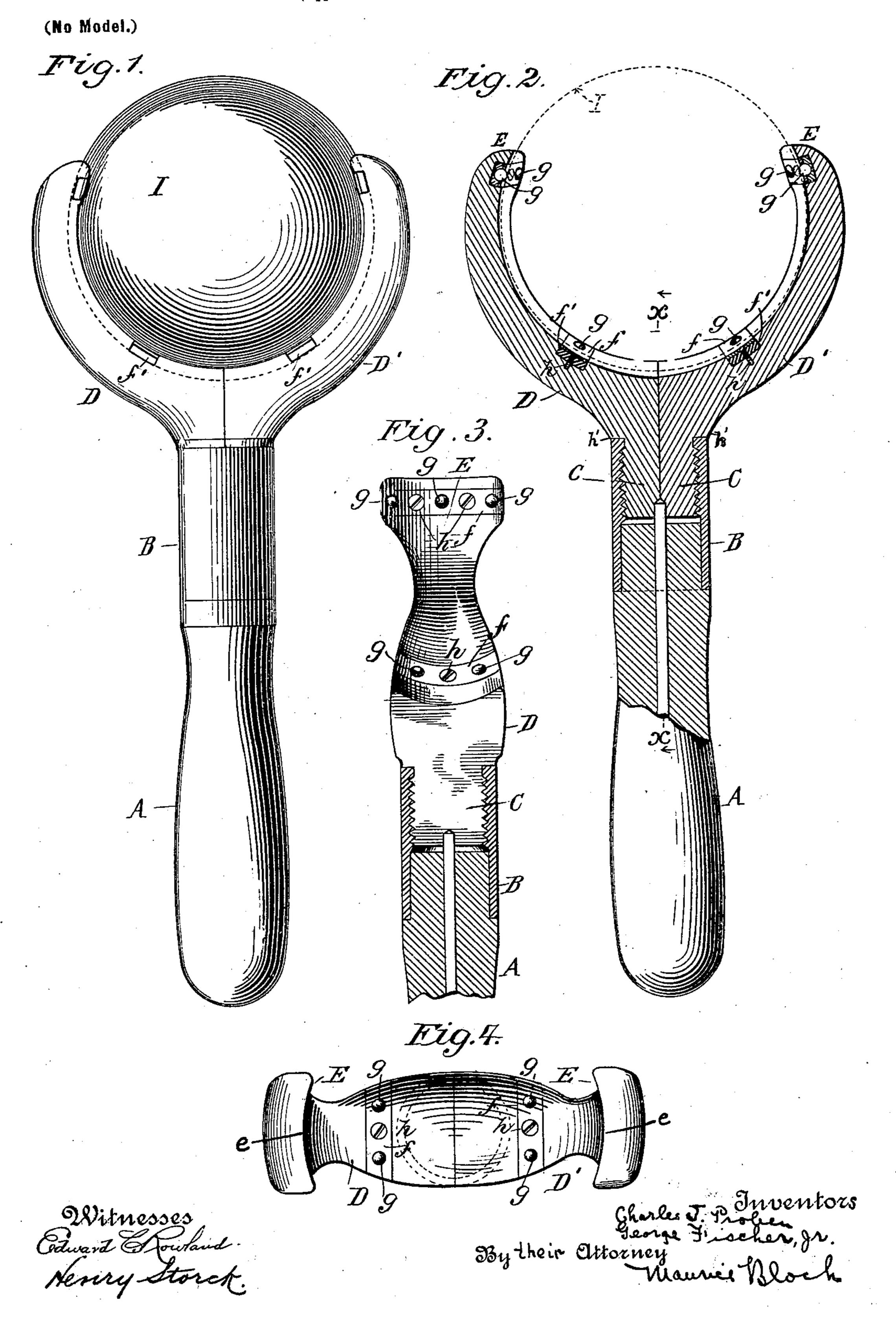
## C. I. PROBEN & G. FISCHER, JR. MASSAGE DEVICE.

(Application filed June 21, 1901.)



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## United States Patent Office.

CHARLES I. PROBEN AND GEORGE FISCHER, JR., OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## MASSAGE DEVICE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 693,064, dated February 11, 1902.

Application filed June 21, 1901. Serial No. 65,407. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, CHARLES I. PROBEN and George Fischer, Jr., residents of the city of New York, county and State of New 5 York, have invented an Improved Massage Device, of which the following is a full, clear.

and exact description.

Our invention relates to massaging apparatus, more particularly to that class of self-10 massage devices employing a ball for manipulation upon the muscles; and the invention has for its object to produce a massage-roller which will be simple in construction, durable and efficient in use, and in which the mas-15 sage-ball may be freely manipulated upon the muscles in every direction and whose parts may be readily assembled or disconnected.

The invention consists in the novel details of improvement and combination of parts 20 hereinafter more particularly described and

claimed.

Reference is had to the accompanying draw-

ings, forming part hereof, wherein-

Figure 1 is a side elevation of our improved 25 massage-roller. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal crosssection thereof, the ball being shown in dotted lines. Fig. 3 is a central section of the same on the line x x of Fig. 2 looking in the direction of the arrow, and Fig. 4 is a plan 30 or top view of Fig 2.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, A indicates the stem or handle of our massage

device.

D and D' are two arms or sections adapted 35 to be placed in juxtaposition, as shown in Figs. 1, 2, and 4. The inner face of one of these separable sections is shown more clearly in Fig. 3. These arm-like sections D D' are curved on their inner faces, as shown, and 40 are so constructed as to snugly hold the ball I between them and prevent the same from dropping out, but so as to permit the ball to have free movement in any direction. The free ends E of these arms D D'extend slightly 45 beyond the circumference of the ball I and are bent slightly inwardly, as shown, and the edges of said free ends of the arms D D' are slightly curved, as at e, to prevent the ball from slipping outlaterally. (See Fig. 4.) The 50 lower portion of each of the arms D D' has

screw-threaded shank-like extensions C, which engage and are locked in an interiorly-

screw-threaded sleeve or socket B upon the handle A. (See Fig. 2.) Upon the arms or sections D D' is a shoulder h', against which 55 the upper end of the sleeve or socket B en-

gages. (See Fig. 2.)

To facilitate the movement of the ball I and to avoid friction as far as possible, we provide at suitable points upon the inner face of 60 the arms D D' a series of antifriction-rollers of approved construction and held in place by any desired means, but preferably as shown, (see Figs. 2 and 3,) f' indicating countersunk plates, in which are suitable recesses for the 65 reception of the antifriction-rollers g, and findicating the top plate, having an opening through which the antifriction-rollers g project, said top plate being flush with the inner face of the sections D D'. The plates ff' 70 are held in place by the screw h. These antifriction-rollers are preferably located at opposite sides of an equator or great circle of the ball I, one set of said rollers being provided at or near the free ends of the arms D 75 D', as shown. The ball is disconnected by simply unscrewing the sleeve or socket B from the shank-like extensions of the separable divisions or arms DD', whereupon the same will fall apart and the ball be removed, and to 80 assemble the parts it is only necessary to reverse this procedure—i. e., to place the ball I between the arms D D' and interlock said arms by screwing the sleeve or socket B upon their shank-like screw-threaded extensions 85 (see Fig. 2) up against the shoulders h'.

Our improved massage-roller is intended to be utilized for heavy massage treatment, the ball I being a heavy steel ball and weighing from five to ten pounds, according to require- 90 ments; but it is of course understood that the ball I may be made of any other suitable material, such as glass, ivory, &c. It will be noted that by our improved construction of ball-retainer the ball can be manipulated 95 upon the muscles of the patient in any and every direction, and the operator is enabled to exert a heavy pressure upon the handle while manipulating the ball, and the ball may be rolled in every direction without chang- rec ing the position of the handle A.

Our improved instrument being readily disconnected, as above described, balls of different weights may be easily and quickly sub-

stituted by the operator, a feature of great advantage for massaging different parts of

the body.

By having the ball I projecting laterally 5 from the arms D D', as shown, it will be obvious that the ball can be caused to rub or operate upon certain parts by moving the handle substantially parallel with the portion of the body being treated, whereas this would 10 not be feasible were the handle held perpendicular to the parts to be massaged.

The handle A may be provided with a central longitudinal opening for the passage of an electrode for introducing an electric cur-15 rent to the ball I for electric massage treatment; but we do not claim this feature as

What we claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A massage device comprising a handle, a 20 pair of opposed curved arms projecting therefrom, said arms having concaved inner surfaces, and antifriction-rollers projecting from said inner surfaces of the arms, and a massage-ball located within the curves of said 25 arms, said ball projecting laterally and actually beyond said arms whereby the sides and the end of the ball can be manipulated upon the part to be massaged.

> CHARLES I. PROBEN. GEORGE FISCHER, JR.

Witnesses: FRED B. WILSON,