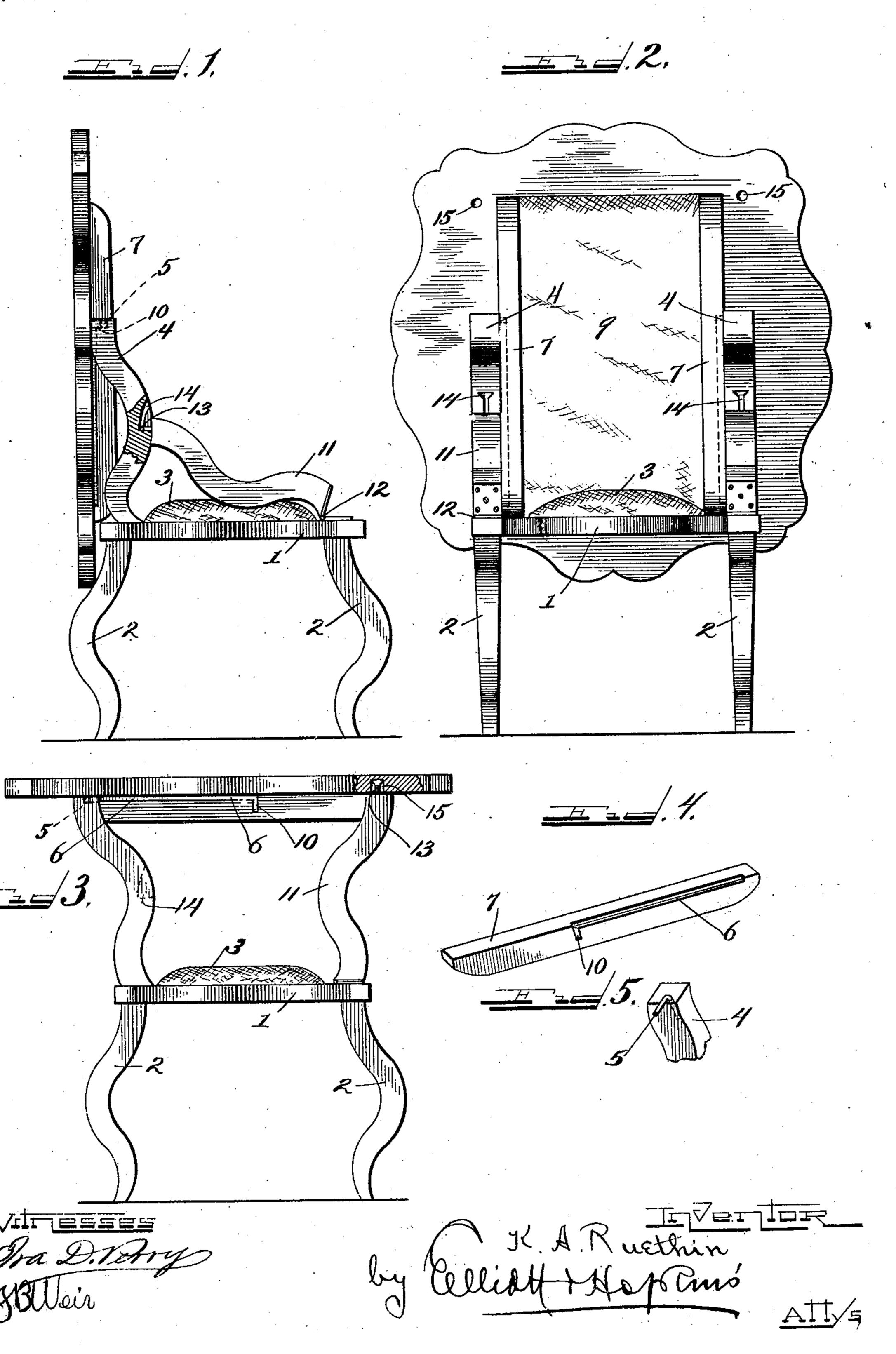
No. 688,341.

K. A. RUETHIN.

CONVERTIBLE CHAIR AND TABLE.

(Application filed Sept. 22, 1900.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

KNUTE ALBIN RUETHIN, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

CONVERTIBLE CHAIR AND TABLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 688,341, dated December 10, 1901.

Application filed September 22, 1900. Serial No. 30,749. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, KNUTE ALBIN RUETHIN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Convertible Chairs and Tables, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact specification.

My invention relates to a piece of furniture which may be converted from a table into a chair, and has for its object to provide a simple yet durable and ornamental article of furniture capable of this twofold use and one which will not require any especial skill or

15 experience for its operation.

With these ends in view my invention consists in certain features of novelty in the construction, combination, and arrangement of parts by which the said objects and certain other objects hereinafter appearing are attained, all as fully described with reference to the accompanying drawings, and more particularly pointed out in the claims.

In the said drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation, partially sectioned, of my improved piece of furniture, showing the same converted into a chair. Fig. 2 is a front elevation thereof. Fig. 3 is a side elevation thereof, showing the same converted into a table.

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of one of the side bars hereinafter described, and Fig. 5 is a perspective view of the upper end of one of the

fixed stanchions hereinafter described. 1 represents a chair seat or bottom sup-35 ported in any suitable way, as by means of legs 2, and provided, if desired, with a cushion 3, and upon this chair-bottom is secured a chair-back support of any suitable form, but preferably consisting of a pair of uprights or 40 standards 4, which are secured to the bottom 1 at their lower ends in any suitable manner. The upper end of each of these standards 4 is provided on its inner side with a lug 5, these two lugs projecting toward each other and engaging in slots 6, which may be grooves formed along the outer faces of two crossbars 7, respectively, which latter are secured to a member 8, which when the article is used as a chair constitutes the chair-back and 50 when it is used as a table, the member 8 being arranged in a horizontal position, serves

the member 8 or table-top may be upholstered or provided with a cushion 9 between the side bars 7 to serve as a back for the chair. 55 When the article is used as a chair, the member 8 is stood in an upright position, as shown in Fig. 1, and allowed to descend until the upper ends of the slots 6 come against the lugs 5. When in this position, the lower end 60 of the member 8 will be below the chair bottom or seat 1 and the lugs 5 will be above the center of gravity of the member 8, so that the latter will possess a normal tendency to remain in an upright position and of course will 65 be held so by gravity when not in use and by the pressure of the back of the sitter against the upper part when in use. In order that the table-top may be thus turned downwardly when the ends of the slot 6 reach the lugs 5, 70 allowing it to pass the corners of the standards 4, the slots 6 are provided with offshoots 10, projecting at right angles thereto to permit the table-top 8 to move rearwardly with reference to the lugs 5 as it approaches the 75 perpendicular.

11 represents standards or supports, which are hinged at 12 to the bottom or seat 1 at their lower ends, while their upper ends are provided with headed pins 13, which drop 80 into dovetail slots 14, which may be grooves formed in the forward sides of the standards or uprights 4, and thus constitute arms for the chair and also brace the standards 4, holding the latter against oscillation in either di- 85 rection. When the article is to be used as a table, the hinged standards 11 are stood in an upright position, as shown in Fig. 3, and the pins 13 are allowed to engage in suitable sockets 15, formed in the bottom of the table-top 90 8, the table-top being slid along the lugs 5 or drawn toward the standards 11 until the lugs reach the left-hand ends of the slots 6, as viewed in Fig. 3. In converting the article from a table into a chair again it is simply 95 necessary to lift the right-hand end of the table-top 8 until the headed pins 13 disengage the sockets 15, whereupon the top may be allowed to slide down the lugs 5 into the position shown in Fig. 1, the arms 11 being dropped ico back into the position shown in that figure.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new therein, and desire to secure by

as the table-top. If desired, the bottom of Letters Patent, is-

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1. In a device for the purpose described a chair, two rigid upright back supports, and two hinged side standards therefor, a groove and stud connecting said supports and stand-5 ards in combination with a combined chairback and table-top and a groove-and-stud connection between said table-top and up-

rights, substantially as set forth.

2. In a device for the purpose described, a 10 chair, two rigid upright back-supports, and two hinged side standards therefor, a groove and stud connecting said supports and standards in combination with a combined chairback and table-top and a groove-and-stud 15 connection between said table-top and uprights, said groove having a right-angle extension supporting the table-top in its upright

position, substantially as set forth.

3. In a device for the purpose described a 20 chair, two rigid upright back-supports, each provided with grooves upon the front sides thereof, two standards hinged to and toward the forward side of the chair and provided in their rear ends with studs engaging said 25 grooves in combination with a combined chairback and table-top provided with grooves and | Witnesses: uprights provided with studs engaged in said | F. A. HOPKINS, grooves, substantially as set forth. Jno. G. Elliott.

4. In a device for the purpose described a chair, two rigid upright back-supports and 30 two hinged side standards therefor, a grooveand-stud connection between said supports and standards in combination with a combined chair-back and table-top having crossbars provided with a groove in the outer 35 sides thereof and studs in the upright standards engaging said grooves, substantially as set forth.

5. In a device for the purpose described a chair, two rigid upright back-supports and 40 two side standards therefor hinged toward the front side of the chair, said uprights being provided with grooves struck on the arc of a circle and said standards being provided with lugs in their ends engaging said grooves 45 in combination with a combined chair-back and table-top provided with cross-bars having in their outer sides an elongated groove provided with a right-angle extension and studs in the upper ends of said standards 50 engaging said grooves, substantially as set forth.

KNUTE ALBIN RUETHIN.