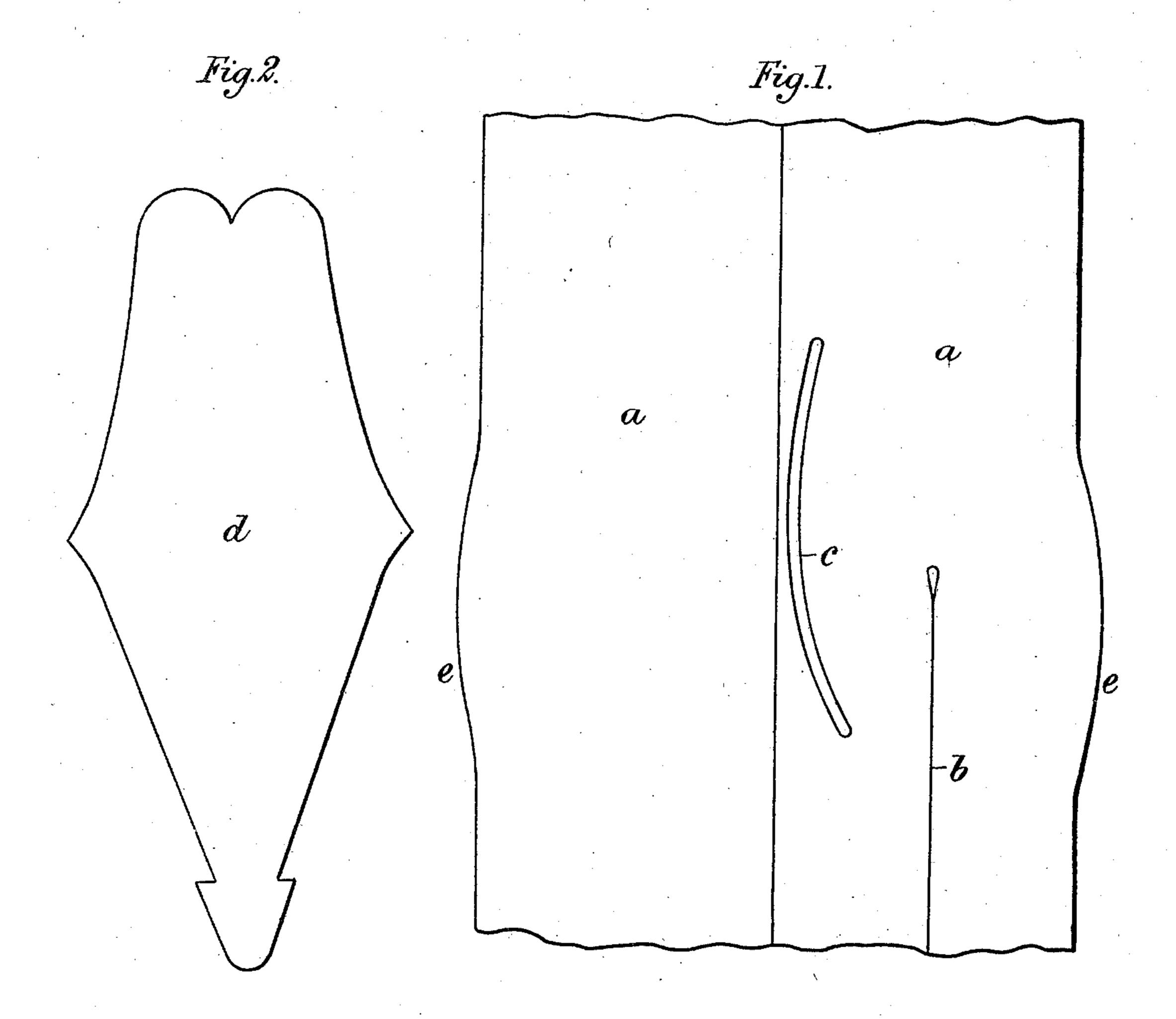
E. LEBLANC. GLOVE.

(Application filed Sept. 16, 1901.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses

D. F. Howingsworth

Edouard Lettance, By his attorneys, Bacawin, Davidson Wight.

United States Patent Office.

EDOUARD LEBLANC, OF GRENOBLE, FRANCE.

GLOVE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 704,551, dated July 15, 1902.

Application filed September 16, 1901. Serial No. 75,568. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDOUARD LEBLANC, a citizen of the French Republic, residing at Grenoble, France, have invented certain new 5 and useful Improvements in Gloves, of which the following is a specification.

The objects of this invention are to prevent the opening or gaping at the top of the button-slit, to reduce the quantity of material ro employed, and to improve the fit of the glove.

Heretofore the thumb-opening of a glove has been formed by cutting away an oval piece of the material of considerable width. The objects of the present invention are at-15 tained by making the thumb-opening in the | in it a curved slit, substantially none of the body of the glove in the form of a slit, substantially no material being cut away. In this case the passage of the thumb through the thumbopening is permitted by expansion of the walls 20 of the slit. The thumb-piece is so cut as to give sufficient fullness across the top of the button-slit to prevent gaping.

Figure 1 shows part of the body-piece of the glove, and Fig. 2 shows a thumb-piece.

a is the body-piece, b the button-slit, and c the thumb slit or opening.

d is the thumb-piece.

e e are swellings on each side of the body-

piece to give additional fullness.

As shown, the thumb-slit is a simple curve, the concave side of which, and consequently the concave side of both edges thereof, is turned toward the palm of the hand. The thumb-slit c extends beyond the bottom of 35 or overlaps the wrist-slit b.

Experience has demonstrated that the particular construction delineated is a practical and satisfactory way of carrying out the in-

vention.

The base edge of the thumb-piece is sewed 40 to the edges of the slit c. With this construction the usual enlarged opening at the top of the button-slit is avoided, the fit of the glove is improved, and the quantity of material necessary reduced.

I claim as my invention—

1. A glove comprising a body-piece having in it a slit, substantially none of the material being cut away, whose edges form the entire thumb-opening and lie in the plane of the 50 body-piece, and a thumb-piece the base edge of which is sewed to the edges of the slit.

2. A glove comprising a body-piece having material being cut away, whose edges form 55 the entire separately-made completely-formed thumb-opening, and a thumb-piece the base edge of which is sewed to the edges of the slit.

3. A glove in which the thumb-opening in the body-piece is a slit, substantially none of 60 the material being cut away, and in which there is a swelling at each side of the bodypiece opposite the top of the button-slit.

4. A glove in which the thumb-opening in the body-piece is a curved slit whose edges 65 form the entire thumb-opening and both the inside and outside edges of which are curved toward the palm of the hand.

5. A glove in which the thumb-opening in the body-piece is a curved slit both the inside 70 and the outside edges of which are concave toward the palm of the hand and in which there is a swelling at each side of the bodypiece opposite the top of the button-slit. EDOUARD LEBLANC.

Witnesses:

JAMES LEWIS, A. MALLERY.