A. K. PRATT.

VIBRATOR FOR WARP STOP MOTIONS.

(Application filed May 21, 1901.)

(No Model.)

Fig. 1

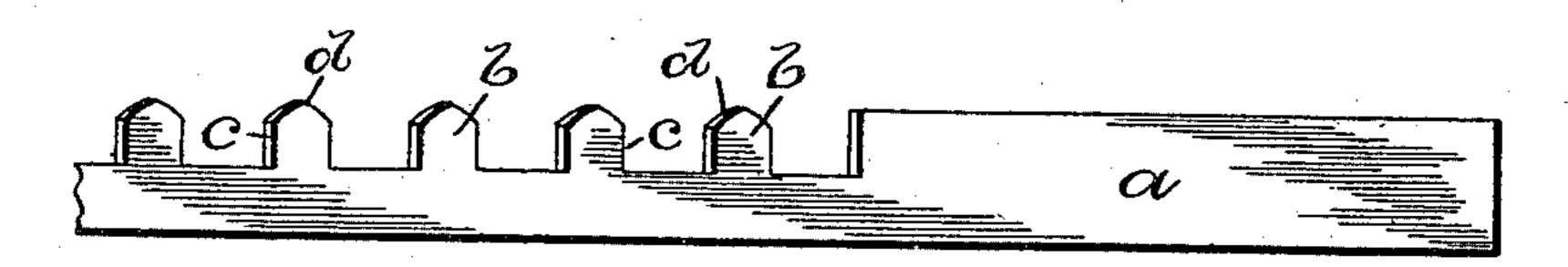


Fig.2.

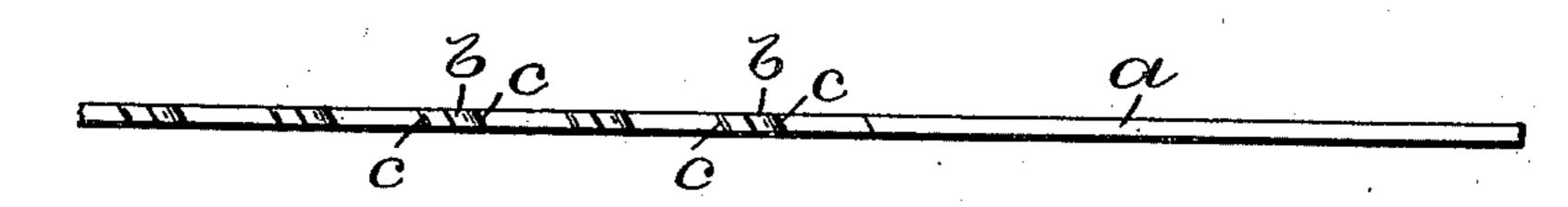


Fig.3

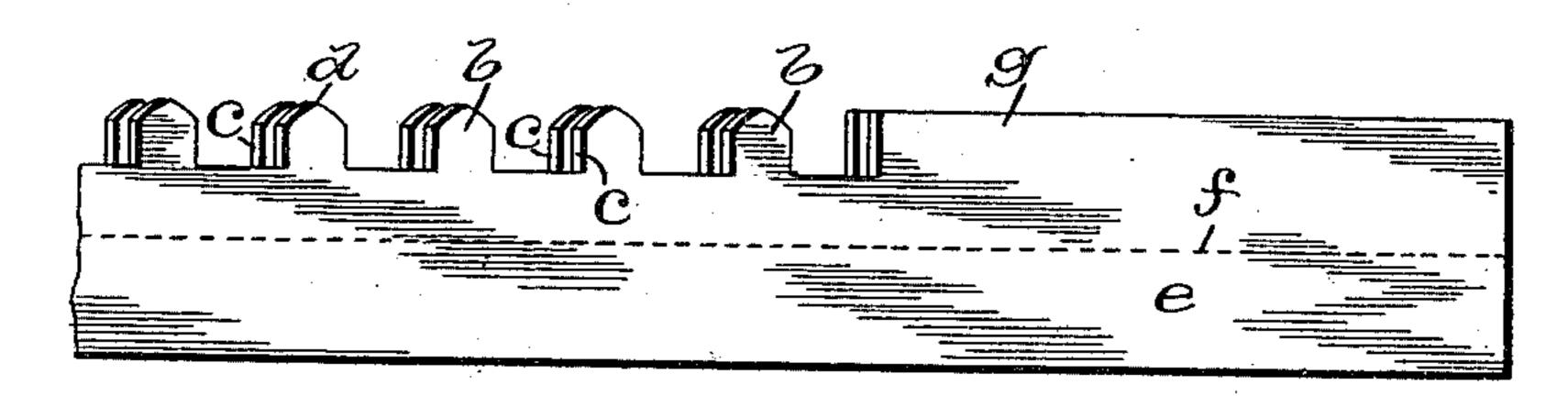
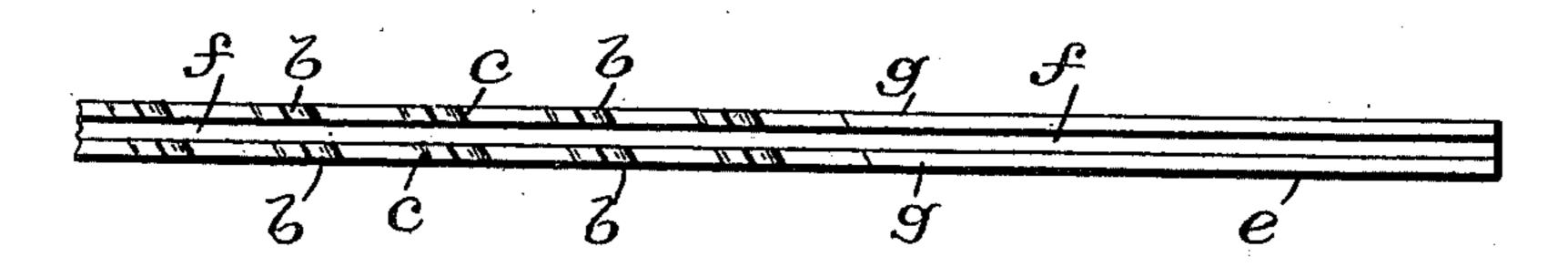
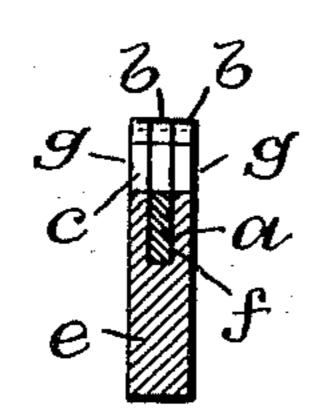


Fig. 7.



F25-5.



WIINESSES

Chas 78. Luther J.

Albert K. Pratt
by Joseph a Miller & Co

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALBERT K. PRATT, OF WHITINSVILLE, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR TO THE WHITIN MACHINE WORKS, INCORPORATED, OF WHITINSVILLE, MASSA-CHUSETTS.

VIBRATOR FOR WARP STOP-MOTIONS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 697,169, dated April 8, 1902.

Application filed May 21, 1901. Serial No. 61,319. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ALBERT K. PRATT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Whitinsville, in the county of Worcester and State 5 of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Vibrators for Warp Stop-Motions for Looms, of which the following is a specification.

This invention has reference to an improvero ment in the vibrator and guide used in the class of warp stop-motions for looms in connection with detector-plates supported on the

individual warp-threads.

In the class of warp stop-motions in which 15 a thin sheet-metal blade is supported on each warp-thread and drops to engage with the vibrator when a warp-thread breaks to arrest the vibrator and through suitable mechanism stop the loom the operator in charge of the 20 loom cannot readily see the warp-thread that has been broken.

The object of this invention is to point out to the weaver the particular broken warpthread; and to this end the invention con-25 sists in arranging the stops on the guide in which the vibrator moves obliquely to the movement of the vibrator and obliquely to the plane of the detector-plates, whereby the detector-plate that has dropped on the break-30 ing of the warp-thread may be clamped obliquely to the rest of the detector-plates, as will be more fully set forth hereinafter.

Figure 1 is a side view of my improved vibrator-blade, showing the abutments oblique 35 to the plane of the vibrator-blade. Fig. 2 is a view of the upper edge of the same. Fig. 3 is a side view of the guide in which the vibrator-blade moves, showing the abutments oblique to the longitudinal plane of the guide. 40 Fig. 4 is a view of the upper edge of the same.

Fig. 5 is a transverse sectional view of the

guide and the vibrator-blade.

In the drawings, a indicates the vibrator or feeler blade, and b b the preferred form of 45 teeth, having each two abutments c c and pyramidical ends d. The abutments c c are oblique to the edge of the blade a. The guide e has the groove f extending longitudinally between the sides g g. The teeth b b are 50 placed on the sides oblique to the longitudinal plane.

The vibrator-blade a is inserted into the groove f and is reciprocated longitudinally by

the usual reciprocating mechanism.

When a warp-thread breaks, the detector- 55 plate supported by the warp-thread drops onto the vibrator and is clamped between the oblique abutments c c of the guide and one of the oblique abutments c of the vibrator, thereby placing the detector-plate in the po- 60 sition oblique to the other detector-plates, separating the adjacent detector-plates, and forming a conspicuous change readily observed by the overlooker or weaver and saving time in detecting the broken warp.

I do not wish to confine myself to the exact construction or form of the teeth b, as this form may be altered, and the usual saw-tooth form heretofore used may be used provided the clamping-abutments ccare oblique to the 70 plane of the guide and preferably also oblique

to the plane of the vibrator-blade.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A vibrator-blade for warp stop-motions for looms having teeth the vertical clamping edges of which are oblique to the plane of the blade, as described.

2. A guide-plate for warp stop-motions for 80 looms, having two lines of teeth, the clamping edges of which are on a plane oblique to the guide-plates, as described.

3. In a vibrator feeler device for warp stopmotions for looms, a tooth having the clamp- 85 ing edge oblique to the plane of the tooth, as

described.

4. In a warp stop-motion for looms, the combination with a guide-plate having two lines of teeth separated by a vibrator-blade hav- 90 ing a line of teeth, the clamping edges of said teeth being oblique to the plane of the movement of the vibrator-blade, as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 95

two subscribing witnesses.

ALBERT K. PRATT.

Witnesses: B. M. SIMMS, JOSEPH A. MILLER.