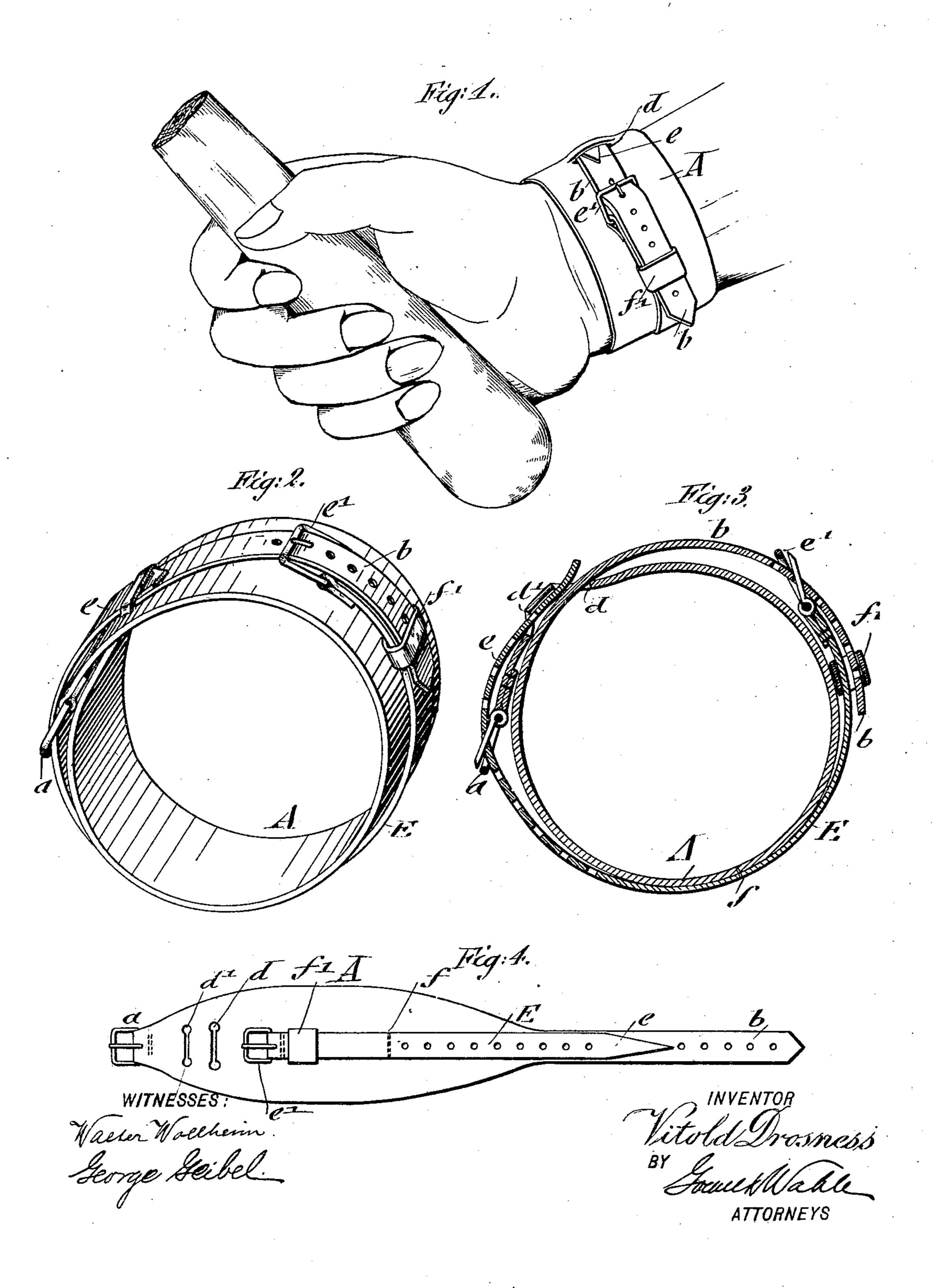
No. 680,477.

Patented Aug. 13, 1901.

V. DROSNESS. WRISTBAND.

(Application filed June 14, 1901.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

VITOLD DROSNESS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

WRISTBAND.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 680,477, dated August 13, 1901.

Application filed June 14, 1901. Serial No. 64,486. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, VITOLD DROSNESS, a subject of the Czar of Russia, residing in New York, borough of Manhattan, in the State of 5 New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wristbands, of which the

following is a specification.

The wristbands heretofore used by workingmen and others for protecting the muscles 10 of the wrist and strengthening the same consisted simply of a leather band provided with a buckle at one end, said band being tightly applied around the wrist. This band has the disadvantage that the pressure is not uni-15 formly distributed around the wrist, and the band is liable to press on the wrist at the buckle in an uncomfortable manner.

The object of my invention is to provide an improved wristband by which these objec-20 tions are avoided and which extends with uniform pressure around the wrist; and for this purpose the invention consists of a wristband comprising a main portion provided with a buckle and an adjacent transverse slot 25 at one end and the opposite insertion end of which is perforated and an auxiliary strap provided with a buckle and attached to the outside of the wristband, said auxiliary buckle fastening the insertion end of the wristband, 30 while the insertion end of the auxiliary strap is connected with the buckle of the wristband, and the insertion end of the main portion being passed through the said transverse slot, as will be fully described hereinafter and 35 finally pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a perspective view of my improved wristband shown in position on the wrist. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the wristband, drawn 40 on a larger scale. Fig. 3 is a circular transverse section through the same, and Fig. 4 is a top view of the wristband shown as spread

out.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

45 sponding parts.

Referring to the drawings, A represents the wristband proper, which is provided with a buckle a of the usual construction at one end and an insertion end b, provided with the 50 usual perforations at the opposite end. The middle portion of the wristband is made of

the same width as the ordinary wristbands heretofore in use.

Near the buckle end of the wristband are arranged, preferably, two transverse slots d 55 d', the wider slot d serving for permitting the passage of the insertion end b of the wristband through the same, while the smaller slot d' is intended for permitting the passage of the insertion end e of an auxiliary strap E 60 through the same, which is attached to the outside of the wristband at f and provided with a buckle e' at the opposite end and a movable loop f' near the auxiliary buckle e', that serves to retain the insertion end b of the 65wristband after the same has been applied to the auxiliary buckle.

When applying the wristband to the wrist, the insertion end b of the main portion is first passed through the slot d and then con- 70 nected with the buckle e' and passed through the retaining-loop f' of the auxiliary strap B. The insertion end e of the auxiliary strap is then passed through the buckle a of the wristband and connected thereto, so that the 75 wristband is retained on the wrist by the two straps and buckles. The second transverse slot d' serves for retaining the insertion end of the auxiliary strap E in position after the same has been applied to the buckle 80 a of the wristband. By this fastening of the wristband at two points exterior to the main portion of the wristband the same is applied with uniform pressure around the wrist, there being no undue pressure exerted 85 thereon by the buckles. The wristband can be readily applied by first buckling the insertion end of the main portion to the buckle of the auxiliary strap and then the insertion end e of the auxiliary strap to the buckle a 90 of the wristband, as before described, or removed by disconnecting the tongues from the buckles in inverse order.

My improved wristband obviates the disadvantages of the wristbands heretofore in 95 use, exerts a uniform pressure all around the wrist, and prevents any injury to or undue pressure on the same.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 100 Patent—

1. A wristband, consisting of a main por-

tion provided with a buckle at one end and an opposite insertion end, a transverse slot near the buckle end, and an auxiliary strap attached to the outside of the main portion and provided with a buckle near the buckle of the main portion, and also with an opposite insertion end, the insertion end of the main portion being passed through the said slot for buckling, substantially as set forth.

2. A wristband, consisting of a wide main portion provided with a buckle at one end and an opposite insertion end, and an auxiliary strap attached to the main portion and provided with a buckle at one end and having an opposite insertion end, transverse

slots in the main portion, near the buckle end of the same, said slots serving for the passage of the insertion ends of the main portion and auxiliary strap for connecting the same respectively with the buckles of auxil-20 iary strap and main portion, substantially as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my invention I have signed my name in presence of two subscribing witnesses

VITOLD DROSNESS.

Witnesses:

PAUL GOEPEL, GEORGE GEIBEL.