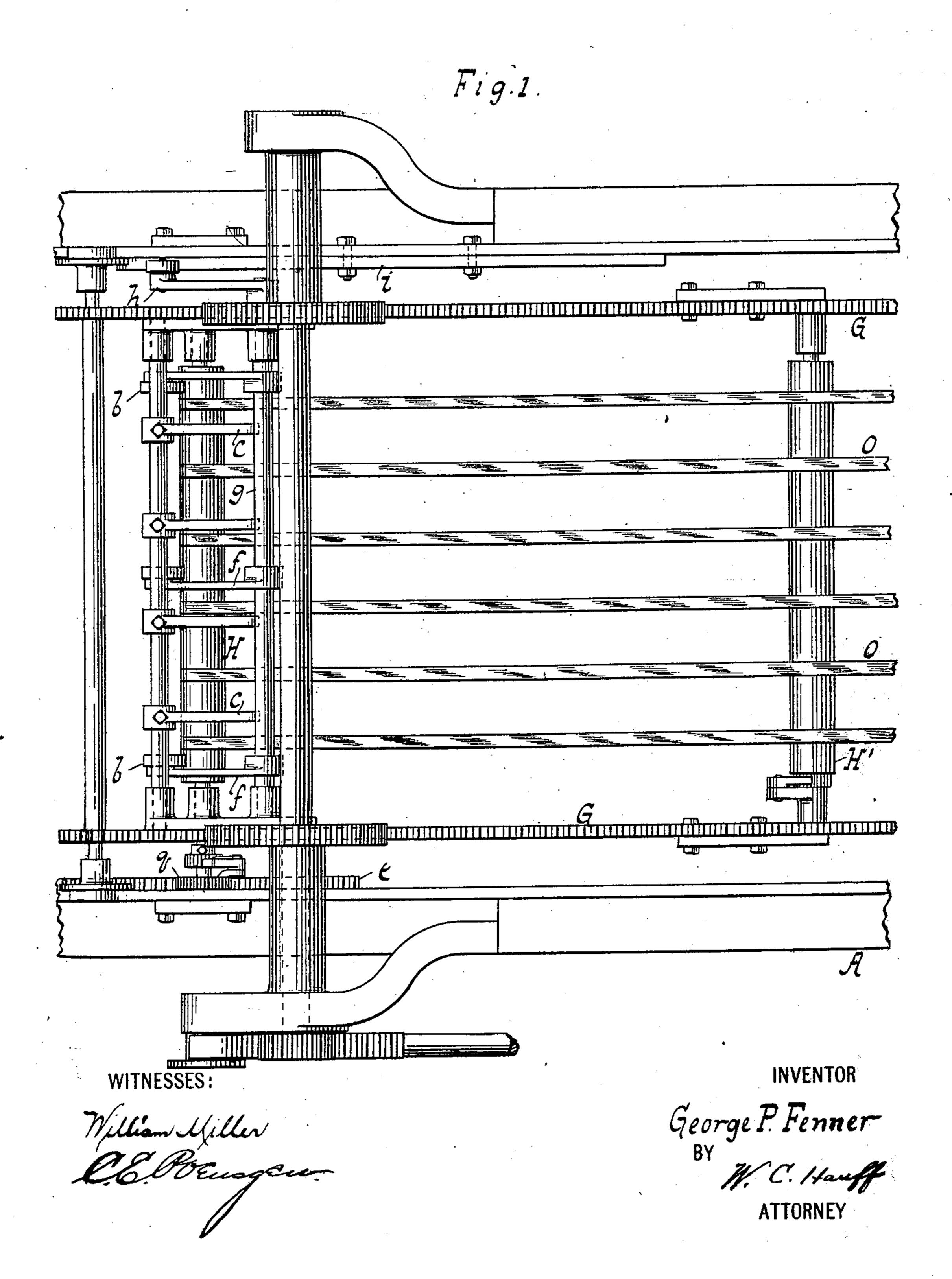
Patented Apr. 29, 1902.

G. P. FENNER. SHEET DELIVERY APPARATUS.

(Application filed Apr. 19, 1901.)

(No Model.)

. 2 Sheets—Sheet I.



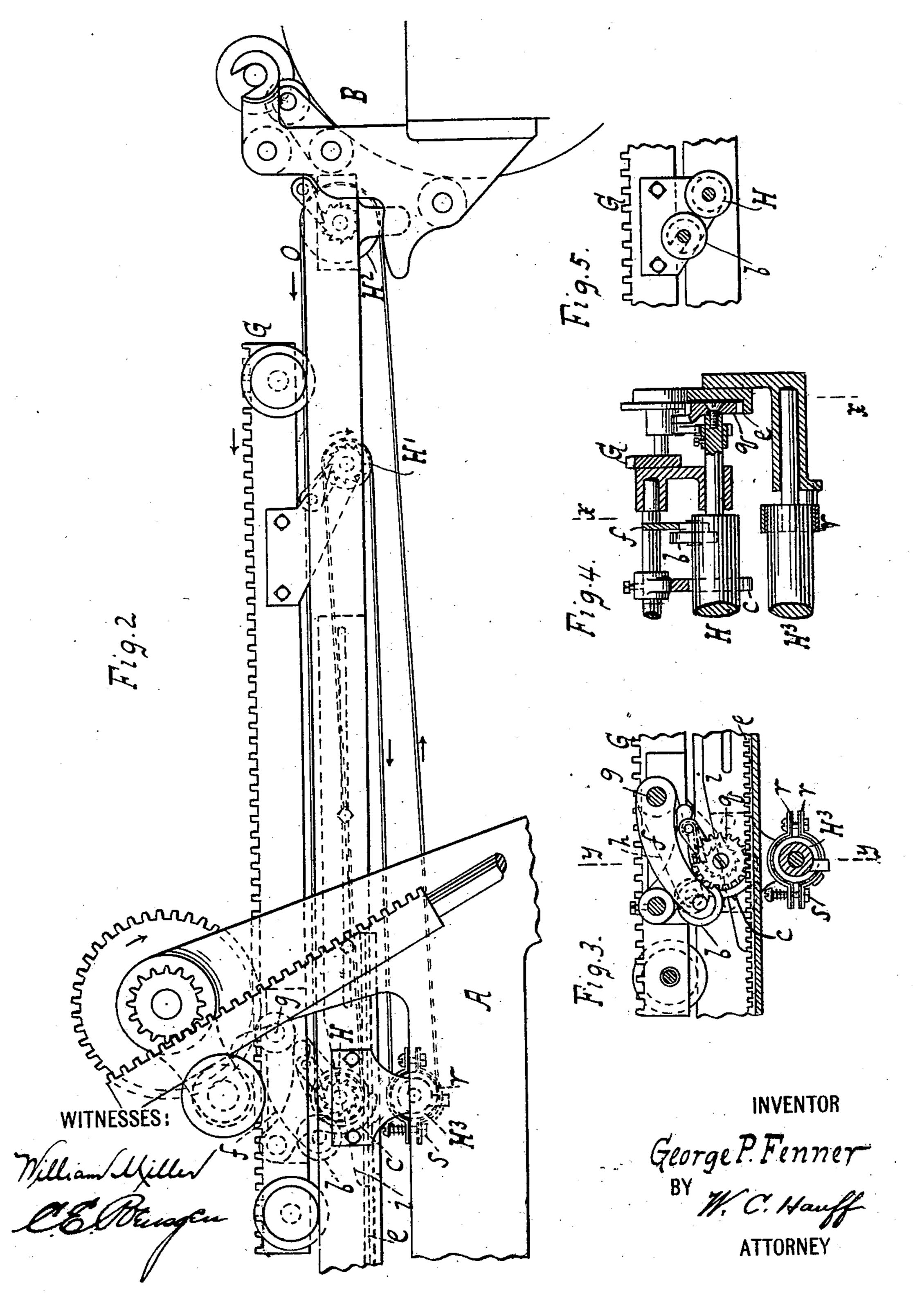
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2 Sheets—Sheet 2.



United-States-Patent-Office.

GEORGE P. FENNER, OF NEW LONDON, CONNECTICUT.

SHEET-DELIVERY APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 698,914, dated April 29, 1902.

Application filed April 19, 1901. Serial No. 56,630. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George P. Fenner, a citizen of the United States, residing at New London, in the county of New London and State of Connecticut, have invented new and useful Improvements in Sheet-Delivery Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

By means of this invention a sheet coming to from a printing-press can be reversed or delivered on the receiving-board with the face or printed side down, if desired.

The invention resides in certain novel details of construction set forth in the following specification and claims and illustrated in the annexed drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of a delivery apparatus. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a section along x x, Fig. 4, showing a side elevation of tape and pressure rollers. Fig. 4 is a section along y y, Fig. 3. Fig. 5 shows a modification.

A printing-press frame is indicated at A and impression-cylinder at B. The carriage 25 G has tapes O running about rollers H H' H² H³. The manner of operation of the tapes and reciprocation of the carriage are set forth in United States Patent No. 335,066, of January 26, 1888, and No. 506,990, of Octo-30 ber 17, 1893, and need not be detailed here. Pressure-rollers are shown at b acting on the tape or onto the tape-roller H, and a reverser or curler is shown at c. A sheet fed off the tapes and passing between rollers H and b 35 will be reversed by the fingers or curler c that is, bent so as to fall on the receivingboard printed face down. The roller H has a ratchet-and-pawl connection with gear q, running on rack e, so that as the carriage 40 moves forward the gear rotating or running along the rack will rotate the roller H to move the stretch of tape between roller H to H2, while on the return of the carriage the ratchetand-pawl connection remains idle or slips, so 45 as to leave roller H stationary or unaffected by the rotation of gear q. In the forward travel of the carriage the top stretch of tape not only moves with the carriage, but has further motion by reason of the roller H being 50 rotated by the ratchet-and-pawl connection with gear q and rack e. The sheet is thus I

fed from the tape under the presser-roller b and curler c with increased speed.

The presser roller or disks b can be mounted in a movable support or lever-frame, such as 55 arms f and rock-shaft g, and a cam or wedge i can be arranged or fixed to lift the arm h, Fig. 1—that is, the presser-roller b—off the tape or out of action to run onto a sheet or so that the leading edge of a sheet coming 60 from a printing-press can come under the presser-roller and be grasped between the latter and the tape when on the forward stroke of the carriage the presser-roller contacts with or drops onto the tape.

The lifting arrangement or wedge *i* has been found practical; but it has been found that the device will also work when the presser-roller *b* is loosely mounted—say in a slot-bearing, as shown in Fig. 5. It has also been found 70 practical to make the face of the presser-roller elastic or yielding—say of rubber.

The curlers c can be secured to or form part of a bracket carried by or connected to the tape-carriage, and this bracket can also support the bearing of the presser-rollers. By removing this bracket or the reverser c the sheets will be left free to deliver printed face up. Sheets can thus be reversed or not, as called for.

In place of curlers c the roller b could be made to act on tape-roller H forward or so far to one side of the top line or uppermost point of such tape-roller whereby the leading edge of the sheet is bent down as it is leaving the 85 tape-roller to reverse or curve about said roller and to cause the sheet leaving the carriage in its forward travel to fall on its face or printed side.

A brake or friction has been found serviceable when running at high speed and there
is nothing to check the delivery-rollers or
the momentum of the tape-rollers is retarded
by nothing but the friction of the rollers turning on their journals and the running of the
position of the running of the
stape over their surfaces. To keep these rollers always at proper speed, so that they will
not go faster than driven, a clutch or friction,
as shown in Fig. 3, can be applied. The friction-brake is shown composed of cheeks r, noe
suitably connected by fastenings or bolts s,
at one or more of which a spring or yielding

resistance can be applied. The brake clasping a roller-say, for example, the shaft of tape-roller H³—can be made to check excessive speed.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is—

1. A delivery apparatus for printing-machines comprising a reciprocating tape-carriage and tape-rollers, and a presser-roller 10 made to act on a tape-roller to one side of the top line so as to cause a sheet leaving the

tape-rollers to reverse or curve about said

roller substantially as described.

2. A delivery apparatus for printing-ma-15 chines comprising a reciprocating tape-carriage and tape-rollers, a presser-roller made to act on the tape, a reverser, and a brake or friction appliance made to engage one of the rollers for checking the movement of the tape 20 substantially as described.

3. A delivery apparatus comprising a re-

ciprocating tape-carriage and tape-rollers, a pressure-roller made movable toward and from the tape, a reverser or curler, and a support or bracket for the pressure-roller and 25 reverser carried by said carriage substantially as described.

4. A delivery apparatus comprising a reciprocating tape-carriage provided with taperollers and tape, a ratchet-and-gear connec- 30 tion for one of the rollers to give increased speed to the tape during the forward travel of the carriage, and a sheet-reverser substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set 35 my hand in the presence of two subscribing

witnesses.

GEORGE P. FENNER.

Witnesses:

CHARLES A. FAIRBANKS, FRED S. ENGLISH.