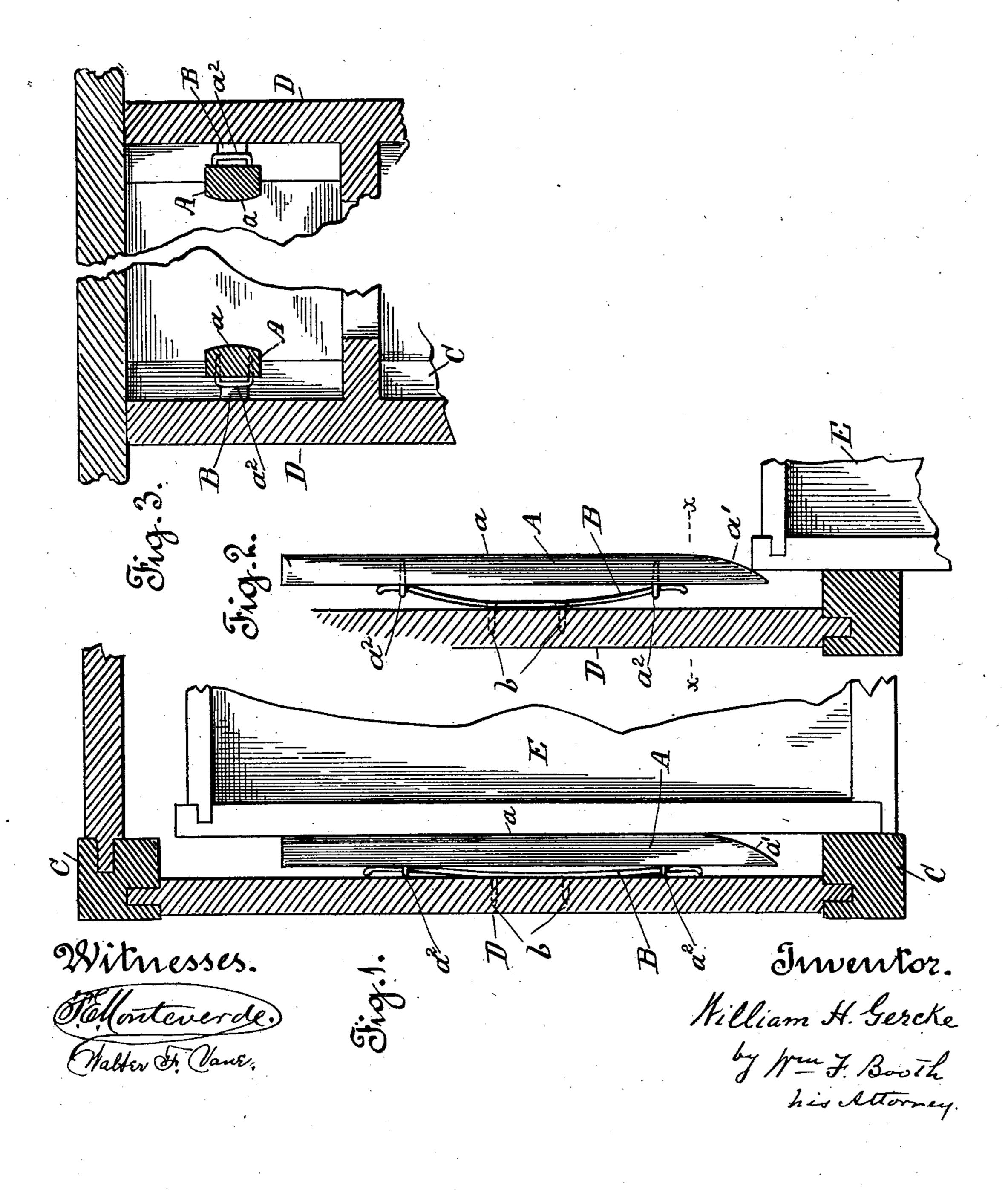
W. H. GERCKE. DRAWER GUIDE.

(Application filed Nov. 14, 1901.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM H. GERCKE, OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

DRAWER-GUIDE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 697,471, dated April 15, 1902.

Application filed November 14, 1901. Serial No. 82,267. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM H. GERCKE, a citizen of the United States, residing in the city and county of San Francisco, State of California, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Drawer-Guides; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same.

My invention relates to the class of guides to for the drawers of various articles of furni-

ture.

A drawer to be satisfactory must slide easily and accurately. Ease of movement cannot be had without accuracy or uniformity in that movement. If the guides are snug enough to insure evenness in the sliding of drawer, they are liable to cause such friction as will destroy facility in the sliding. On the other hand, if the guides be made free enough to overcome this difficulty they may by allowing the drawer to twist, as it were, cause it to bind in opening and closing.

The object of my invention is to afford perfect ease in sliding by so holding and guiding the drawer at all points in its movement that it will slide true, thus avoiding cramping and binding, at the same time maintain-

ing firm and snug control over it.

To this end my invention consists in a means 30 for applying a constant spring-pressure to the sides of the drawer.

It also consists in the novel construction and arrangement of the best form of springcontrolled guides, which I shall hereinafter 35 describe by reference to the accompanying

drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a horizontal section of the case, showing the drawer, partly broken, and the guide on one side, the drawer being pushed in. Fig. 2 is a similar view, the drawer being shown about to be pushed in. Fig. 3 is a front sectional elevation of the case on line x x of Fig. 2, the drawer being omitted.

The best form of my invention consists of a strip A of suitable material, such as hard wood. The outer or operative face of this guide-strip is rounded or convexed in cross-section, as shown at a, while its forward end on said face is beveled, as shown at a'. On

the inner surface of this guide are two staples a^2 , in which are freely fitted the ends of a

spring-strip B of suitable material, prefer-

ably spring-steel.

C represents the corner-posts, and D the walls, of any article of furniture. E is the 55 drawer, which is adapted to move into and out of the case upon the usual supportingrails. The guides A are placed in the case by means of screws or nails b, which pass through the spring-strip B into the end walls 60 D, and there is a guide A on each side of the drawer, said guides being pressed and held by their springs, with their convexed or rounded faces a against the sides of the drawer. This pressure of the guides A is a uniform one and 65 serves to hold the drawer true in its movement, so that it will not cramp or bind in sliding, but will be held snugly while being permitted to move easily.

The rounded bearing-faces of the guides A 70 reduce the friction to a minimum, while their beveled forward ends permit the introduction

of the drawer without interference.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 75

Patent, is—

In combination with a sliding drawer and its case, relatively narrow guide-strips A beveled at their forward ends and adapted to bear against the drawer sides at points ap- 80 proximately midway between the top and bottom edges thereof, and devices for forcing the strips into contact with the sides of the drawer, each comprising an elongated flat metallic spring B secured intermediate of its 85 ends to the inner surface of the wall of the case and having its respective ends projecting outwardly adjacent to the back of its strip, and means for securing said strip to the ends of said spring to permit automatic ad- 90 justment of the strip and a sliding engagement of both ends of the springs therewith, said means comprising **U**-shaped staples a^2 secured to the strips and loosely surrounding the spring one at each end thereof, substan- 95 tially as described.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand.

WILLIAM H. GERCKE.

Witnesses:
WALTER F. VANE,
D. B. RICHARDS.