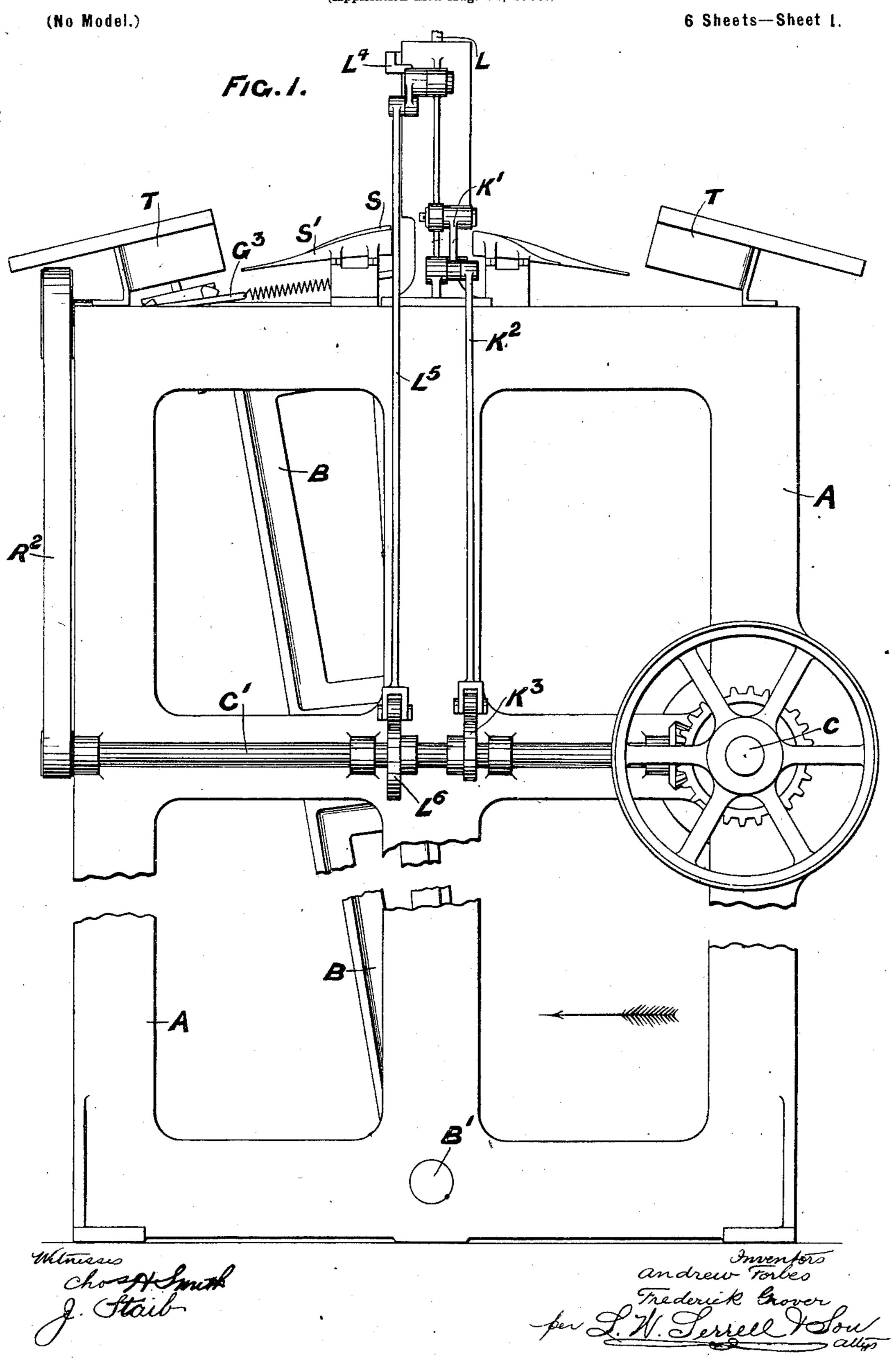
# A. FORBES & F. GROVER. WRAPPING MACHINE.

(Application filed Aug. 11, 1900.)

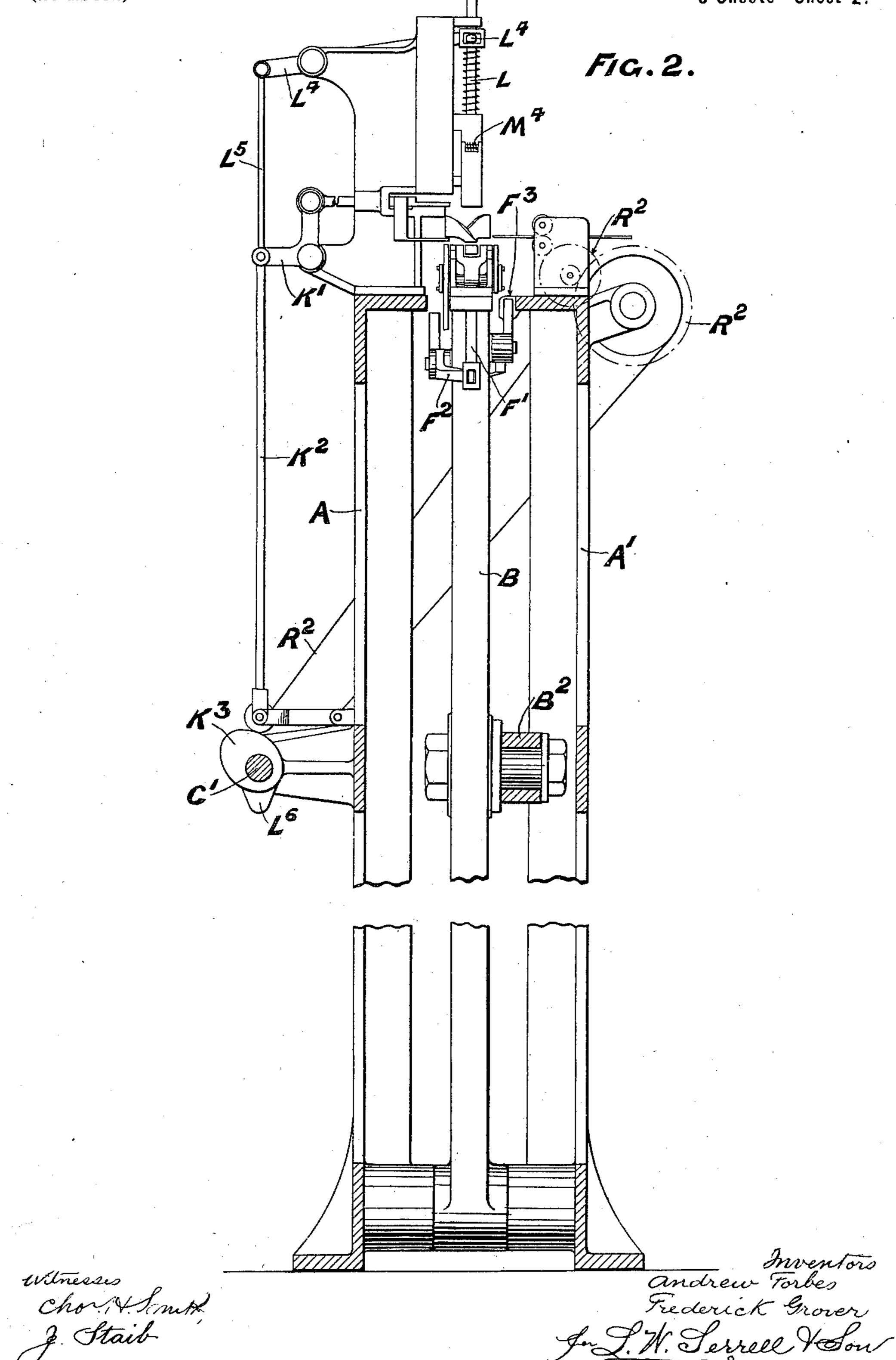


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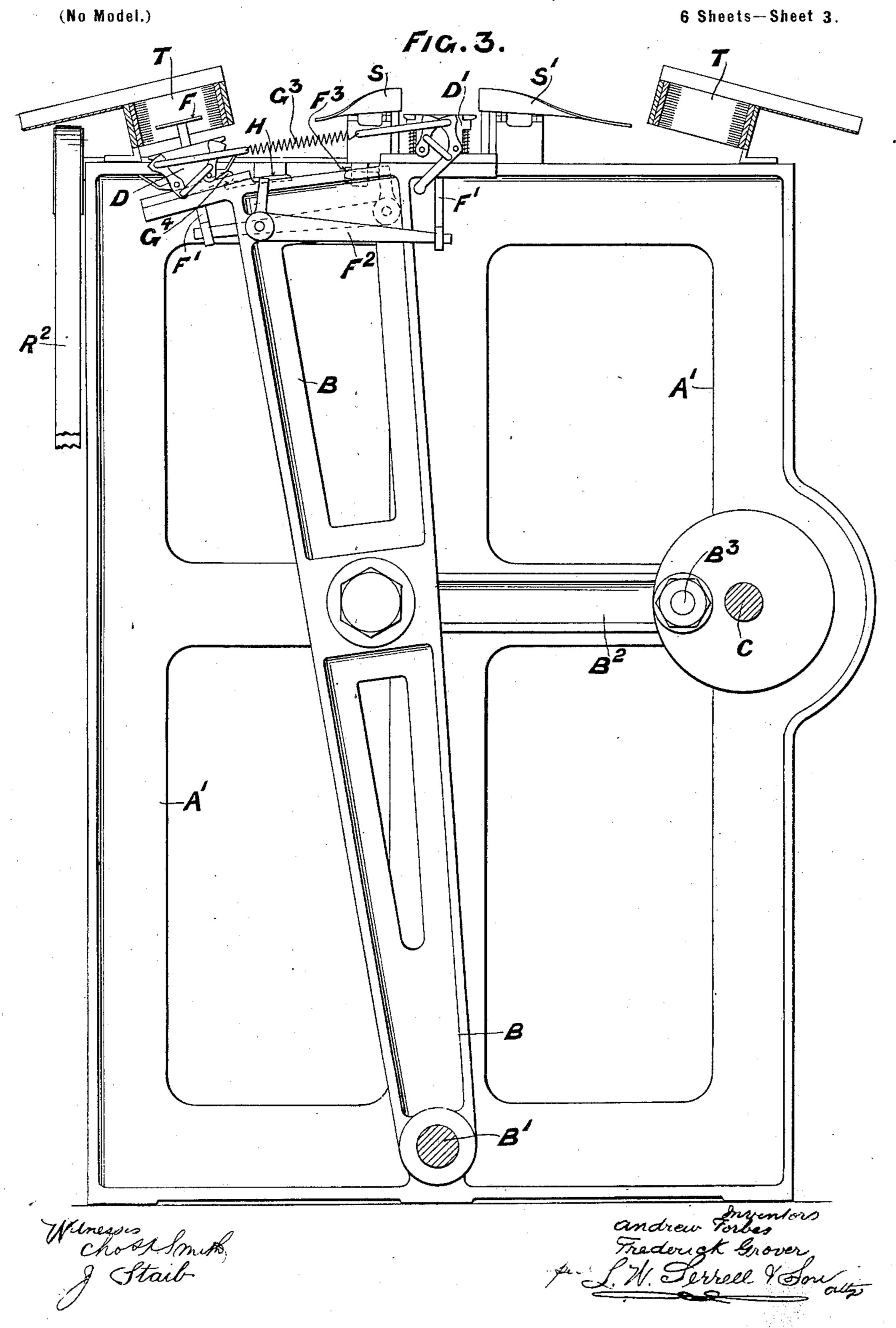
(No Model.)

6 Sheets—Sheet 2.



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(Application filed Aug. 11, 1900.)



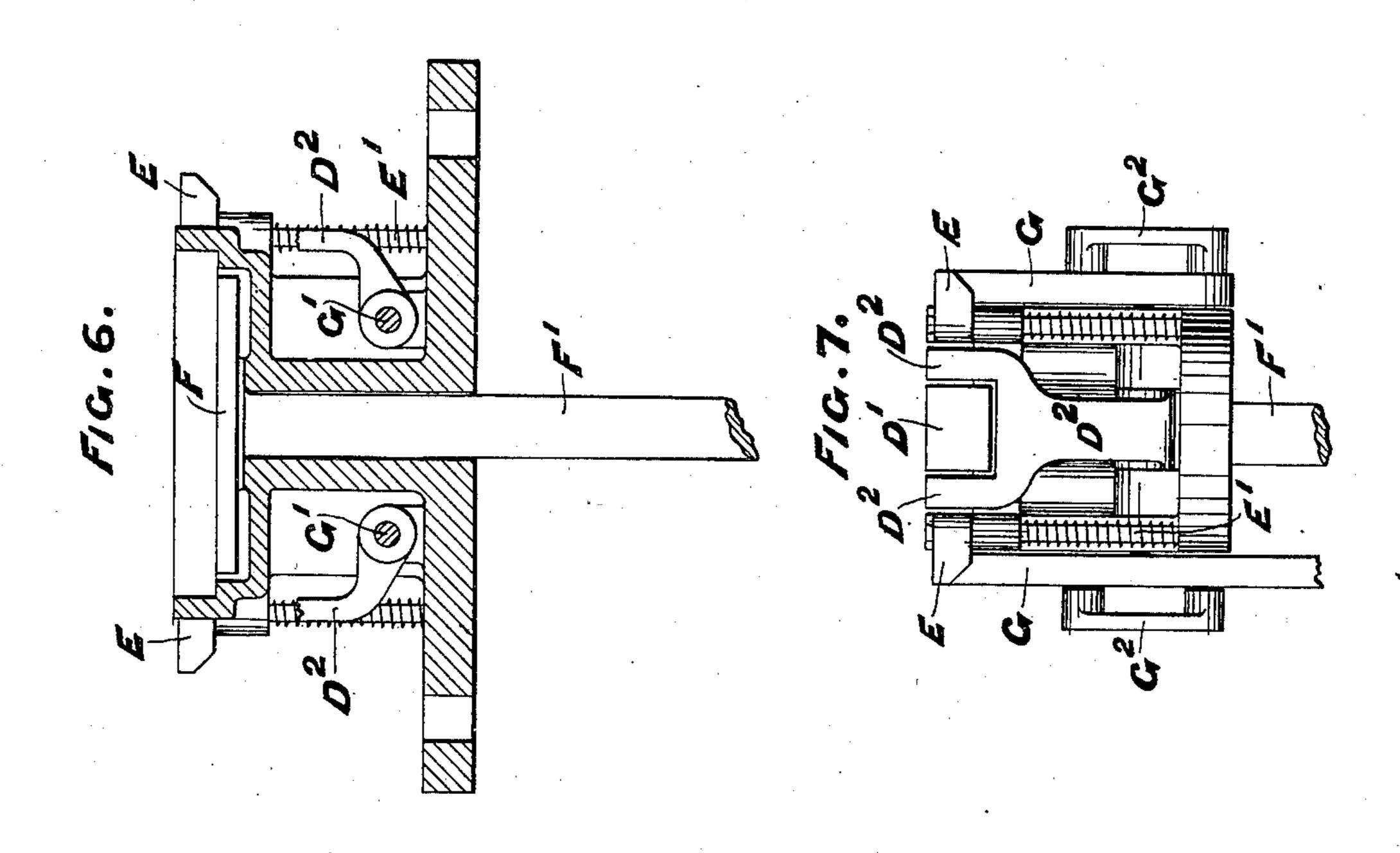
Patented Apr. 9, 1901.

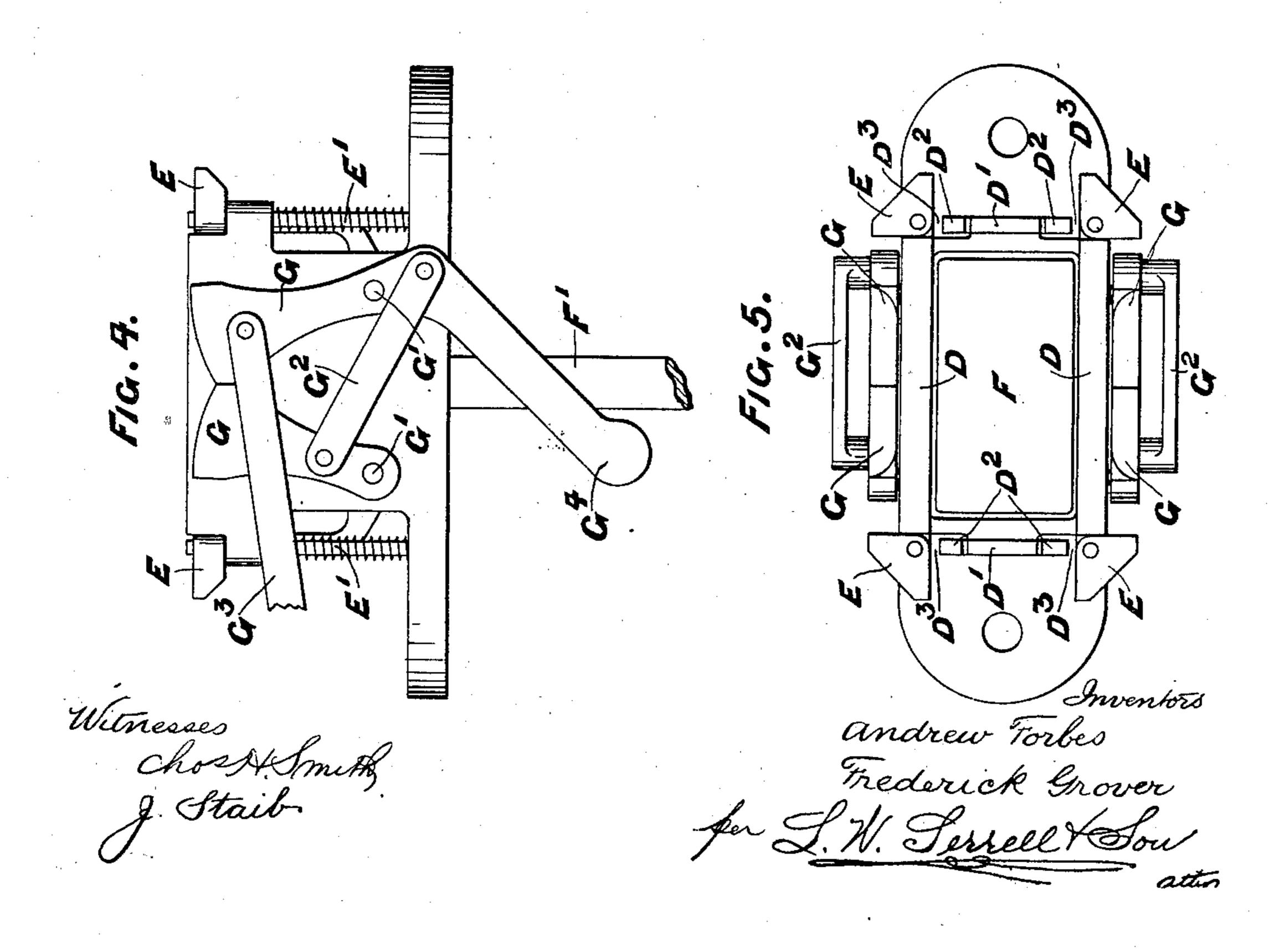
# A. FORBES & F. GROVER. WRAPPING MACHINE.

(Application filed Aug. 11, 1900.,

(No Model.)

6 Sheets-Sheet 4.



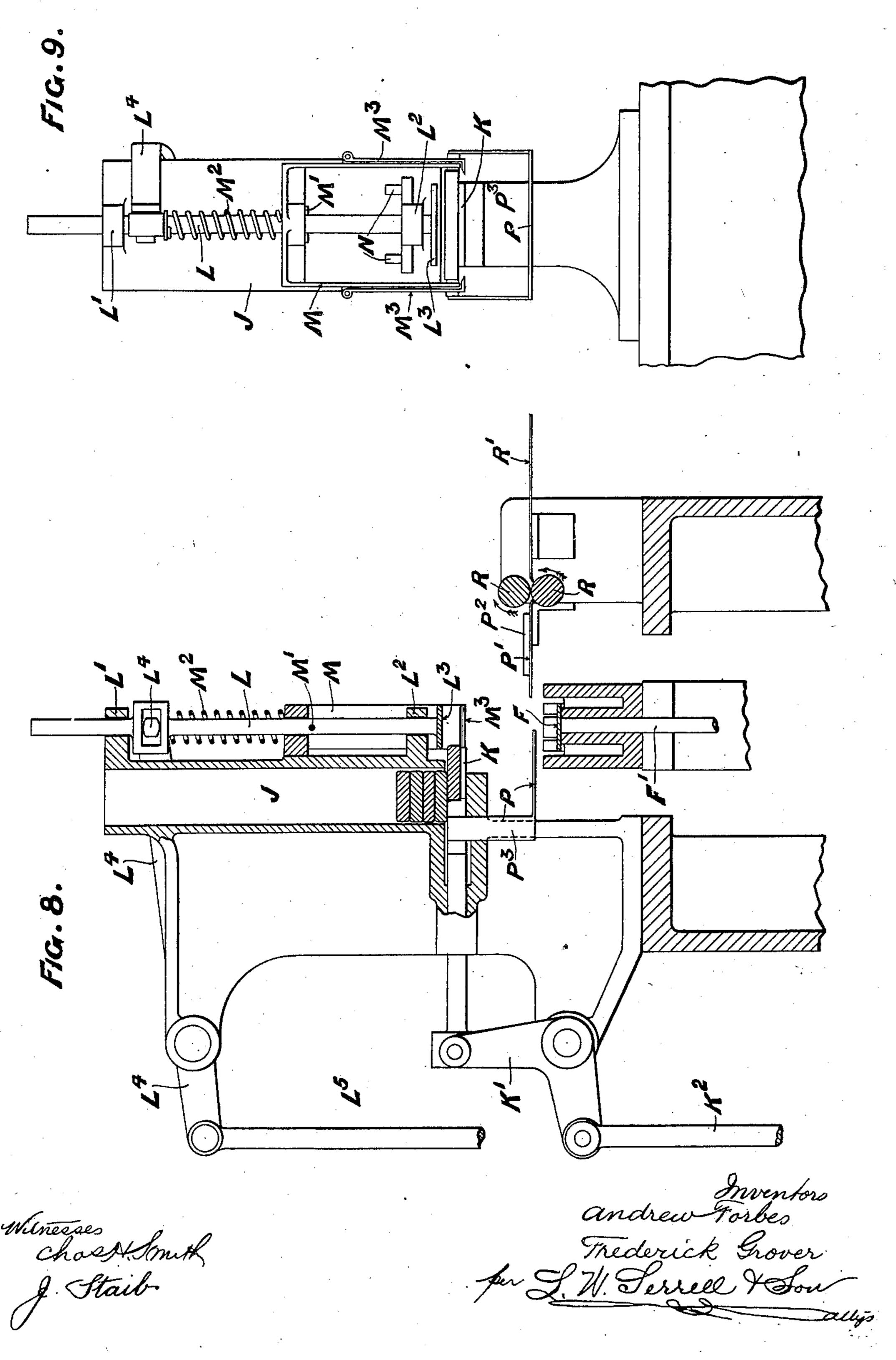


### A. FORBES & F. GROVER. WRAPPING MACHINE.

(Application filed Aug. 11, 1900.)

(No Modei.)

6 Sheets—Sheet 5.



No. 671,761.

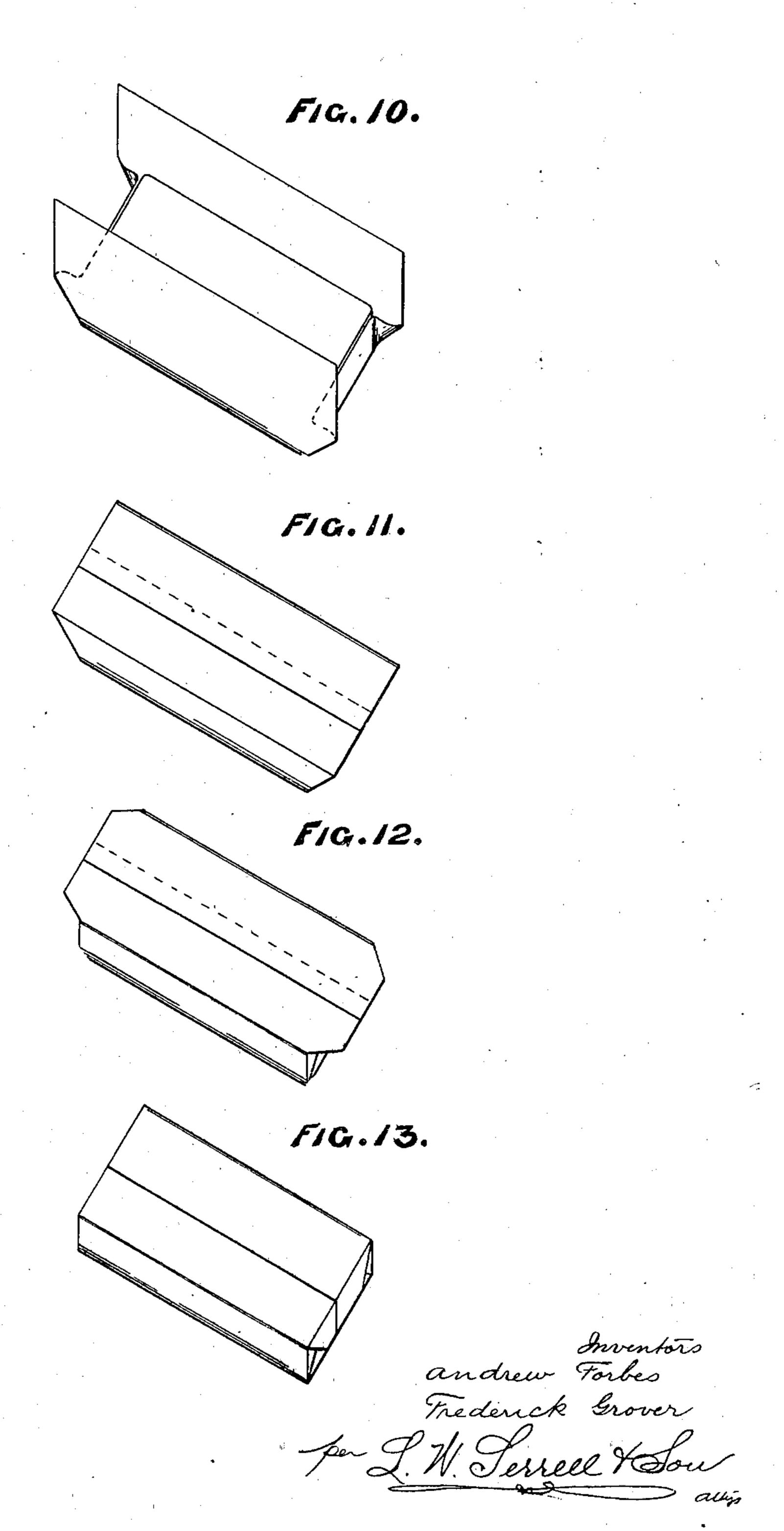
Patented Apr. 9, 1901.

# A. FORBES & F. GROVER. WRAPPING MACHINE.

(Application filed Aug. 11, 1900.)

(No Model.)

6 Sheets-Sheet 6.



Witnesses Chos North Smith

THE NORRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C

#### UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ANDREW FORBES AND FREDERICK GROVER, OF LEEDS, ENGLAND.

#### WRAPPING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 671,761, dated April 9, 1901.

Application filed August 11, 1900. Serial No. 26,551. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Andrew Forbes and FREDERICK GROVER, subjects of the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, residing at Greek 5 Street Chambers, Leeds, in the county of York, England, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wrapping-Machines, (for which we have made application for a patent in Great Britain, No. 6,685, bearing ro date April 10, 1900,) of which the following is a specification.

This invention refers to machines for wrapping rectangular tablets in materials such as tin-foil, paper, or the like; and our object is 15 to construct a machine capable of working at a high speed. This we accomplish by the employment of a rocking frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof, a central feeding apparatus for supplying 20 tablets and wrapping-sheets to both receptacles, and two delivery-chutes, one for each wrapping-receptacle, each receptacle being alternately carried by the rocking frame to and from the central feeding apparatus and 25 its respective delivery-chute, the wrapping being completed between the feeding and discharge operations.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a back elevation, and Fig. 2 is an end view looking in the 30 direction indicated by the arrow in Fig. 1, with part of the framework in section, of a wrapping-machine constructed according to our invention. Fig. 3 is a back elevation similar to Fig. 1, but having the back frame 35 and gearing removed. Fig. 4 is a side elevation, Fig. 5 is a plan, Fig. 6 is a longitudinal sectional elevation, and Fig. 7 is an end elevation, illustrating the construction and arrangement of a wrapping-receptacle. Fig. 8 40 is an end sectional view, and Fig. 9 is a front elevation, illustrating the central feeding apparatus. Figs. 10, 11, 12, and 13 are perspective views illustrating the different stages in the process of folding the wrapping material 45 around the tablet.

Referring particularly to Figs. 1, 2, and 3, A A' represent the two main parts of the framework by which the mechanism is supported. B is a rocking frame horizontally 50 pivoted at its base upon a shaft B' and is adapted to be oscillated through the medium

ried by a disk on a main driving-shaft C. Carried upon the upper surface of the rocking frame B, at opposite ends thereof, are two 55 wrapping-receptacles, and as the construction and arrangement of both are practically similar we will only describe one.

Referring particularly to Figs. 4, 5, 6, and 7, the wrapping-receptacle proper, which is 60 adapted to receive the wrapping-sheet and tablet, is formed having two fixed vertical side parts D D and compound end walls, each end wall consisting of a central rigid portion D' and a bifurcated completing end piece D2, 65 spaces D<sup>3</sup> being left between the sides of the completing-pieces D<sup>2</sup> and the faces of adjacent folding-segments E for the purpose of receiving projecting end folds of the wrapper, hereinafter referred to. The folding-segments 70 E are carried upon spindles E', which are pivotally mounted at the four corners of the wrapping-receptacle. Each spindle E' is provided with a helical spring, which, acting torsionally, tends to retain the segments E in the 75 position shown in Fig. 5—viz., with their projecting side parts in contact with the end surface of the side parts D D. The base of the wrapping-receptacle (best seen at Figs. 5 and 6) is provided with a false bottom F, carried 80 upon a rod F', which, as clearly shown in Figs. 2 and 3, is coupled to a bell-cranked lever F<sup>2</sup>, pivoted upon the rocking frame B. The upwardly-extending arm of the lever F<sup>2</sup> is adapted to engage with a stationary stop F3, 85 Fig. 2, and shown dotted in Fig. 3, by which vertical displacement is imparted to the false bottom F when the wrapping-receptacle is below its delivery-chute, as shown at Fig. 3.

Upon each side of the wrapping-receptacle 90 levers G are provided, which are fixed and carried upon shafts G', passing through the body of the receptacle. The completing end pieces D<sup>2</sup> are also fixed upon the said shafts G', and consequently move synchronously 95 with the levers G. The levers G, which are thus mounted in pairs, are coupled together by means of connecting-rods G2, and, further, the levers G of one wrapping-receptacle are coupled to those of the other receptacle by 100 means of a spring connection G<sup>3</sup>, Fig. 3, under the influence of which the levers tend to assume the position illustrated at Figs. 4, 5, of a connecting-rod B<sup>2</sup> and crank-pin B<sup>3</sup>, car- | 6, and 7. One of the levers G upon each wrap-

ping-receptacle is provided with an extending or tappet arm G<sup>4</sup>, adapted to engage with a cam-surface H, (see Fig. 3,) which is located in the path of travel of the tappet-arm G4, in-5 cident to the oscillations of its supporting rocking frame B. The engagement of the arm G<sup>4</sup> with the surface H as the receptacle is rocked from the center toward its deliverychute causes the levers G to turn away from 10 one another, the completing end pieces D<sup>2</sup> are simultaneously rocking outward, and when the latter are removed from the path of the folding-segments E the upper ends of the levers G, coming into contact with the side pro-15 jecting parts of the folding-segments E, cause the latter to turn upon their axes and assume the position vacated by the end pieces D<sup>2</sup> and are retained in this position until the arm G<sup>4</sup> leaves the surface H in its return oscillation. Referring particularly to Figs. 8 and 9, we will now proceed to describe the apparatus for feeding the tablets and wrapping-sheets to the machine. The feeding apparatus, which is centrally located, consists of a vertical hop-25 per J to receive the tablets piled one upon another and supplied to the hopper in any convenient manner. At the base of the hopper is a reciprocating slide K, the forward portion of which is recessed, so as to receive 30 the bottom tablet in the hopper J when the slide K is in its extreme rearward position, the tablet being so supported that its upper surface is level with the rear upper surface of the slide K. Reciprocating motion is im-35 parted to the slide K through the medium of a bell-cranked lever K', a connecting-rod K<sup>2</sup>, carrying at its lower end a roller which engages with a cam K<sup>3</sup>, mounted upon a shaft C', which is driven from the main driving-40 shaft C, Figs. 1 and 2. Adjacent to the hopper K a vertically-reciprocating rod L is provided, carried in stationary upper and lower guides L' L<sup>2</sup> and formed at its lower end with a rectangular plunger-head L<sup>3</sup>. Re-45 ciprocating motion is imparted to the rod L through the medium of a lever L4, connecting-rod L<sup>5</sup>, carrying at its lower end á roller which engages with a cam L<sup>6</sup>, mounted upon the shaft C'. (Best seen at Fig. 1.) An open 50 frame M is carried upon the rod L, being supported by means of a pin M' and acted upon from above by a spring M<sup>2</sup>. Depending retaining-blades M<sup>3</sup> are pivoted at each side of the frame M, and their receiving ends tend 55 to move toward each other under the influence of springs M<sup>4</sup>. (Indicated at Fig. 2.) Stops N are provided upon the guide L2, which are adapted to engage and arrest the downward movement of the frame M. Carried by 60 the slide K is a supporting-table P, which is adapted to move outward and pass under a stationary table P', in front of which two horizontally-arranged rollers R R and a feedtable R' are located. The rollers are driven 65 by any suitable means, such as the gearing R<sup>2</sup>, as shown at Figs. 1 and 2, in the directions indicated by the arrows, Fig. 8. The

sheets of wrapping material are fed along the table R' to the rollers R R, which receive same and project them onto the tables P and 7c P', the portion marked P<sup>3</sup> of the stationary framework acting as a stop to arrest their travel. Lateral guides P<sup>2</sup> are provided on the table P' to assist in guiding the sheets of wrapping material after they leave the roll-75 ers R. Upon the outward reciprocation of the slide K a tablet is carried forward and received by the blades M³, which latter are then slightly raised through the medium of the cam L<sup>6</sup>. The slide K then recedes, carry-80 ing with it the plate P, away from the plate P', just about the width of one of the articles to be wrapped, so that the article and its wrapper may be thrust between them. The rod L descends, carrying with it the frame M, 85 until the latter engages the stops N, whereupon the continued downward descent of the head L<sup>3</sup>, which bears upon the top of the tablet, forces the tablet past the blades M<sup>3</sup> and delivers it, with the wrapper, into one of the 90 wrapping-receptacles, which at that time would be in position below the feeding apparatus.

Upon each side of the feeding apparatus a pair of stationary plow-blades S S' are carried by supporting-brackets from the framework A A'. The blades S S' are hinged horizontally, the axes of the hinges being parallel with the side frames to enable the blades to be turned on one side in order to give access to the wrapping-receptacles. The blade S is shorter than the blade S', and is set in advance of the latter, the two blades acting upon the wrapping material to effect the top folds, the blade S' subsequently acting to maintain 105 the folds in position, as hereinafter more fully described.

Delivery-chutes T T are provided upon each side of the machine, one for each wrapping-receptacle, and consist of plain rectangular 110 conduits fitted at their two interior ends with flexible brush-surfaces for the purposes hereinafter described.

In action the machine works as follows: A sheet of wrapping material having been de- 115 livered into position upon the tables P P', and the frame M having descended into contact with the stops N, the descending plunger L<sup>3</sup> forces the tablet past the blades M<sup>3</sup> and onto the surface of the sheet of wrapping material, 120 carrying the sheet and tablet into the wrapping-receptacle immediately below it, which, as illustrated at Figs. 1 and 3 in the drawings, would be the right-hand receptacle. This results in the sides of the sheet being 125 completely folded up and the end parts partly folded up, as illustrated at Fig. 10, and producing projecting folds, which are formed and enter the spaces D<sup>3</sup>, previously referred to. The rocking frame B then carries the charged 130 receptacle toward its delivery chute T, and in its travel in passing the stationary plowblades S S' the upstanding edges of the sheet of wrapping material are folded over the up-

persurface of the tablet, as illustrated at Fig. 11, and after this fold has been produced the long plow-blade S' continues to press upon the upper surface of the tablet, while the 5 folding-segments E, which are now brought into action by the engagement of the tappetarm G4 coming into contact with the camsurface H, thus rocking the pivots G' and causing the bifurcated end walls D<sup>2</sup> to leave to the ends of the partly-folded wrapper, and the following movement of the levers G actuate the folders E and complete the turning in of the end portions of the side folds of the sheet, the wrapping material at this stage be-15 ing folded around the tablet in the manner as illustrated at Fig. 12. The two upper ends of the sheet are now left projecting beyond the tablet, and these ends are folded by the false bottom F, forcing the tablet into its de-20 livery-chute T, the folding being effected when passing the flexible brush-surfaces of the rectangular conduit, the tablets being discharged therefrom completely wrapped in the manner as illustrated at Fig. 13.

25. It will be readily seen that in the employment of a rocking frame carrying wrappingreceptacles mounted at opposite ends thereof as a charged wrapping-receptacle moves away from the central feeding apparatus the oppo-30 site and empty wrapping-receptacle is brought into the central position ready to receive its charge and subsequently pass through the same cycle of operations as above described.

Having now described our invention, what 35 we claim as new, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is—

1. A wrapping-machine having a rocking frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof, a central feeding appa-40 ratus for supplying tablets and wrappingsheets to both receptacles, and two deliverychutes, one for each wrapping-receptacle, each receptacle being alternately carried, by the rocking frame, to and from the central 45 feeding apparatus and its delivery-chute, stationary plow-blades arranged upon each side of the feeding apparatus and above the paths of travel of the receptacles, together with means for completing the wrapping between 50 the feeding and delivery operations, substantially as set forth.

2. A wrapping-machine having a rocking frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof, each of such receptacles 55 consisting of two fixed side parts, compound end walls consisting of a central rigid portion and completing end pieces, folding-segments arranged at the corners of the receptacles forming spaces between the segments and ad-60 jacent completing end pieces, a false bottom in the base of the receptacle, and means for actuating the completing end pieces, the folding-segments and the false bottom, in combination with means for effecting the folding 65 down of the upper edges of the sheet of wrapping material, and delivery-chutes to receive

effecting the completing fold of the sheet around the tablet, together with a central feeding apparatus and actuating mechanism, sub- 70

stantially as set forth.

3. A wrapping-machine having a rocking frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof, each of such receptacles consisting of two fixed side parts, compound 75 end walls consisting of a central rigid portion and completing end pieces, folding-segments arranged at the corners of the receptacles forming spaces between the segments and adjacent completing end pieces, a false bottom 80 in the base of the receptacle, and means for actuating the completing end pieces, the folding segments and the false bottom, in combination with pairs of stationary plow-blades arranged above the path of travel of the re- 85 ceptacles, and delivery-chutes to receive the wrapped tablets, provided with means for effecting the completing fold of the sheet around the tablet, together with a central feeding apparatus and actuating mechanism, 90 substantially as set forth.

4. A wrapping-machine having a rocking frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof, each receptacle consisting of two fixed side parts D, D, central rigid 95 portion D' and completing end pieces D<sup>2</sup>, having folding-segments E arranged at the corners thereof, false bottom F sliding in the receptacle and being carried upon a rod F', levers G carried on shafts G' actuated by con- 100 necting-rods G<sup>2</sup> spring connection G<sup>3</sup> and tappet-arm G<sup>4</sup>, and means for actuating the rod F' and tappet-arm G<sup>4</sup> in combination with a central feeding apparatus together with driving means, means for folding over the up- 105 standing edges of the sheet of wrapping material, and means for receiving and delivering the wrapped tablet, substantially as set

forth.

5. In a wrapping-machine having a rocking 110 frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof and provided with two delivery-chutes, one for each receptacle, a central tablet-feeding apparatus consisting of a hopper J provided at its base with a horizon-115 tally-reciprocating slide K, and having a vertically-reciprocating rod L carrying a plunger-head L<sup>3</sup>, open frame M carrying depending retaining-blades M<sup>3</sup>, together with means for actuating and arresting the parts, sub- 120 stantially as set forth.

6. In a wrapping-machine having a rocking frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon opposite ends thereof and provided with two delivery-chutes, one for each wrapping-recep- 125 tacle, a central tablet-feeding apparatus, in combination with a reciprocating table P, fixed tables P' and R', and intermediate rollers R, R for delivering the sheets of wrapping material to the machine, together with means 130 for actuating the parts, substantially as set forth.

7. In a wrapping-machine having a rocking the wrapped tablets, provided with means for I frame carrying wrapping-receptacles upon op-

posite ends thereof and provided with two delivery-chutes, one for each wrapping-receptacle, a central tablet-feeding apparatus consisting of a hopper J provided at its base with 5 a horizontally-reciprocating slide K, and having a vertically-reciprocating rod L carrying a plunger-head L³, open frame M carrying depending retaining-blades M<sup>3</sup>, in combination with reciprocating table P, fixed tables P' and

10 R', and intermediate rollers R, R for delivering the sheets of wrapping material to the machine, together with means for actuating the parts, substantially as set forth.

8. The wrapping-receptacles consisting of 15 two fixed side parts, compound end walls con-

sisting of a central rigid portion and completing end pieces, folding-segments arranged at the corners of the receptacles forming spaces between the segments and completing end pieces, a false bottom in the base of the re- 20 ceptacle, and means for actuating the parts, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our

hands in presence of two witnesses.

ANDREW FORBES. FREDCK. GROVER.

Witnesses:

JOHN JOWETT, W. H. McEllroy.