

No. 671,459.

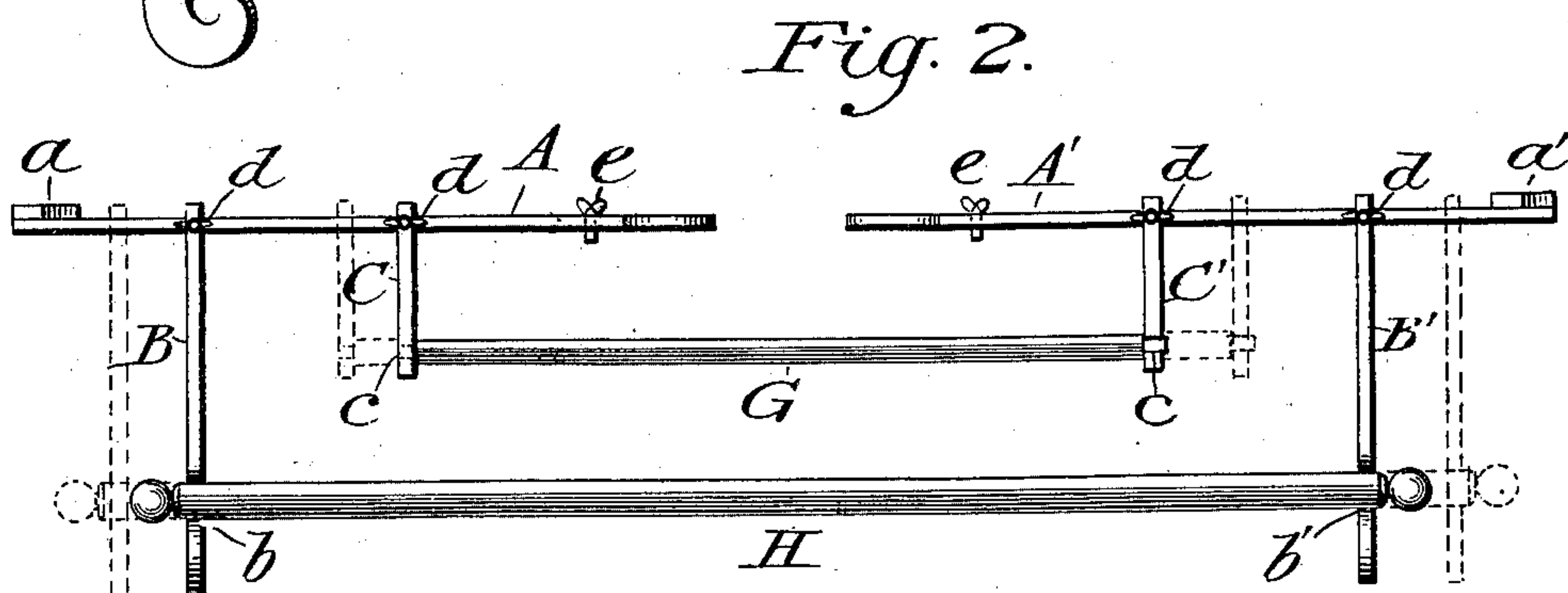
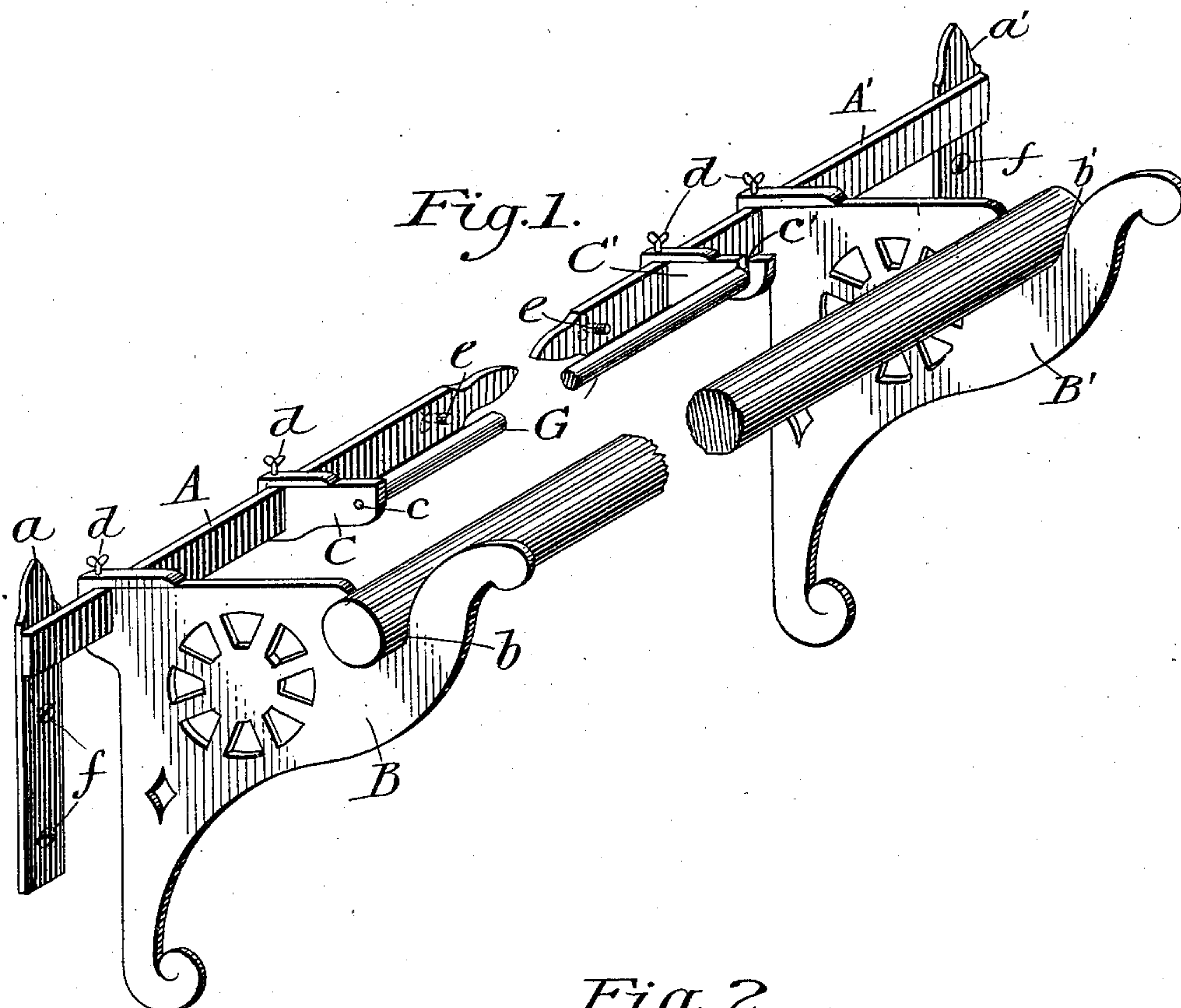
Patented Apr. 9, 1901.

J. TAMBOER.

COMBINATION FIXTURE FOR LACE AND ROLLER CURTAINS.

(Application filed June 28, 1900.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses:
I. F. Boice.
Stella A. Hughes.

Inventor:
John Tamboer
By John F. Kerr
Attorney.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN TAMBOER, OF PATERSON, NEW JERSEY, ASSIGNOR OF NINE-TWENTIETHS TO CORNELIUS L. TAMBOER, OF SAME PLACE.

COMBINATION-FIXTURE FOR LACE AND ROLLER CURTAINS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 671,459, dated April 9, 1901.

Application filed June 26, 1900. Serial No. 21,622. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN TAMBOER, a citizen of the United States, residing at No. 86 Kean street, in the city of Paterson, in the county of Passaic and State of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Combination-Fixtures for Lace and Roller Curtains, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

The object of my invention is to provide a combination-bracket for lace and roller curtains which will be adjustable in parts in order to be fitted for hanging curtains of different sizes, and thus obviate the destruction to moldings and window-casings which is caused by the frequent changing of curtain-brackets, and which from the novelty, simplicity, and durability of construction and ease of operation will greatly facilitate the adjustment and removal of both lace curtains and roller-curtains.

The invention consists of a bar of suitable size and shape to fit a bay or the ordinary window and sliding brackets adapted to slide on said bar or bars and means for securing the said brackets adjustably at the point on said bar or bars as required by the length of the spring-roller or curtain-pole.

In the accompanying drawings, in which similar letters of reference indicate like parts, Figure 1 is a perspective view of my combination sliding brackets, showing spring-roller and curtain-pole mounted, parts of the roller and pole being broken away; and Fig. 2 is a top view of the same.

In the drawings, A and A' are the bars, on which the brackets B and B' and C and C' are adapted to slide. The brackets B and B' are formed with seats *b* and *b'*, respectively, in which the curtain-pole rests. When the brackets are adjusted to suit the length of the spring-roller and the curtain-pole, they are securely held in place by the thumb-screws *d* on the bars A and A' at the point desired.

G represents the spring-roller, and H the curtain-pole.

The brackets B B' C C' when not secured to the bars A A' by the screws *d d d d* may be moved along said bars from the uprights *a* or *a'* to the stop-screws *e e*. I wish to claim as

broadly as possible the sliding brackets on said bars, to which they may be adjustably secured by said thumb-screws, and do not wish to limit myself to a bracket provided with an opening to admit said bars or to a bracket having a band or clip secured thereto and adapted to surround and slide on said bars, as either will answer the purpose and come within the scope of what I claim as my invention. In either case the bracket may be moved along and be secured to said bars by the adjusting-screws *d d d d* and is prevented from coming off said bars by the stop-screws *e e*. In the one case the adjusting and securing screw *d* passes through the band or clip and engages the bar to hold the bracket in position, and in the other case the screw passes through the rear top portion of the bracket and engages the bar. In neither case is the hanger or bracket secured to the window-frame. It is one of the objects of my invention to avoid that.

I do not wish to limit myself to shape or material in the construction of my invention, and it is obvious that the bars may be bent to suit a bay-window and may be made to project from the uprights *a* and *a'* at any angle made necessary by the shape of the window-casing. The uprights *a* and *a'* are secured by screws *f* to the wall or window-casing. It is also obvious that the brackets may be made of any ornamental design desired without departing from the scope of my invention.

I employ the thumb-screws *e* to prevent the removal of the brackets from the bars A and A' and screw them in from the back of the bars before the uprights *a* and *a'* are secured to the wall or window-casing; but any substitute may be used for the purpose that is suitable.

The ordinary hole and slot *c* and *c'* may be employed for the reception of the pin-and-spring winding end of a curtain-roller.

With this description of my invention, what I claim is—

A combination-fixture for window-shade and lace curtain, consisting of an upright on each side of the window, suitably secured to the window-casing, near the sash, short horizontal bars having free ends, the fixed ends being each secured to one of said uprights,

and extending from the sides of the window-casing toward the center of the window, brackets fitted to slide on said short horizontal bars, one set of brackets constructed to support a
 5 shade-roller between the sides of the window-casing, the other set of brackets projecting into the room beyond the window-casing, and constructed to support a curtain-pole, adjusting and securing screws adapted to pass
 10 through said brackets and engage said bars,

and stop-screws in the back of said bars, near the free ends thereof, to prevent the brackets from coming off the said bars, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature 15
 in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN TAMBOER.

Witnesses:

CORNELIUS L. TAMBOER,
 JOHN F. KERR.