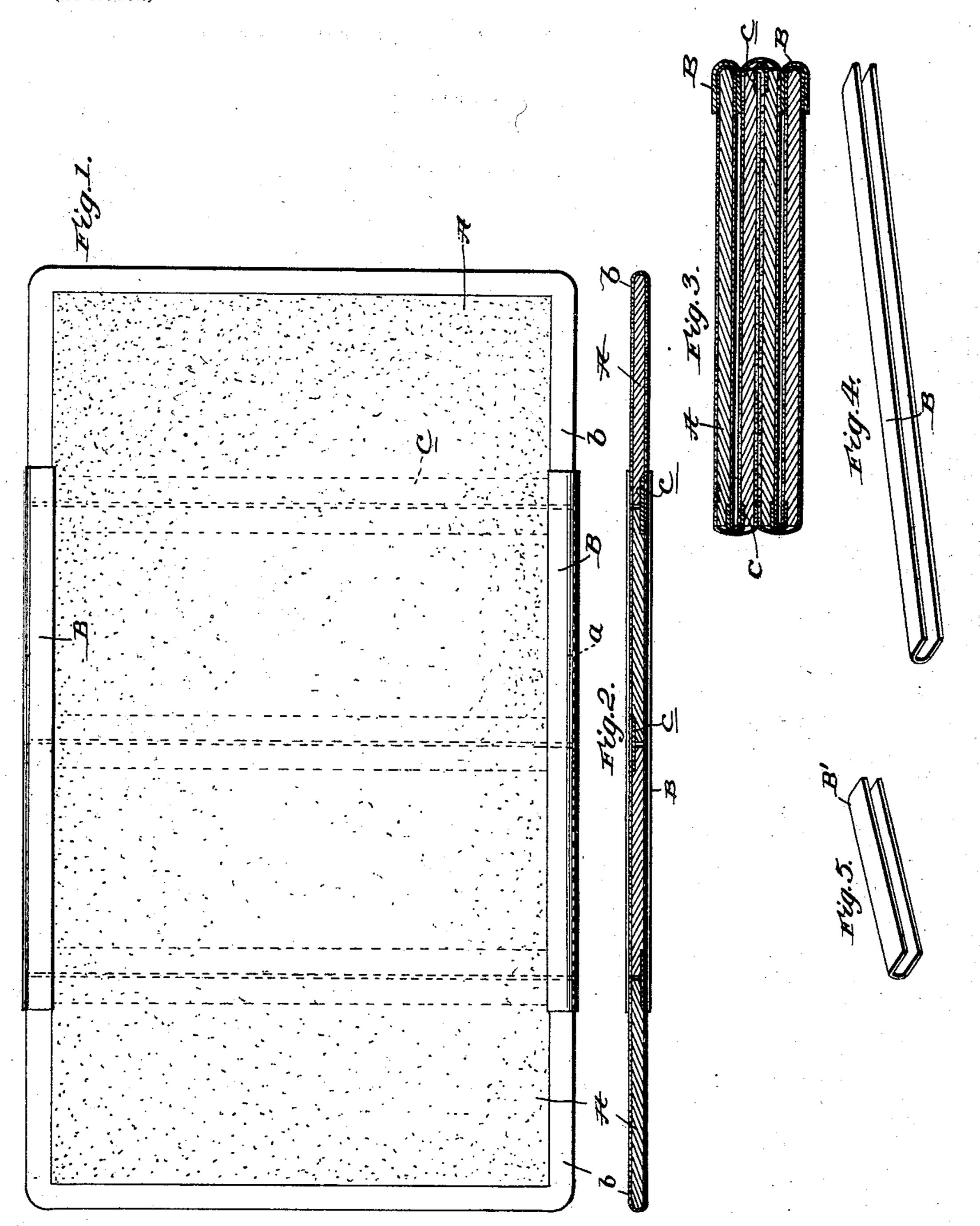
W. R. HOFFMANN. LAP BOARD.

(Application filed May 4, 1901.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses.

H. R. Hoffmounn By James Sheelry Fectorney

United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM R. HOFFMANN, OF ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI.

LAP-BOARD.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 696,044, dated March 25, 1902.

Application filed May 4, 1901. Serial No. 58,777. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM R. HOFFMANN, a citizen of the United States, residing at St. Joseph, in the county of Buchanan and State of Missouri, have invented new and useful Improvements in Lap-Boards for Work and Game Purposes, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in folding lap-boards; and its novelty and advantages will be fully understood from the following description and claim when taken in conjunction with the accompanying draw-

ings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of my improved lapboard as it appears when in its extended position ready for use. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section of the same. Fig. 3 is a transverse section of the board as it appears when folded, so as to take up but a minimum amount of space in a valise or the like. Fig. 4 is a perspective view of one of the strips or devices for rendering the board stiff or rigid throughout its length. Fig. 5 is a perspective view of one of the modified devices for the same purpose

purpose. Referring by letter to the said drawings, and more particularly to Figs. 1 to 4 thereof, AA are the sections of my improved foldable 30 board. These sections may be made of pasteboard, wood, or other material suitable to the purpose and of any suitable size, and four (more or less) of them may be employed, although I prefer to use the former number. 35 The intermediate sections are by preference provided at their end edges with protective coverings, of tin or other suitable sheet metal a, and the end sections are provided at their end edges and also at their outer longitudi-40 nal edges with similar protective coverings b, also of tin or other suitable sheet metal. The contiguous edges of the sections are flexibly connected by strips c, of textile fabric, leather, or other suitable material, and in the pre-45 ferred embodiment of the invention the said flexible strips are countersunk in the sides of the sections, as shown in Fig. 2, this in order

B B are strips, of channel form, which are designed to be applied to the opposite edges l

50 and width thereof.

to render the sides of the board smooth and

free from projections throughout the length

of the board and bridge the joints between the sections A after the manner shown in Fig. 1, so as to render the board stiff and rigid 55 throughout its length and hold it against casual flexing or folding. The said strips are of tin or other suitable sheet metal possessed of

resiliency.

In the practice of my invention when it is 60 desired to fold the board the strips B are removed from the opposite longitudinal edge thereof and are applied to the outer transverse edges of the end sections A, as shown in Fig. 3, after which the board may be com- 65 pactly folded, as also shown in the said figure, so that it will take up but a minimum amount of space in a valise or the like. When it is desired to use the lap-board, it is simply necessary for the operator to open the board into 70 the position shown in Fig. 1, remove the strips B from the end sections A, and apply said strips to the opposite longitudinal edges of the board, so as to enable them to bridge the joints between the several sections, when 75 the board will be rendered stiff and rigid throughout its length and level, throughout both its length and width, so as to afford a good surface upon which to play cards or other games, write, or work. The strips B 80 are possessed of resiliency and are either sprung upon the opposite longitudinal edges of the board or else applied endwise thereto. In either case they will by virtue of their resiliency not be liable to casual movement or 85 displacement when once properly placed in position.

My improved board is designed more particularly for the use of travelers, and in this connection is advantageous, because when a 90 traveler desires to play cards or the like in a car he has but to remove the folded device from his valise and open and secure the device in its open position after the manner described, when it is ready for use, and is calsculated to afford a light support for cards

and the like.

Because of its simplicity and consequent cheapness the device is susceptible of being used to advantage as an advertising medium, 100 and when it is so used inscriptions of suitable character may be placed upon one or both sides of the sections either before or after the same are connected together.

In lieu of the strips B a larger number of strips B' of shorter length may be employed. Said strips B', one of which is shown in Fig. 5, are of a length sufficient to enable them to bridge the joint between two sections and render the connection of said section stiff and rigid. When the board embraces four sections, as shown, it will be appreciated that six of the strips B' must be employed.

Having described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The herein-described lap-board consisting essentially of the plurality of sections having the countersinks in their sides and at their edges, the strips c of textile material arranged in said countersinks and connected to the sections and flexibly connecting said sections together so as to permit of them being folded one upon the other, protective sheet-metal cov-

erings on the end edges and outer side edges of the end sections, similar coverings on the end edges of the intermediate sections, and resilient sheet-metal strips of channel form; the said resilient strips being adapted in use 25 to straddle the opposite longitudinal edges of the board and bridge the joints between the sections, and, when not in use, to be similarly applied to the transverse or outer side edges of the end sections, and being also 30 adapted by reason of their resiliency to hold themselves against casual displacement from said edges of the sections.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in presence of two subscribing wit- 35

nesses.

WILLIAM R. HOFFMANN.

Witnesses:
TOBIAS LARSON,

JOHN A. FRENCH.