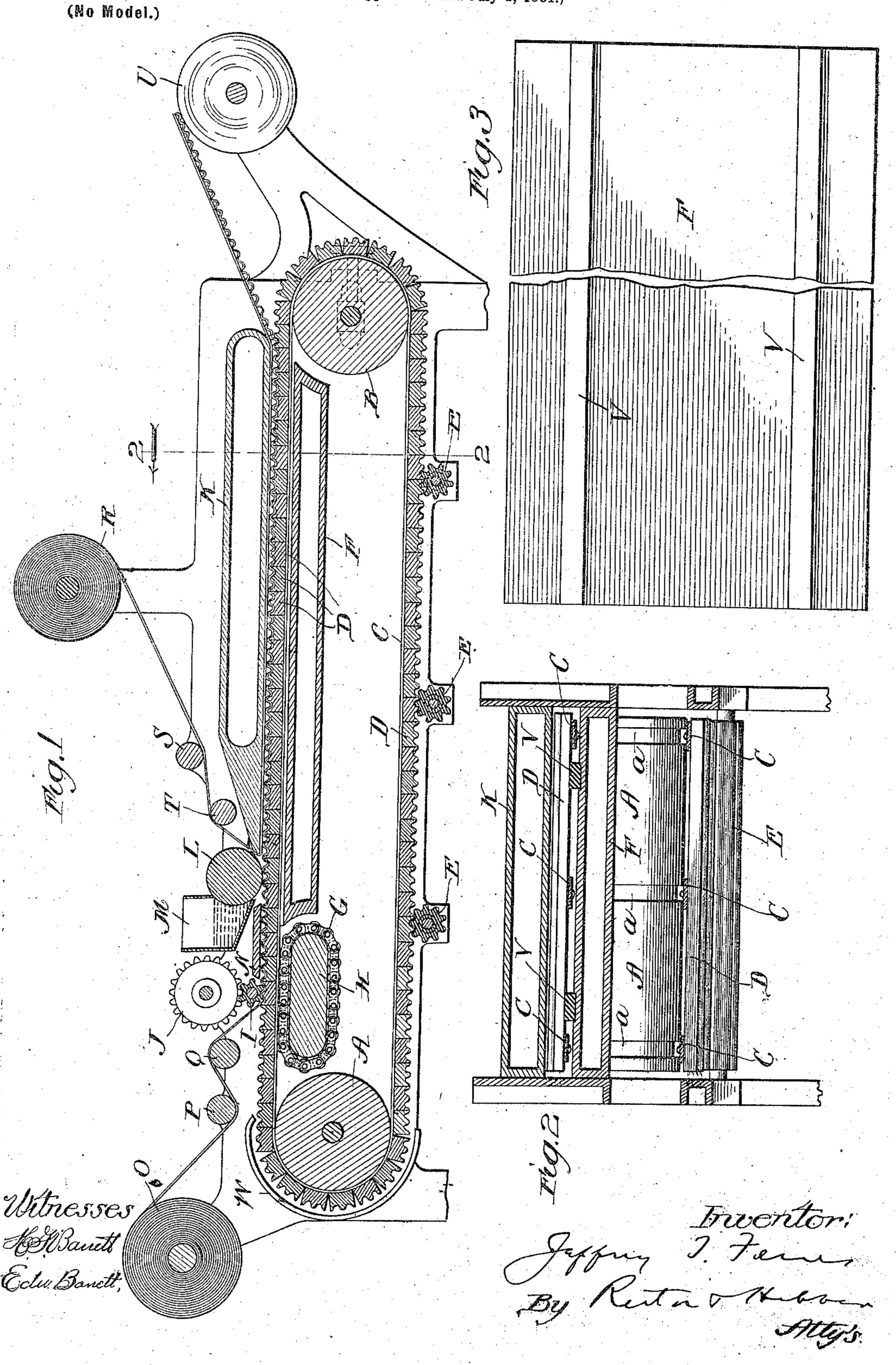
## J. T. FERRES.

## APPARATUS FOR CORRUGATING PAPER.

(Application filed July 1, 1901.)



## United States Patent Office.

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## APPARATUS FOR CORRUGATING PAPER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 690,713, dated January 7, 1902.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JEFFREY T. FERRES, a citizen of the United States, residing at Anderson, in the county of Madison, in the State 5 of Indiana, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Apparatus for Corrugating Paper, of which the following is a description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this speci-10 fication.

The object of my invention is to provide a simple and efficient apparatus for converting plain paper into corrugated paper whose corrugations shall be uniform and at an equal 15 distance from each other and also for securely affixing the facing-strip of plain paper to one surface of the corrugated strip and giving it a smooth and polished appearance, forming what is commonly known as "single-faced" 20 corrugated paper.

The novelty of my invention will be hereinafter set forth, and more particularly point-

ed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 25 represents a side view, partly in section, of my improved apparatus; Fig. 2, a vertical section upon the line 2 2 of Fig. 1, and Fig. 3 a top plan view of the lower heater.

The same letters of reference are used to 30 indicate like parts in the several views.

Journaled at opposite ends of the framework are two rolls or drums A B, over which pass a plurality of endless steel bands C, in the present instance three in number, Fig. 2. 35 Secured to these bands transversely of the machine and parallel with the rolls. A B is an iron lagging D, composed of a plurality of iron lags or bars extending transversely of the machine, parallel with the rolls AB, and 40 abutting tightly together side by side. These lags D are fluted or corrugated longitudinally upon their outer surfaces, so that the outer surface of the entire lagging is corrugated transversely of the machine, as shown. 45 At its lower side the lagging D is supported by three fluted or corrugated rollers E, meshing with the corrugations of the lagging, and at its upper side it travels over and is supported by a hollow steam-heated plate F and 50 also by a chain of rollers G, passing around

block II and chain of rollers G there meshes with the corrugations in the lagging D a small fluted or corrugated roller I, while located immediately above the roller I and 55 meshing therewith is a larger corrugated roller J, which is steam-heated. Supported above but resting upon the upper surface of the lagging D above the heater F is a second hollow heater K, whose forward or left-hand 60 end is tapered or beveled off, as shown, in order to extend into close proximity to the lower side of a paste-roll L, cooperating with a paste-box M. A flat plate N is secured in the framework transversely of the machine 65 between the paste-roll L and the corrugated roller I, immediately above the upper surface

of the lagging D.

Under this construction and arrangement of parts the operation is as follows: The strip 70 of plain paper to be corrugated is led from a suitably-supported roll O downward beneath a guide-roller P, thence upward over a second guide-roller Q, and thence downward beneath the roller I, by which it is pressed 75 into the corrugations in the lagging D, and from whence it passes onward with the lagging beneath the plate N and paste-roll L, by which latter paste is applied to its upper surface. The plate N serves to hold the pa- 80 per down in the corrugations of the lagging and prevent it from springing upward and being crushed out of shape in its passage beneath the paste-roll L. The strip of facingpaper is led from a roll R, thence downward 85 and forward beneath a guide-roller S, thence over a second guide-roller T, thence downward and forward around the thin forward edge of the heater K, and thence rearward beneath the latter. The lagging D is heated 90 by its passage over the heater F, and the small corrugating-roller I is heated by the larger roller J, so that the corrugated strip O and its facing-strip R are heated as they pass from the roller I rearward through the 95 machine, and the pressure and heat of the heater K upon the upper side of the strips as they pass beneath-it-causes the facing-strip to be securely attached to the corrugated strip and ironed and polished and both of 100 them dried and firmly secured together by a fixed block II. Immediately above the the time they emerge from the rear end of ...

said heater, whence they are led to and wound upon a storage-reel U.

The purpose of the block II and chain of rollers G (of which latter there may be sev-5 eral sets placed end to end lengthwise of the

block H) is to support the lagging D at each side of the vertical plane of the corrugatingroller I as well as immediately beneath it, and thereby prevent the lagging from rockto ing, as it would be liable to do if supported beneath the roller 1 by a single plain roller, and also obviate the friction which the pressure of the rollers I I upon the upper side of the lagging would cause between the under

15 side of the lagging and any fixed support, such as a forward prolongation of the heater F, for the lagging at such point.

It is essential that the strip of paper to be corrugated shall be pressed into the corruga-20 tions of the lagging by a roller of comparatively small diameter, so that only a few of its teeth or corrugations can mesh with the corrugations of the lagging at the same time, in order to prevent mutilation of the paper; 25 but as a roller of such small diameter but of sufficient length for a wide strip of paper would not be strong and rigid enough to exert the necessary pressure upon the strip of paper the entire width of the machine the 30 heavier and more powerful roller J is provided, which is located immediately above the roller I and holds the latter in firm engagement with the lagging.

In the present instance the lagging D is se-35 cured to the steel bands C by rivets, and to accommodate the heads of the rivets upon the inner surface of said bands in passing over the rolls AB the latter are provided with circumferential grooves a, Fig. 2, in line

40 with the rows of rivets.

In its passage over the upper surface of the heater F the lagging D is subjected to sliding friction, to relieve which I provide the upper surface of said heater with a plu-45 rality of longitudinal grooves, which I fill with strips of Babbitt metal or brass V, projecting a sufficient distance above the surface of the heater to hold the steel bands C and heads of the rivets out of contact therewith, as shown 5¢ in Fig. 2. These friction strips can be readily removed when they become worn down and

cheaply replaced with new ones.

To accommodate the expansion and contraction of the steel bands C under varying 55 temperatures, one of the rolls AB, which support the lagging, may be mounted in adjustable bearings, as in the case of the roller B in Fig. 1, or for the same purpose the supporting-rollers E may be mounted in verti-60 cally-adjustable bearings to permit more or less sag to the lower part of the lagging.

To prevent any particles of dirt or other matter from falling between the lags D in their passage over the forward and upper side 65 of the roll A, and thereby prevent the lags coming tightly together again, I provide a curved shield W for the lagging at that point.

A similar shield may be provided at the rear end of the machine; but anything that might fall between the lags as they pass over the 70 upper and rear side of the roll B would be apt to fall out again as the lags passed around.

the under side of the roll.

The functions of the heater-plate F are, first, to heat the lagging D, and, second, to 75 support said lagging in its passage rearward from the forward supporting roll A to the rear roll B. The first of these functions, however, may be performed by the rolls A B, which may be made hollow and steam-heated 80 for the purpose, in which event the heaterplate may be dispensed with and any other suitable support for the lagging be provided, although I consider it preferable to employ said heater, as shown, for both of said purposes. 85 So, also, the functions of the upper heater K may be performed, but in a less satisfactory manner, by a series of rollers bearing upon the uppersurface of the lagging, which to smoothly iron the upper surface of the corrugated pa- 90 per and prevent it having a ribby appearance should be placed diagonally or at least at a slight angle to the corrugations of the lagging. Likewise the corrugating-roller I may be drilled longitudinally and steam- 95 heated, in which event it will be unnecessary to heat the larger roller J, the latter being then employed simply to support the roller I and hold it in firm engagement with the corrugated lagging.

I am aware that it has heretofore been proposed to employ in a machine of this character an endiess corrugating-lagging composed of fluted or corrugated lags secured side by side at their opposite ends to the links of 105 endless chains; but such construction is not practicable, for the reason, among others, that the wearing of the joints of the chains permits separation of the lags and consequent destruction of the uniformity of the corruga- 110

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tions.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim—

1. In apparatus for corrugating paper, an endless corrugated lagging composed of a plu-115 rality of endless metal bands and a plurality of longitudinally fluted or corrugated lags secured thereto side by side transversely of the machine; substantially as described.

2. In apparatus for corrugating paper, an 120 endless lagging composed of a plurality of endless steel bands and a plurality of longitudinally fluted or corrugated iron lags riveted to said bands side by side transversely of the machine; substantially as described. 125

3. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller meshing with the corrugations 130 of the lagging in its passage from the forward to the rear supporting-roll, a larger and stronger corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the similer corrugating-roller to maintain it in firm engagement with the corrugations of the lagging throughout the length of said roller, and a support for the lagging beneath said rollers;

5 substantially as described.

4. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small cor-10 rugating-roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging in its passage from the forward to the rear supporting - roll, a larger and stronger corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller cor-15 rugating-roller to maintain it in firm engagement with the corrugations of the lagging throughout the length of said roller, a supporting block or bar extending transversely of the machine beneath said rollers, and an 20 endless chain of antifriction-rollers passing around said block and supporting the lagging beneath the corrugating - rollers; substantially as described.

5. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the 25 combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging in its passage from the forward 30 to the rear supporting-roll, a larger and stronger steam-heated corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller corrugating-roller to heat the latter and maintain it in firm engagement with 35 the corrugations of the lagging throughout the length of said rollers, and a support for the lagging beneath said rollers; substan-

tially as described.

6. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the 40 combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging in its passage from the forward 45 to the rear supporting - roll, a larger and stronger steam-heated corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller corrugating-roller to heat the latter and maintain it in firm engagement with so the corrugations of the lagging throughout the length of said roller, a supporting block or bar extending transversely of the machine beneath said rollers, and an endless chain of antifriction-rollers passing around said block 35 and supporting the lagging beneath the corrugating-rollers; substantially as described.

7. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums for said lagging at 60 the opposite ends of the machine, a corrugating-roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging adjacent the forward supporting-roll, and a heater-plate located immediately above the lagging in its passage from the corrugat-65 ing-roller to the rear supporting-roll; sub-

stantially as described.

8. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the l

combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a corrugating- 70 roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging adjacent the forward supporting-roll, a paste-box and paste-roll located in rear of the corrugating-roller, and a heater-plate located immediately above the lagging in its 75 passage from the paste-roll to the rear supporting-roll to heat and dry and iron the paper in its passage with the lagging beneath said plate; substantially as described.

9. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the 80 combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a corrugatingroller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging adjacent the forward supporting-roll, 85 a paste-box and paste-roll located in rear of the corrugating-roller, and heater-plates located immediately above and beneath the lagging in its passage from the paste-roll to the rear supporting-roll; substantially as de- 90 scribed.

10. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting-rolls therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller 95 meshing with the corrugations of the lagging in its passage rearward from the forward supporting-roll, a larger and stronger corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller roller, a support for the 100 lagging beneath said rollers, and a heaterplate located immediately above the lagging in its passage from the corrugating-roller to the rear supporting-roll; substantially as described.

11. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting-rolls therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging 110 in its passage rearward from the forward supporting-roll, a larger and stronger corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller roller, a support for the lagging beneath said rollers, and heater- 115 plates located immediately above and beneath the lagging in its passage from the corrugating-roller to the rear supporting-roll; substantially as described.

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12. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the 120 combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting-rolls therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller meshing with the corrugations of the lagging in its passage from the forward to the rear 125 supporting-roll, a larger and stronger corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller roller, a support for the lagging beneath said corrugating-rollers, a paste-box and paste-roll in rear of said cor- 130 rugating rollers, and a heater-plate located immediately above the lagging in its passage from the paste-roll to the rear supporting-roll; substantially as described.

13. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting-rolls therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, a small corrugating-roller 5 meshing with the corrugations of the lagging in its passage from the forward to the rear supporting-roll, a larger and stronger corrugated roller located immediately above and meshing with the smaller roller, a support for 10 the lagging beneath said corrugating-rollers, a paste-box and paste-roll in rear of said corrugating-rollers, and heater-plates located immediately above and beneath the lagging in its passage from the paste-roll to the rear 15 supporting-roll; substantially as described.

14. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, corrugated sup-20 porting-rollers meshing with the under side of said lagging in its passage from the rear to the forward supporting-roll, and means for supporting the upper side of the lagging in its passage from the forward to the rear sup-25 porting-roll; substantially as described.

15. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging composed of a plurality of endless metal bands and a plurality of longitudinally fluted 30 or corrugated lags secured to said bands side by side transversely of the machine, supporting rolls or drums for said lagging at the opposite ends of the machine, corrugated supporting-rollers meshing with the under side 35 of said lagging in its passage from the rearward to the forward supporting roll or drum, and means for adjusting the supports of said lagging to accommodate expansion and contraction of the metal bands; substantially as 40 described.

16. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, and a supporting heater-plate located immediately beneath said lagging in its passage from the forward to the rearward supporting-roll and provided with longitudinal strips of antifriction metal projecting above the surface of said heater 50 and upon which the lagging rests and travels in its rearward passage; substantially as described.

17. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of an endless corrugated lagging, 55 supporting rolls or drums therefor at the opposite ends of the machine, and a shield for said lagging in its passage over one of said rolls; substantially as described.

18. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the 60 endless corrugated lagging, composed of the plurality of metal bands C and the longitudinally fluted or corrugated lags D secured thereto side by side transversely of the machine; substantially as described.

19. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the endless corrugated lagging composed of the l

plurality of metal bands C and the longitudinally fluted or corrugated lags D riveted to said bands, in combination with the rolls or drums A B for supporting said lagging and 70 provided with the circumferential grooves a for the passage of the heads of the rivets by which the lags are secured to the bands; substantially as described.

20. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the 75 combination of the endless corrugated lagging composed of the metal bands C and lags D, the supporting rolls or drums A B for said lagging at the opposite ends of the machine, the corrugated supporting-rollers E for the 80 under side of said lagging, the corrugatingroller I meshing with the upper surface of the lagging, the corrugated roller J located above and meshing with the roller I, a support for the lagging beneath the roller I, and the 85 heater-plates F K adjacent the lagging between the roller I and supporting-roll B; substantially as described.

21. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination of the endless corrugated lagging 90 composed of the metal bands C and lags D, the supporting rolls or drums A B for said lagging at the opposite ends of the machine, the corrugated supporting-rollers E for the under side of said lagging, the corrugating- 95 roller I meshing with the upper surface of the lagging, the corrugated roller J located above and meshing with the roller I, a support for the lagging beneath the roller I, the paste-box M and paste-roll L in rear of the roller I, and 100 the heater-plates F K adjacent the lagging in rear of the roll L; substantially as described.

22. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination, with the endless corrugated lagging D and its supports, of the small corru- 105 gating-roller I, the larger corrugated roller J meshing therewith, the supporting-block H beneath the roller I, and the endless chain of rollers G passing around said block and supporting the lagging beneath the roller I, sub- 110 stantially as described.

23. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the combination, with the endless corrugated lagging D and its supporting rolls or drums A B, of the corrugated supporting-rollers E mesh- 115 ing with said lagging in its passage from the rear roller B to the forward roller A; sub-

stantially as described. 24. In apparatus for corrugating paper, the

combination, with the endless corrugated lag- 120 ging D and its supports, of the corrugatingroller I meshing with said lagging in its passage rearward from the supporting-roll A, the paste-box M and paste-roll L in rear of the roller I, and the plate N located immediately 125 above the lagging D between the roller I and paste-roll L; substantially as described.

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Witnesses: D. H. DURBIN, F. E. MUSTARD.