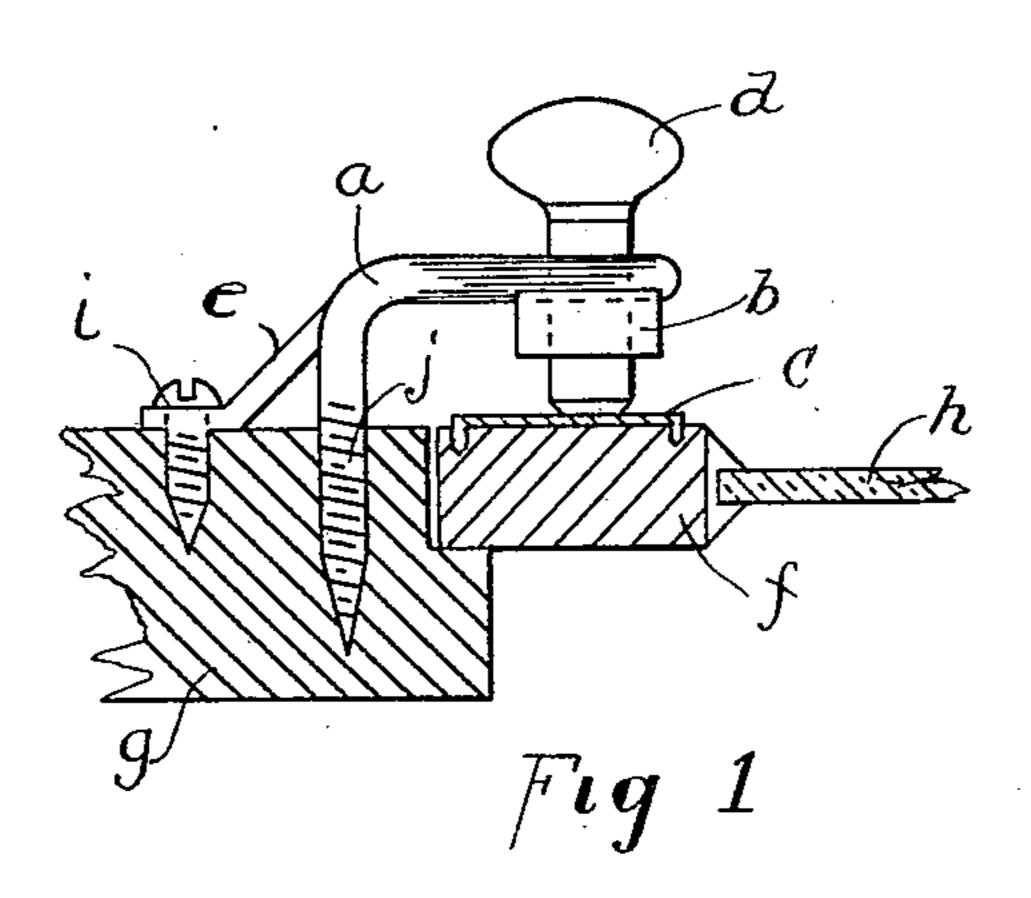
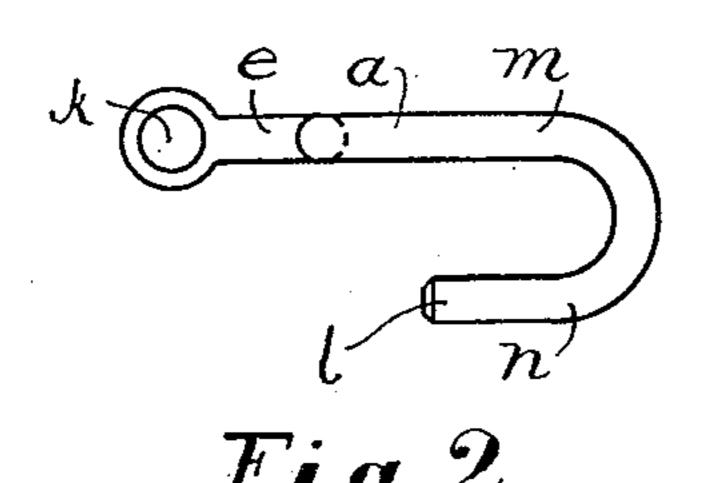
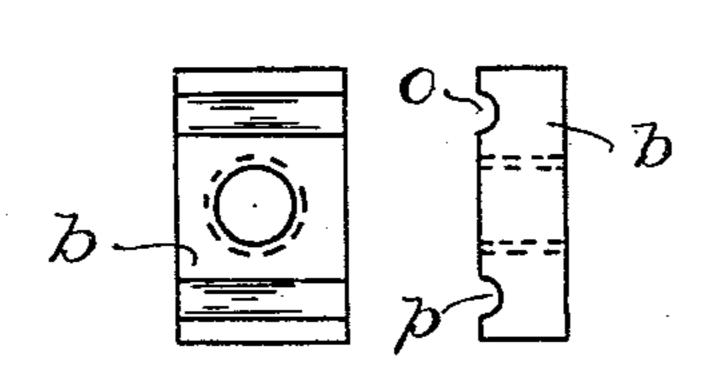
A. M. TAYLOR & F. F. FOGG. OUTSIDE WINDOW FASTENER.

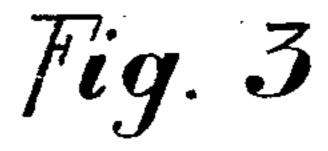
(Application filed Apr. 18, 1901.)

(No Model.)









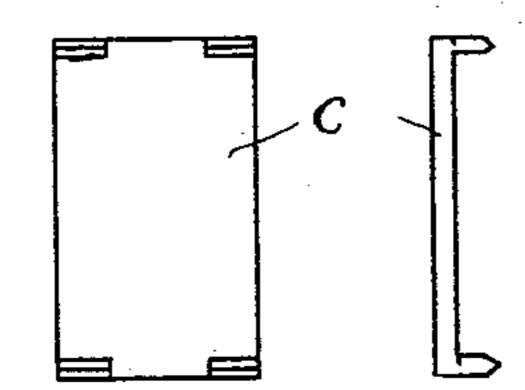


Fig. 4

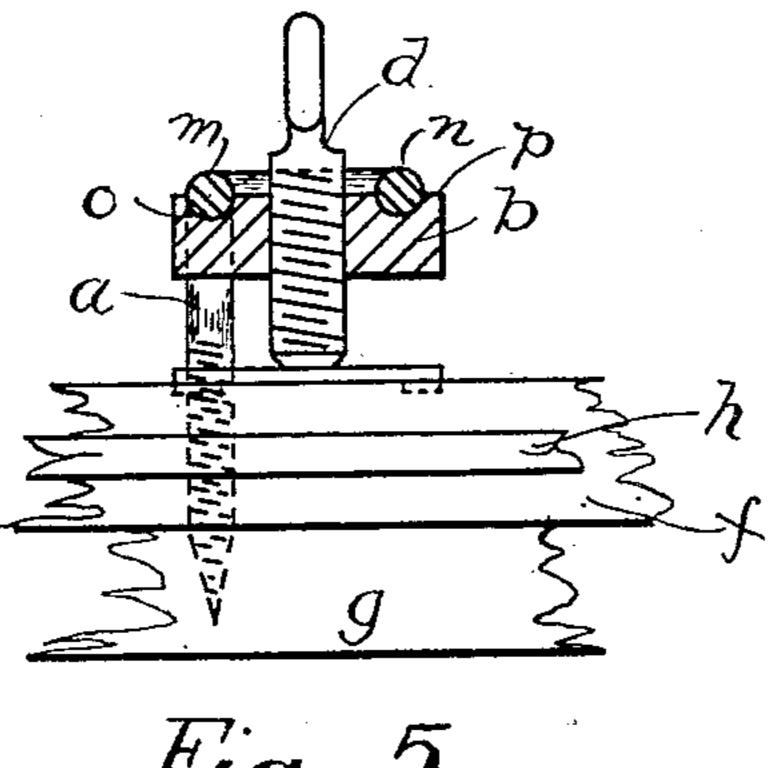


Fig 5

Witnesses

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Inventors'
Com Caylor
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By Edward J. Hunt atty.

United States Patent Office.

ALONZO M. TAYLOR AND FRANK F. FOGG, OF HAMPDEN, MAINE.

OUTSIDE-WINDOW FASTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 685,801, dated November 5,1901.

Application filed April 18, 1901. Serial No. 56,364. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Alonzo M. Taylor and Frank F. Fogg, citizens of the United States of America, and residents of Hamp-5 den, county of Penobscot, State of Maine, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Outside-Window Fasteners, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to fasteners for outoutno side windows, and has for its object a simple
and easily-operated device whereby an outside window may be fastened or readily re-

moved from a window-frame.

Figure 1 represents a side elevation in a plane transverse to the plane of the sash of a window-frame having this improved fastener applied thereto. Fig. 2 is a plan view of a, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a plan and elevation of nut b. Fig. 4 is a plan and elevation of plate c. Fig. 5 is an end elevation of this improved fastener as applied to a window-frame, taken in a vertical plane transverse to the plane of the window.

The following will explain the nature and use of this invention, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, in which like

letters represent like parts.

a represents a wire pointed and threaded at j, which is screwed into frame g and has a 30 depending arm or brace e extending rearwardly from a, having a hole k, through which is passed a wood-screw i into frame g. Wire a is bent at a right angle at or near its union with e and extending in plane parallel 35 to plane of window-glass. The end of a is then bent rearwardly and in same plane, thus forming two parallel wires or sides m and n, against the under side of which is placed nut b, so that m and n of a will fill channel o and 40 p of nut b. Machine-screw d is then screwed into nut b until screw d is forced against protection-plate c, forcing window-sash f against its frame g and holding said sash in said po-

sition firmly against said window-frame.

In using this device four or more are screwed 45 in and on the outside of the window-frame, two at the lower edge and two at the upper edge of said frame, and are so placed that m and n of said member a shall project over said outside window. A wood-screw is then 50 passed through hole k. Plate c is then driven into sash f so that said plate shall be directly under m and n of member a. Nut b is then placed against member a so that channels o and p shall engage m and n of said member 55 a. Screw d is then turned into nut b so that end of d shall contact with plate c and force said outside window against said frame g. In removing said outside window it is only necessary to remove screw d and nut b, leav- 60 ing a and c in position for future service.

Having thus described our invention, what we claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat-

ent, is—

1. A fastening device for outside windows 65 consisting of wire member a bent and woodscrew threaded, plate c fastened to window, removable nut b, and removable machine-threaded screw d and means for preventing said nut b from turning as shown and degree scribed.

2. A fastening device for outside windows consisting of a wire member a bent and threaded, plate c removable nut b and screw d, said nut b channeled at o and p to engage m and 75 n of member a to prevent said nut from turning as and for the purpose shown and described.

Signed by us at Bangor this 9th day of April, 1901.

ALONZO M. TAYLOR. FRANK F. FOGG.

Witnesses: E. J. Hunt,

WM. B. PEIRCE.