revoluble shaft, a hub and means for securing it to the shaft, arms extending radially outward from the 30 hub, flat plates secured to the outer ends of the arms and extending transversely beyond the arms, cutters fitted flatwise against the flat plates, and a suction - pipe, having its mouth located within the circle of revolution 35 and contiguous to the cutter.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my

hand.

RAYMOND A. PERRY.

Witnesses: S. H. Nourse, JESSIE C. BRODIE.