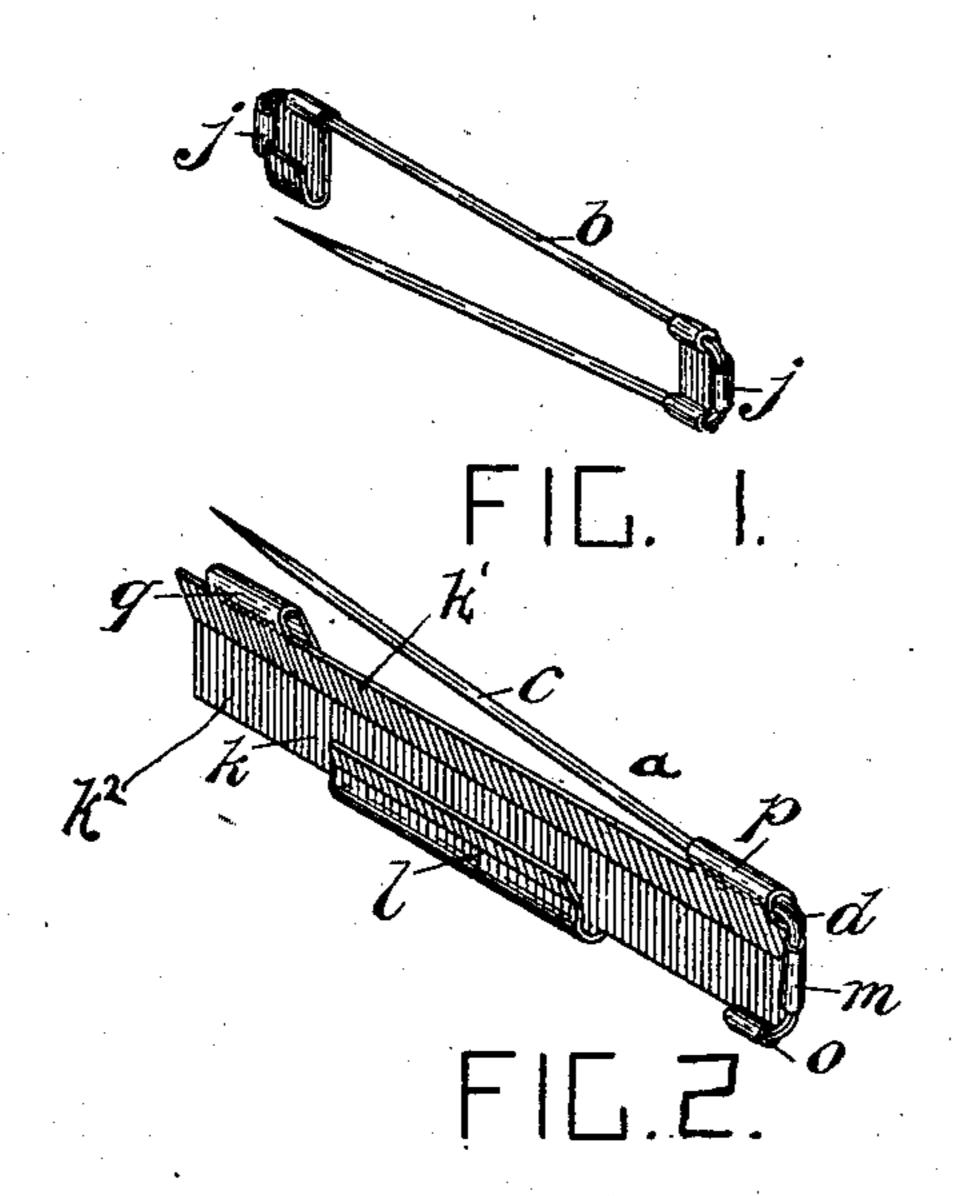
No. 702,456.

Patented June 17, 1902.

R. F. MONTGOMERY.
DRESS SUPPORTER.

(Application filed Aug. 19, 1901.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses
Witnesses
Witnesses
Co. L. Cousins

Inventor A. I Montgomery by C. Ix Reches her attorney,

United States Patent Office.

ROBERTA F. MONTGOMERY, OF BARRIE, CANADA.

DRESS-SUPPORTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 702,456, dated June 17, 1902.

Application filed August 19, 1901. Serial No. 72,616. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Roberta Franklin Montgomery, of Barrie, in the county of Simcoe and Province of Ontario, Canada, (wife of 5 Fred Myers Montgomery,) have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Dress-Supporters; and I hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same.

This invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in that class of dresssupporters in which the skirt is supported from the waist or blouse; and the object of the invention is to construct this supporter of 15 two independent and separable parts or members, one of which is adapted to be detachably connected to the waist or blouse and the other to the waistband of the skirt in such a manner that the skirt will be securely sup-20 ported from the blouse or waist when the parts are assembled and to so arrange these parts that they can be easily and cheaply manufactured and quickly assembled or taken apart and will not injure the blouse or 25 skirt when in use or when being attached thereto or detached therefrom, as hereinafter more fully set forth, and more particularly pointed out in the claim.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective 30 view of the lower member, and Fig. 2 is a similar view of the upper member.

Like letters of reference refer to like parts throughout the specification and drawings.

The dress-supporter consists of two inter-35 locking members a and b, respectively, the member a being intended to be detachably connected to the blouse or waist and the member b being intended to be detachably connected to the waistband of the skirt. The 40 member a (shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings) consists of a pin c, pointed at one end and coiled at the other end into a spring d, whose \ terminal is contained in the sleeves o and mand shield p of the rigid bar k. The upper 45 member consists more particularly of a rigid bar k, the lower edge of one side of which is provided with an upturned hook-shaped lugor hanger l to support the member shown in Fig. 1, and the lower edge of the bar at the same end

these sleeves o and m and shield p is contained the back end of the pin c. The pin cabove the sleeve m is bent substantially parallel with the bar k and is coiled to form a spring d at the top of the sleeve m, the spring 55being protected by a shield p, integrally formed with the top of the bar k, the opposite end of the top of the bar being provided with a hook q to engage the pointed end of the pin. The pin is passed through the ma- 60 terial of the blouse or waist until the shield p abuts against it, when the pointed end of the pin is engaged by the hook q, the hook qand shield p preventing the lateral movement of the pin. The member or bar k is 65 made of a fine gage of metal, so that when in use its presence will not readily be detected on the dress. The bar k is formed with two plane portions k' and k^2 , which are inclined at an angle to each other, so that the lug or 70 hanger lewill be presented at an angle to allow for the contour or slope of the wearer's hips or back as the inner side of the plane k'is secured to the waistband of a waist or blouse by means of the pin, and the inner 75 side of the plane k^2 projects outward, so as to allow the member b to properly hold the skirt. The member b is substantially the same shape as an ordinary safety-pin and is provided at each end with a shield j to abut against the 80 material of the waistband of the skirt to prevent the lateral displacement of the same. When the members a and b are assembled, the member b hangs on or interlocks with the hook l of the member a, and they can be used 85 without their presence being detected on the dress.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A dress-supporter, consisting of an upper member, comprising a bar having two plane portions inclined at an angle to each other, a hook-shaped lug or hanger depending from the center of the lower inclined portion, a 95 horizontal sleeve formed upon the edge of the said portion near the end, a vertical sleeve formed upon this end of the bar, a shield formed upon the upper edge of the upper por-50 is provided with a horizontal sleeve o, and in | tion at the same end as the sleeves, a pin hav- 100 ing a coil securely fastened in the two sleeves and the shield, and a hook formed upon the edge of the upper portion to receive the pointed end of the pin, the shield and hook being upon the inner side of the bar while the lug or hanger and the horizontal and vertical sleeves are upon the outer side of the bar;

and a lower member to engage the skirt supported by the lug or hanger of the bar.

Barrie, July 31, 1901.

ROBERTA F. MONTGOMERY.

In presence of—

F. M. MONTGOMERY,

J. M. Jamieson.