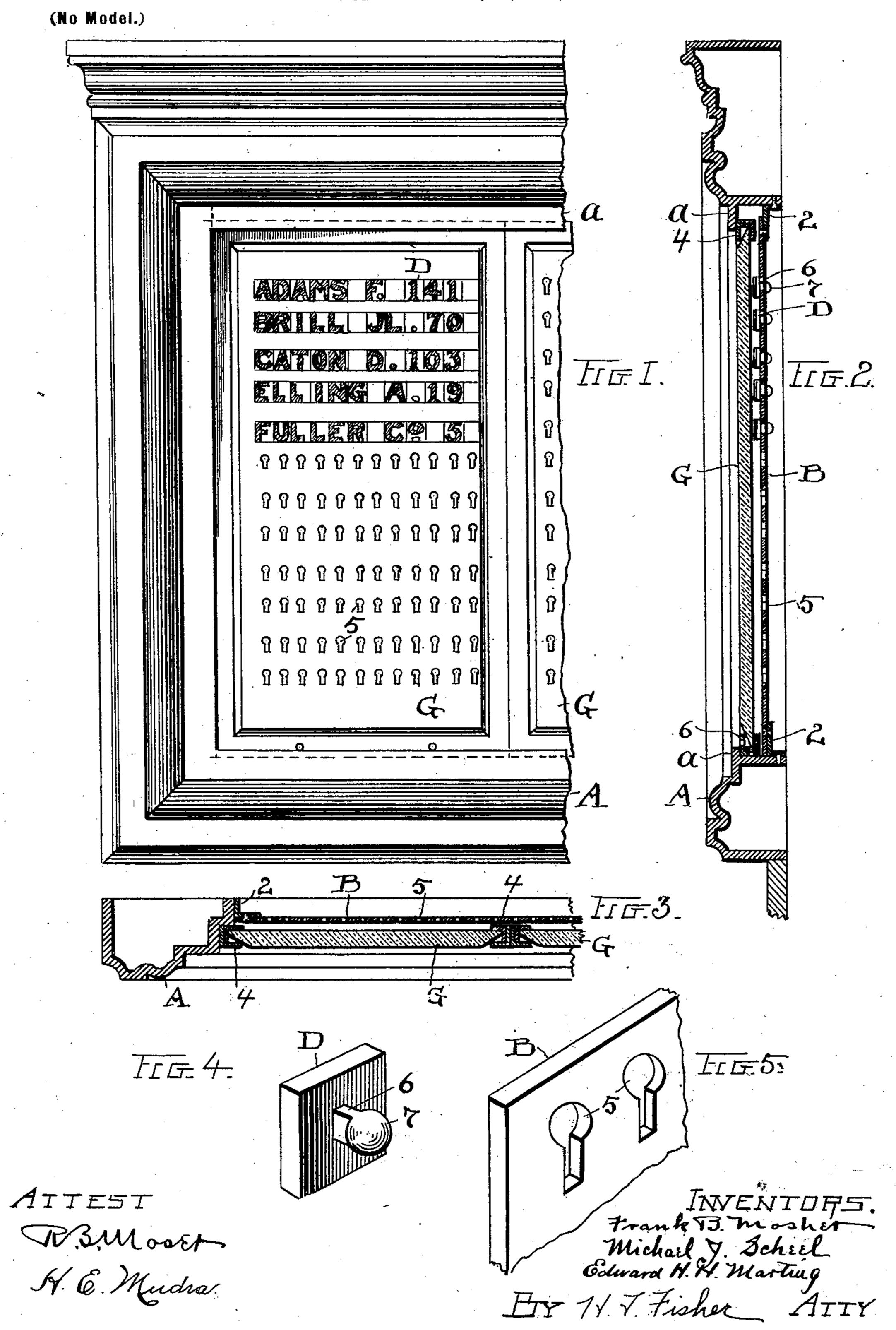
F. B. MOSHER, M. J. SCHEEL, & E. H. H. MARTING. CHANGEABLE DIRECTORY BOARD.

(Application filed July 12, 1901.)



United States Patent Office.

FRANK B. MOSHER, MICHAEL J. SCHEEL, AND EDWARD H. H. MARTING, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

CHANGEABLE DIRECTORY-BOARD.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 705,275, dated July 22, 1902.

Application filed July 12, 1901. Serial No. 68,120. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Frank B. Mosher, MICHAEL J. SCHEEL, and EDWARD H. H. Marting, citizens of the United States, resid-5 ing at Cleveland, in the county of Cuyahoga and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Changeable Directory-Boards; and we do declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact descrip-10 tion of the invention, which will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

Our invention relates to improvements in changeable directory-boards; and the object 15 of the invention is to provide a directoryboard which is simple and cheap in construction and at the same time is convenient in

use.

To these ends the invention consists in the 20 construction of the board and in the combination and arrangement of parts thereof, all substantially as shown and described, and particularly pointed out in the claim.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is: 25 a front elevation of our improved directoryboard with a part of the frame at the right broken away. Fig. 2 is a vertical central sectional elevation thereof. Fig. 3 is a crosssection of the board and its parts looking 30 down and taken on a line running through a row of the key-shaped holes for the characterblocks. Fig. 4 is a perspective rear view of one of the letter or character blocks adapted to be used with this construction of board; 35 and Fig. 5 is a perspective rear view of a section or portion of the board proper in or upon which the characters are adapted to be attached, all as hereinafter fully described.

In the foregoing views, A represents the 40 frame of the board. This frame may be of wood, metal, or other suitable material and of any convenient size and in any desired style, the character, size, and style of the frame depending much on the place where it | 45 is to be used and on the furnishings of which it may become a part. In this instance the frame is shown in cross-section as being a metallic structure provided about its inner edge with an inwardly-projecting flange a. 50 Behind said flange and at the inner edge of l

the frame we attach angle-iron strips 2, which are permanently affixed to the frame by screws and serve as the immediate support of the board B. The said board or letter-supporting plate, as it is in this instance, is fas- 55 tened to said angle-iron strips by means of screws, so that it can be removed when desired.

Often it becomes convenient to substitute one style of board or plate for another, be- 60 cause the invention contemplates a number of uses in addition to that of directory-board. In fact, the invention may be used in a great many ways and places quite far removed from mere directory uses. For example, it is ad- 65 mirably adapted to kindergarten-work in the schools, where children are taught their letters and word building or construction and where it is also desirable often to be able to work out designs other than by letters to in- 70 struct the child. It is also convenient for writing texts and other matter in Sundayschools and for noting texts or hymns or even notices in church services; also, for use in theaters, hotels, restaurants, office-buildings, 75 engine-houses, and for many other uses not necessary to be enumerated here, so that while for convenience we refer to the invention herein as a "directory-board" it is much more than this in utility and value. Now 80 in view of these many uses of our new and improved board it frequently becomes desirable to substitute the board or plate B, to which the characters are directly attached, by another which is adapted to have the 85 work done thereon possibly in an entirely different form or style. In the present case we show the board B as provided with a series of holes 5, of substantially keyhole shape, arranged in lines perpendicularly and hori- 90 zontally. This is a good arrangement of holes for straight-across or up-and-down work, as in plain directory-boards, where the names are to be placed one above another. It is also a good style for many other uses; but 95 for some uses it might be very undesirable. and hence the board B is made removable and interchangeable with others, according to the special circumstances or needs at a given time or place. This is easily done, as the 100 board is secured to the angle-iron strips by screws removable from the front when the glass window Ghas been removed. As shown here, the depth of the frame is somewhat 5 greater than the depth of the board, so that it can be easily raised over the lower flange and lifted in or out. At the front of said board the glass G occupies first its own metallic frame 4, which rests within flanges a.

The depth of the space within said flanges in frame A likewise is such as compared with the glass frame that said glass can be raised and lifted out on occasion, but is otherwise confined within the frame. This arrangement of parts makes any changes in the board easy

and convenient.

D represents one of the letter or character blocks upon which a single letter or figure may be imprinted, impressed, engraved, or otherwise produced or upon which one or more characters may appear, as may be found convenient. These blocks are preferably rectangular in shape and adapted to occupy such space at their sides that they come close side by side and form practically an unbroken line. If there be unoccupied holes or openings, they can either be left open or be occupied with "dummies," so as to keep up appearances, and for schoolwork figures or designs of any fanciful kind may be placed on the blocks, so as to be complete in them-

selves or to work out designs of a larger size.

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These blocks can be applied to the board by

simply removing the glass front.

The shanks 6 of the character-blocks D have 35 flat sides and semiround heads 7 and fit snugly in the slots of the keyholes 5. Each character has its own keyhole and all are alike in these particulars.

The round head of each block D is slipped 40 into the circular opening of the keyhole 5, then pushed down into the slot of said keyhole. The shank 6 fits snugly in said slot and prevents the block from turning or moving sidewise, while the head 7 prevents it 45 from dropping out.

What we claim is—

The frame A having integral flange a and removable right-angled strips 2 about its inside, in combination with board B having a 50 series of holes 5 scattered over its surface and fixed about its edge to said strips, and the glass G having metallic frame 4 about its edge and removably supported between flange a and strips 2, substantially as described. 55

Witness our hands to the foregoing specifi-

cation this 1st day of July, 1901.

FRANK B. MOSHER.
MICHAEL J. SCHEEL.
EDWARD H. H. MARTING.

Witnesses:

R. B. Moser, H. E. Mudra.