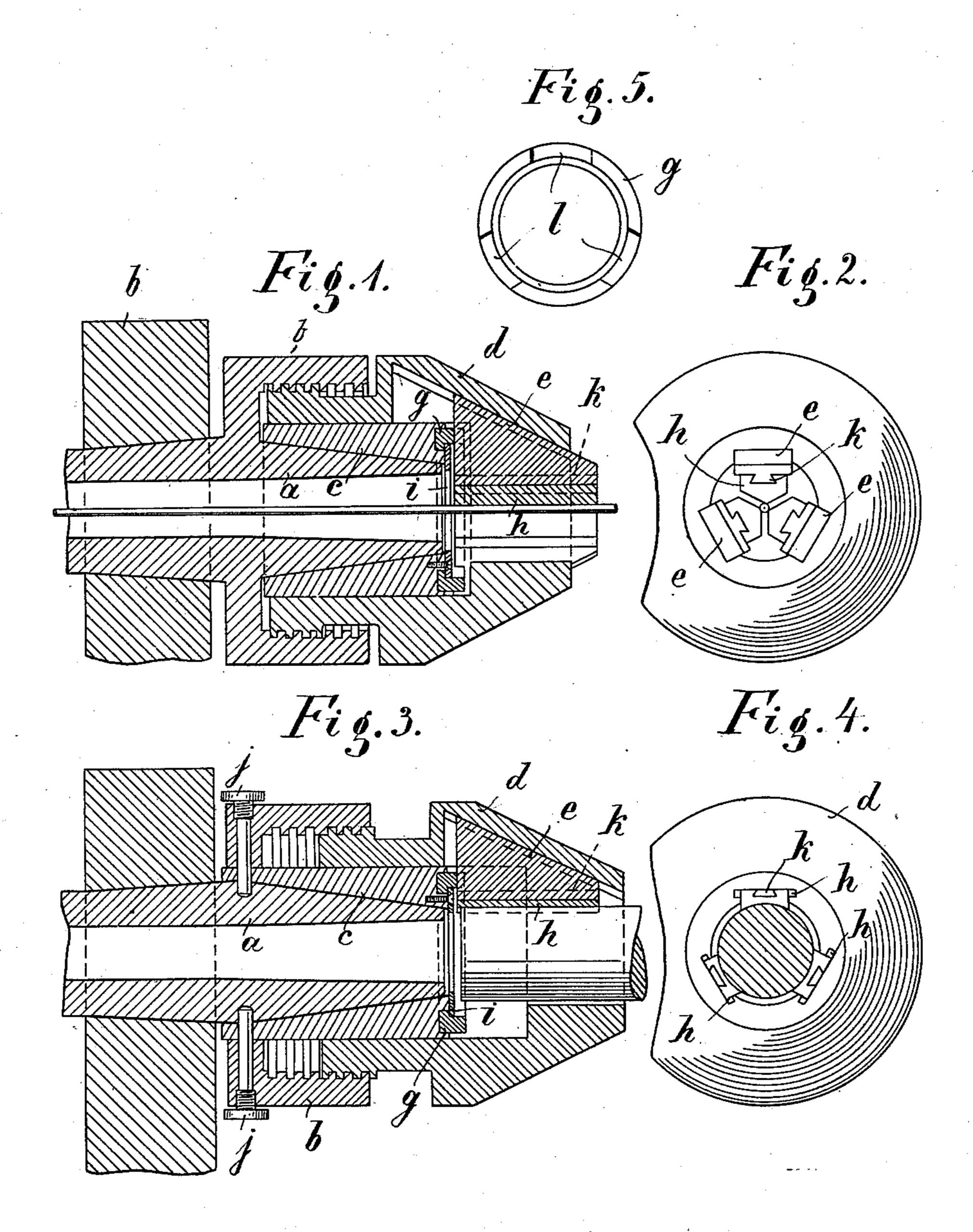
F. MENDE.

CHUCK FOR MANDRELS OF TURNING LATHES.

(Application filed July 10, 1900.)

(No Model.)



Witnerner. Henry & Menton. Harry EBabcock. Herdinand Mende by Warrend

United States Patent Office.

FERDINAND MENDE, OF BERLIN, GERMANY.

CHUCK FOR MANDRELS OF TURNING-LATHES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 671,629, dated April 9, 1901.

Application filed July 10, 1900. Serial No. 23,074. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FERDINAND MENDE, topographer, a subject of the German Emperor,
residing at 59 Bremerstrasse, Berlin, in the
Empire of Germany, have invented Improvements in Chucks for the Mandrels of TurningLathes, Drilling-Machines, and the Like, of
which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is an improvement in the chucks of the mandrels of turning-lathes, drilling-machines, and the like in order to enable the central fixing of metal parts and drills of various diameters.

In the drawings two forms of the device

15 are represented.

Figure 1 represents a central longitudinal section of the chuck and the turning-lathe mandrel with the device for central fixing. Fig. 2 is a front view of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a central longitudinal section of a modified form of construction, showing the chuck with the central-fixing device adapted to the mandrel of a turning-lathe of ordinary construction. Fig. 4 is a front view of Fig. 3. Fig. 5 represents a detail view.

In Figs. 1 and 2 the parts are represented in the position they assume when a shaft of small diameter is held therein, and in Figs. 3 and 4 in the position when a shaft of larger

30 diameter is fixed.

The device represented in Figs. 1 and 2 consists of the conical end of a mandrel a and of a sleeve-like internally-screw-threaded socket or collar b, integral therewith. The cone a35 is surrounded by a cylinder c. The cap d is provided on its outer surface with a worm which engages the thread of the socket or collar b, and the said cap d is by this means, as well as by the cylinder c, guided in such a 40 manner as to be concentric with the mandrel a. The screw-threads of parts b and d are subjected to equal wear, and their accuracy is therefore not diminished, and the friction between the cylinder c and the cap d is re-45 duced to a minimum. On the other hand, through being directly connected with the mandrel a the socket or collar b imparts to the chuck great power of resistance to lateral pressure or impact. By this combination of 50 circumstances lasting accuracy of the ma-

chine is insured. The same is the case when the device is employed in connection with a face-plate or a drilling-machine or the like. By means of the cap d the cheeks or bearers e are radially adjusted and are provided, in 55 order to enable working with diameters of the greatest possible difference, with dovetailed projections k for the additional face-blocks h, which are differently shaped for the various diameters, Figs. 2 and 4. The 60 cheeks e are supported by a movable ring g, provided with grooves l, into which the cheeks e fit. The ring g is held to the cylinder e by means of a ring i.

In the form of construction represented in 65 Figs. 3 and 4 the collar b is not integral with the mandrel a, but is fixed to the latter by means of screw-bolts. One or more such screw-bolts j pass through the cylinder c and

the collar b.

In fitting the device together the cheeks e are inserted simultaneously into the grooves in the cap d and the grooves of the ring g after said ring has been fastened to the cylinder c by means of the ring i. The whole is 75 then pushed onto the cone a and fixed by the screw-bolts j. Each revolution of the cap d to the right moves the cheeks e so as to close and each revolution to the left so as to open.

What I claim as my invention, and desire 80

to secure by Letters Patent, is-

The combination in a chuck for turning-lathes, drilling-machines, and the like, a mandrel, a screw-threaded sleeve turning with the mandrel, a conical sleeve provided with 85 interior grooves and having a screw-threaded connection with said screw-threaded sleeve, and cheeks or jaws fitting and sliding within the said grooves, the said mandrel being also provided with a conical surface and a sleeve 90 c surrounding said conical surface for preventing the rearward movement of the cheeks or jaws, substantially as set forth.

Signed this 25th day of June, 1900, at Magde-

burg, Germany.

FERDINAND MENDE.

Witnesses:

GEORGE H. MURPHY, CARL OSTERMANN.