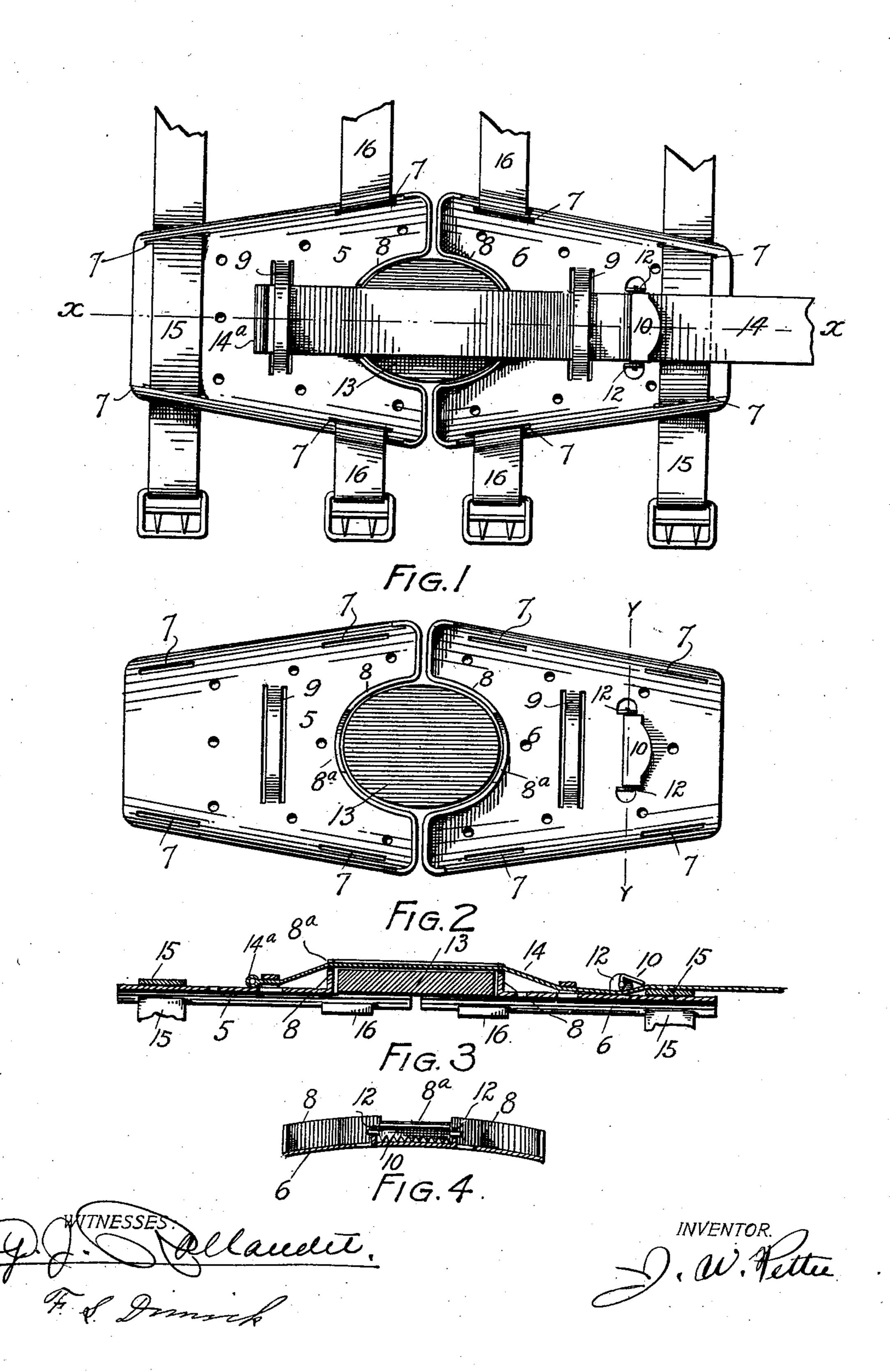
J. W. PETTEE. FRACTURE APPARATUS. (Application filed Mar. 5, 1901.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

JOHN W. PETTEE, OF DENVER, COLORADO, ASSIGNOR OF TWO-THIRDS TO GEORGE W. COOK AND SELDEN M. FRENCH, OF DENVER, COLORADO.

FRACTURE APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 689,831, dated December 24, 1901.

Application filed March 5, 1901. Serial No. 49,796. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John W. Pettee, a citizen of the United States, residing at Denver, in the county of Arapahoe and State of Colorado, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Fracture Apparatus; and I dodeclare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to fracture apparatus and contemplates the production of an improved splint adapted more especially for use in connection with fractures of the patella.

The nature of the invention will be readily comprehended, reference being had to the following description and to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of a splint embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same, certain of the parts being omitted. 25 Fig. 3 is a sectional view taken on line x x of

Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a sectional view taken on

line y y of Fig. 3. Referring to the drawings by numerals, 5 6 denote, perferably, perforated splint-sec-30 tions, which in practice are applied above and below the knee, being secured in place by straps 15 16, passed through slots 7. The inner ends of the straps 16 are preferably looped through the slots 7 and held in place 35 by stitching, while the confined portion of the straps 15 is above the section. The sections are made of any suitable material. When made of stiff material, the sections are transversely curved to conform to the curva-40 ture of the portions of the leg to which they are applied. Obviously sections of flexible material will conform naturally to the form of the leg portions and are therefore self-adjusting. Each of the sections is recessed at 45 its inner end, providing therefore centrally of

as shown. At the inner end of each section is a flange 8. The flange is cut away or recessed, as shown at 8^a, the depth being approximately that shown in Figs. 2 and 3.

14 denotes a strap, one end 14^a of which is held by a loop 9, formed, preferably, integrally

with the section.

The patella is represented by the block 13. The strap 14 passes over the patella, the re- 55 cesses 8^a in the flanges permitting the strap to bear downwardly on the patella. In addition to exerting this downward pressure the strap operates to draw the sections of the splint firmly against the upper and lower 60 parts of the patella. To this end, the strap is passed through a loop 9 in the other section and finally beneath the serrated jaw of a clasp, the jaw being pivoted in ears 12, preferably integral with the section. The strap 65 is either of itself elastic or is secured in a manner to render it elastic, and the degree of pressure desired is obtained by adjusting the strap, the adjustment being maintained by the clasp. It will be understood that the pa- 70 tella may or may not extend to the depth of the recesses in the flanges. In no two cases is there the same formation, and the amount of dressing applied will be proportioned to the degree of prominence of the patella. Once 75 properly placed the splint will hold all of the pieces of the fractured patella, regardless of their number, and by reason of the sectional construction the fracture can be easily and safely examined and dressed by remov- 80 ing one section at a time.

My improved splint, although very efficient in operation, is of very simple and inexpensive construction, and by its use the operation of treating fractures of the patella is 85 greatly simplified and is attended with the minimum of suffering and inconvenience on the part of the patient and a saving of labor and time to the operator.

and time to the operator.

its inner end, providing therefore centrally of the splint an opening which may be elliptical, I claim as my invention—

1. A splint comprised of sections adapted for use upon each side of the patella and each

provided with attaching means, a yielding member connecting the sections in a manner to produce pressure against the patella, and means for varying said pressure.

for use upon each side of the patella and each provided with attaching means, an elastic strap connecting the sections and adapted to draw the latter against the patella, and a

clasp for the strap permitting variation of 10 pressure.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN W. PETTEE.

Witnesses:

H. J. INGERSOLL, C. H. JACOBSON.