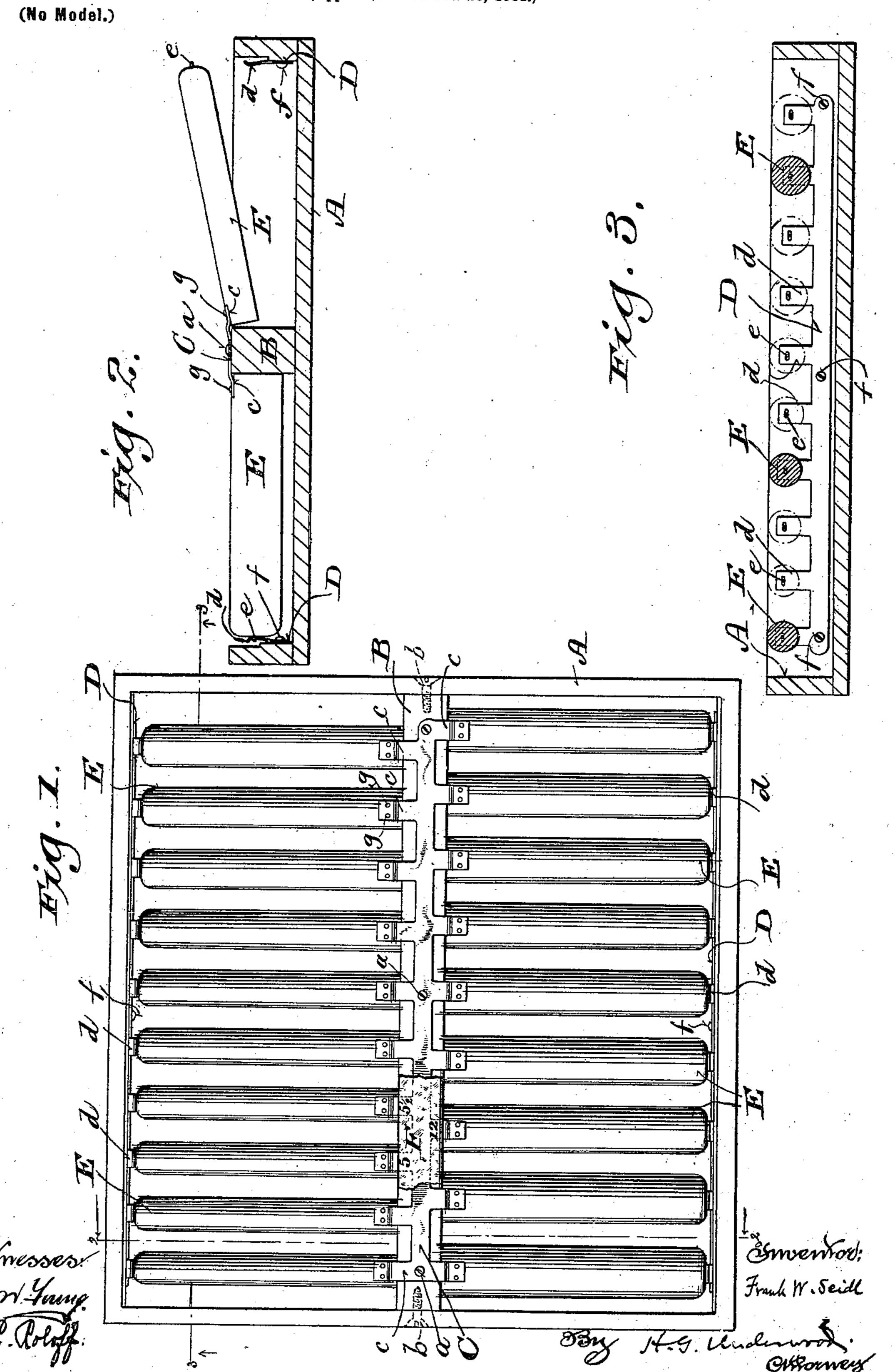
F. W. SEIDL. RING TRAY.

(Application filed Feb. 25, 1901.)



United States Patent Office.

FRANK W. SEIDL, OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN.

RING-TRAY.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 683,998, dated October 8, 1901.

Application filed February 25, 1901. Serial No. 48,676. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANK W. SEIDL, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Manitowoc, in the county of Manitowoc 5 and State of Wisconsin, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Ring-Trays; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof.

My invention has especial reference to to trays employed by those in the jewelry business for the display of finger-rings; and it consists in certain peculiarities of construction and combination of parts as will be fully set forth hereinafter in connection with the 15 accompanying drawings, and subsequently claimed.

In the said drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view of one of my improved trays, showing also a portion of the strip covering the hori-20 zontal spring-plate. Fig. 2 is a transverse vertical sectional view taken on the line 2 2 of Fig. 1, and Fig. 3 is a longitudinal vertical sectional view taken on the line 33 of Fig. 1.

Heretofore the ring-trays in ordinary use 25 in jewelers' establishments have consisted of flat open shallow boxes with partition-strips, usually covered with plush or velvet, the space between each two adjacent partitions being just sufficient to accommodate the 30 rings slipped vertically therein. This construction is objectionable for several reasons, among which is the fact that no matter how carefully the rings may be assorted as to size or otherwise the same quickly become mixed 35 up by the handling of customers, besides which the said rings are loosely inserted in the described spaces between the partitions, and hence are liable to be removed surreptitiously and lost, all of which objections are 40 obviated by my present invention.

Referring to the drawings, A represents the tray proper, the same consisting, as formerly, of a flat shallow open box upholstered in any suitable manner, and in the preferred 45 form of tray illustrated in the present case the said box is centrally provided with a longitudinal strip B, which is shown removably secured in place, as by the screws b b (indicated by dotted lines in Fig. 1.) This strip 50 may also be suitably upholstered to match

strip there is secured, as by screws α α , a plate C, having spring-tongues c c c projecting laterally therefrom, the said plate and its tongues being preferably formed inte- 55 grally and stamped out of spring metal. DD represent other metal plates having springtongues d d projecting therefrom, these tongues being perforated, as shown, and the plates D being secured, as by screws ff, to 60 the inner surfaces of the sides of the tray, the said spring-tongues d being bent, as best shown in Fig. 2, and projecting to a plane considerably below that of the tops of said sides, so that the said tongues cannot readily 65 be reached by the fingers of a person examining said tray.

E E E represent a series of ring-holding fingers secured at their inner ends, as by screws or nails g g, to the spring-tongues c c and 70 having longitudinally-projecting pins e e at their outer or free ends for engagement with the described perforations in the springtongues dd. These fingers E E may also be upholstered or ornamented as desired and 75 vary in diameter, being preferably arranged in regularly increasing standard ring sizes and half sizes, so that all the rings of a specified size shall fit snugly thereon.

The described partition-strip B, with the 80 plate C thereon, is preferably covered with a strip F of suitable material, such as morocco or other leather, properly stamped with the size-number of the adjacent fingers E E, as indicated at 5, $5\frac{1}{2}$, and 12 in Fig. 1, wherein 85 is shown a tray having nineteen fingers arranged in double series, those on one side of the partition-strip B being understood as for holding all the standard sizes and half sizes from four to eight and one-half, and go those on the opposite side for rings of the sizes and half sizes from nine to thirteen. It will be understood, of course, that the arrangement and the number of fingers employed is purely optional, and with trays for sample- 95 cases, for example, it may be preferable to have only a single row of fingers to better fit said cases; but the arrangement shown in Fig. 1 will be found very convenient for the retail jeweler in the majority of cases. I 100 prefer to make the strip to which the springthe lining of the box referred to. To this I tongues c are secured removable, as stated, as

thereby the same, with the attached fingers, can be readily detached from the tray A and lifted out to facilitate cleaning the lining of the said tray, and while I have shown the preferred construction of my device it will be understood that the same may be varied within the scope of the claims without departure

from the spirit of my invention.

In practice the bent end of any of the springtongues d may be readily bent back with any
suitable sharp instrument, so as to free the
pin e on the adjacent finger E from engagement with the perforation in the tongue, and
then the spring-tongue c, attached to said finger, will automatically raise the same to the
position shown in Fig. 2, when any ring on
said finger may be readily removed and as
easily replaced thereon, whereby confusion
of the rings is avoided, those of any one size
always being supported on the same finger.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. A ring-tray, comprising a suitable box having a series of lifting-springs, and ring-carrying fingers secured thereto, and a series of detents for holding said fingers in their depressed or closed position.

2. In a ring-tray, the combination with a suitable box, of a series of spring-tongues projecting therefrom, fingers secured to said tongues, and normally adapted to be raised by said springs, and other spring-tongues

adapted to hold said fingers in their depressed or closed position.

3. In a ring-tray, the combination with a suitable box of two series of spring-tongues projecting therefrom, and a series of fingers secured to the spring-tongues of one series and detachably connected to the spring-tongues 40 of the other series.

4. In a ring-tray, the combination with a suitable box of a supporting-strip having spring-tongues projecting therefrom, a series of ring-carrying fingers of different and regularly-increasing sizes secured to said springtongues and another series of spring-tongues for detachably holding the opposite ends of

said fingers.

5. In a ring-tray, the combination with a 5° suitable box of a supporting-strip having spring-tongues projecting therefrom, a series of ring-carrying fingers secured at one end to said spring-tongues, and having pins projecting from their opposite ends, and another series of spring-tongues having perforations therethrough for releasable engagement with said pins.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand at Manitowoc, in 60 the county of Manitowoc and State of Wisconsin, in the presence of two witnesses.

FRANK W. SEIDL.

Witnesses:

HENRY MEANY, P. J. McMahon.