No. 686,330.

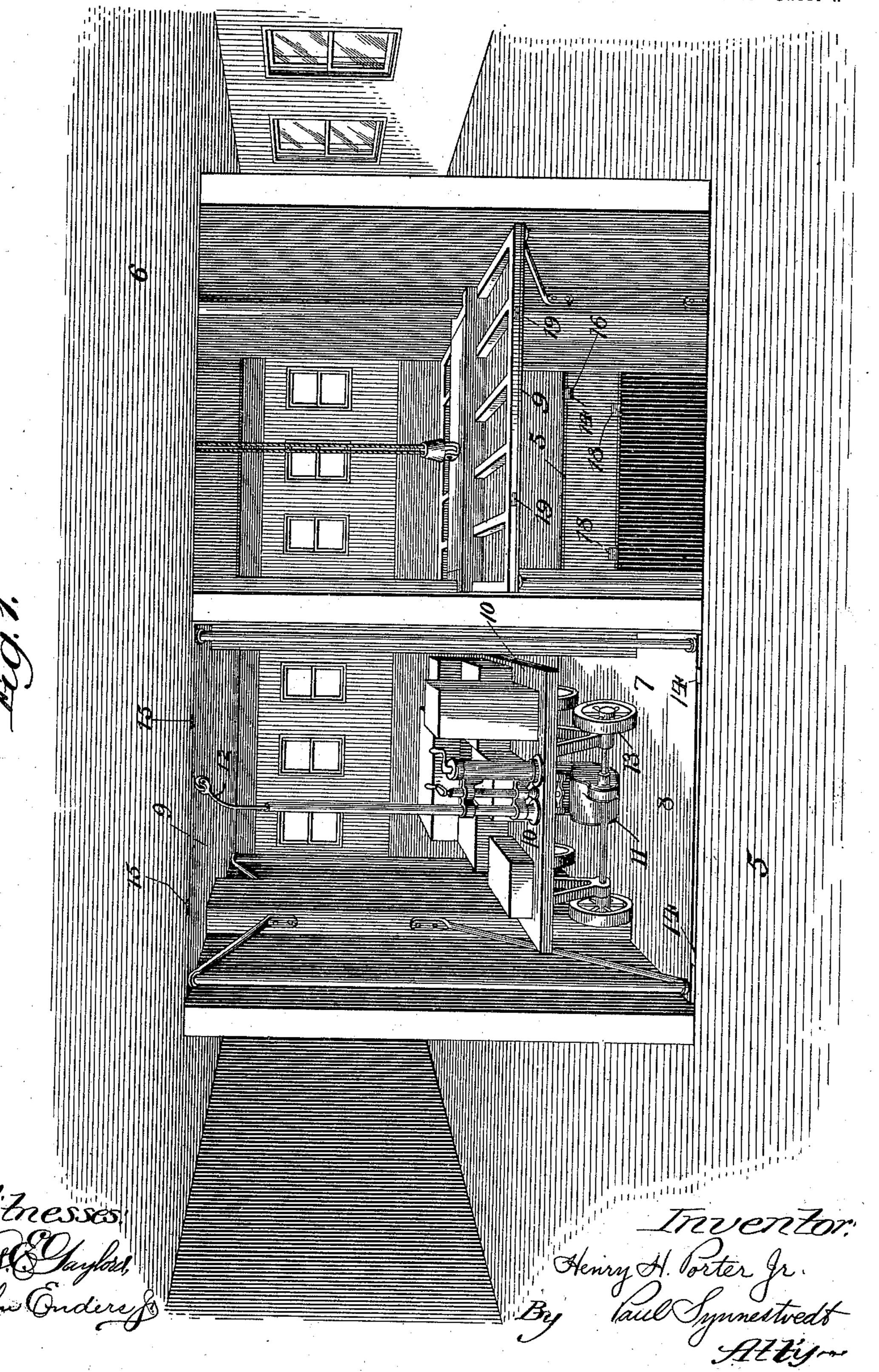
Patented Nov. 12, 1901.

H. H. PORTER, JR. ELECTRIC TRANSFER APPARATUS.

(Application filed Apr. 1, 1901.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet i.

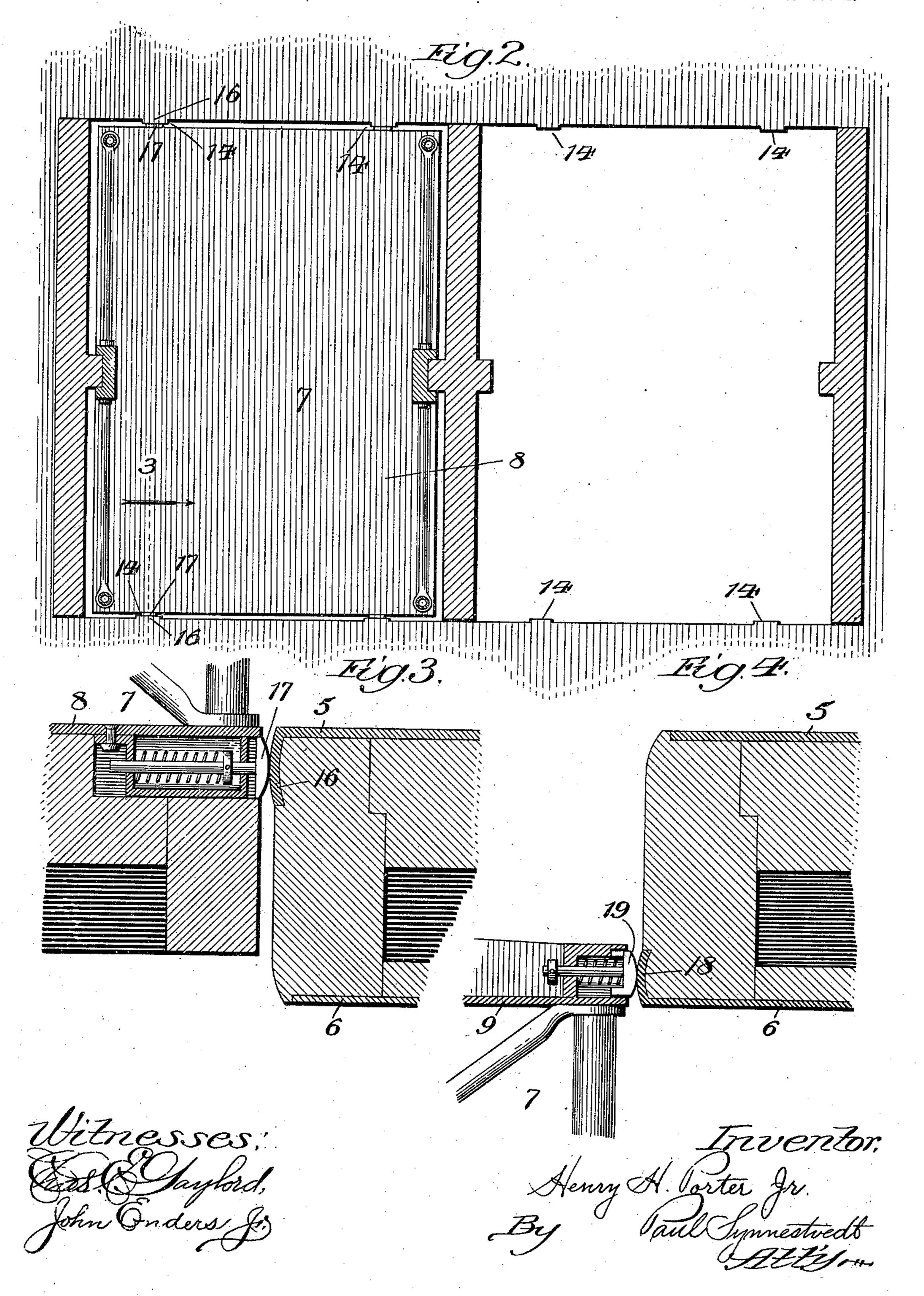


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(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 2.



United States Patent Office.

HENRY H. PORTER, JR., OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

ELECTRIC TRANSFER APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 686,330, dated November 12, 1901.

Application filed April 1, 1901. Serial No. 53,811. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY H. PORTER, Jr., a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, Cook county, Illinois, have invented cer-5 tain new and useful Improvements in Electric Transfer Apparatus, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification.

My invention has special reference to the 10 employment of motor-driven trucks or transfer devices in buildings or structures, such as warehouses or factories, having a plurality of stories or floors and elevating mechanism forming a means of transfer between said

15 several floors.

More specifically my invention has reference to the combination, with apparatus of the kind above specified, of devices for driving the motor-driven transfer-trucks by

20 means of electricity.

It has been heretofore proposed to construct a mechandise-transfer apparatus in which a transfer-truck is provided with a motor for driving the same actuated by elec-25 tricity taken through a trolley running against an overhead trolley-plate, the current being preferably returned through the wheels of the truck by means of a metallic tractionfloor. In carrying out my invention I aim to 30 utilize the said improvements in a building having a plurality of floors or stories and in the accomplishment of such end to provide each of the stories of the said building with a metallic traction-floor and a trolley-plate 35 ceiling, suitable contact devices being employed to bring the traction-floor and trolleyplate of the elevator in circuit with the traction-floor and trolley-plate ceiling of each story when the elevator is in position to per-40 mit the transfer-trucks to be moved onto or off the same.

In order to make my invention more clear, I have illustrated the same in preferred form in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing the interior of a building to which my invention has been applied. Fig. 2 is a section taken on a horizontal plane, showing the arrangement of the elevator-shafts. Fig. 3 is a de-50 tail showing the contact mechanism employed for the traction-floor, and Fig. 4 is a detail showing the arrangement of the contact mechanism employed for the trolley-

plate.

Supposing Fig. 1 to represent the second 55 floor of a warehouse, it will be seen that the story shown has a metallic traction-floor 5 and a metallic trolley-plate ceiling 6, which may be insulated by any suitable means, (not forming any special part of my present invention,) 60 and that as a means for carrying the transfer-trucks from one story of the building to another I have provided an elevator 7 or, as shown, a plurality of elevators, each of which has a metallic traction-floor 8 and a 65 trolley-plate ceiling or top 9, arranged so that when the transfer-truck 10 is to be taken from one story of the building to another it can be run directly onto the elevator by its own motor 11, current for the same being sup- 70 plied through the trolley-wheel 12 by means of contact of the same with the trolley-plate and through the traction-wheels 13 by means of contact of the latter with the traction-floor. At points which I have marked 14 I have 75 placed contact devices for the traction-floor and at points marked 15 contact devices for the trolley-plates, the detailed construction of the same which I prefer being indicated clearly in Figs. 3 and 4, which I shall now de- 80 scribe, as follows: Connected with the metallic surface of the traction-floor 5 of the main portion of the building is a downwardly-projecting metallic flange 16, adapted to register with a spring-pressed contact-button 17, 85 which is in circuit with the traction-floor 8 of the elevator when the elevator-floor is on a level with the floor of the building. A like arrangement of devices is employed in connection with the trolley-plates, as is clearly 90 shown in Fig. 4, wherein 18 is the flange, connected with the trolley-plate ceiling, and 19 the electrical contact or device, which is in circuit with the trolley-plate 9 of the elevator. In order to prevent the contact-piece 19 from 95 rubbing against both the flanges 18 and 16, the latter are arranged at different distances from the center of the elevator-shaft, as shown in Fig. 1. Contact devices arranged to be operated by hand instead of automatically 100 could be used, if desired; but I prefer the automatic arrangement because of its greater convenience and less liability to derangement, such as would result with a hand-operated contact should the operator neglect to throw it over properly before moving the elevator.

Instead of making the entire ceiling or floor of the elevator into a conducting-plate a narrow trolley-strip or track-rail with or without flanges or even a trolley-wire or T-rail could be used on the elevator, if preferred, as the transfer-trucks could be moved onto or off the elevator in about the same position at all times, if necessary, it being only necessary that the trucks when off the elevater should be free to run in any direction without any interference one with another.

The operation of my invention is as follows: Goods having been loaded upon the transfertruck 10, the elevator is brought to a position on a level with the floor upon which the said truck stands, in which position the traction-20 floor and trolley-plate on the elevator through the instrumentality of the contact devices already described have their circuits completed, after which the truck can be run by its own motive power onto the elevator, ready 25 to be carried up or down, as the case may be. The elevator is now started, which immediately results in automatically breaking the contacts, so as to make inadvertent movement of the truck impossible while the ele-30 vator is in motion between the several floors, the circuits being again automatically completed at each floor, so that at any one desired, when the elevator is brought to rest, the trucks can be run off and about the building

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

35 by their own motive power.

1. The combination of a structure having 40 a plurality of stories, a plurality of trolleyplate ceilings in said structure, an elevator,

a trolley-plate or equivalent for said elevator, contact devices for completing the circuit between the elevator trolley-plate and any of said trolley-plate ceilings, and means form- 45 ing a return-circuit for the current received through said trolley-plate ceilings and elevator trolley-plate, whereby an electrically-driven transfer-truck may be run on or off said elevator by its own power, substantially 50 as described.

2. A transfer apparatus, comprising a structure having a plurality of stories, a traction-floor and trolley-plate for a plurality of said stories, an elevator, a traction-floor and trolley-plate or equivalent for said elevator, and contact devices for completing the circuit between the elevator traction-floor and trolley-plate and the adjacent traction-floor and trolley-plate of the main structure, when the ele- 60 vator is at the level of any of the said stories, substantially as described.

3. A transfer apparatus, comprising a structure having a plurality of stories, a traction-floor and trolley-plate for a plurality of said 55 stories, an elevator, a traction-floor and trolley-plate or equivalent for said elevator, contact devices for completing the circuit between the elevator traction-floor and trolley-plate and the adjacent traction-floor and trolley-plate of the main structure, when the elevator is at the level of any of the said stories, and means for automatically actuating said contact devices, substantially as described.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my 75 hand in the presence of two subscribing wit-

nesses.

HENRY H. PORTER, JR.

Witnesses:

PAUL CARPENTER, H. W. SMALLEY.