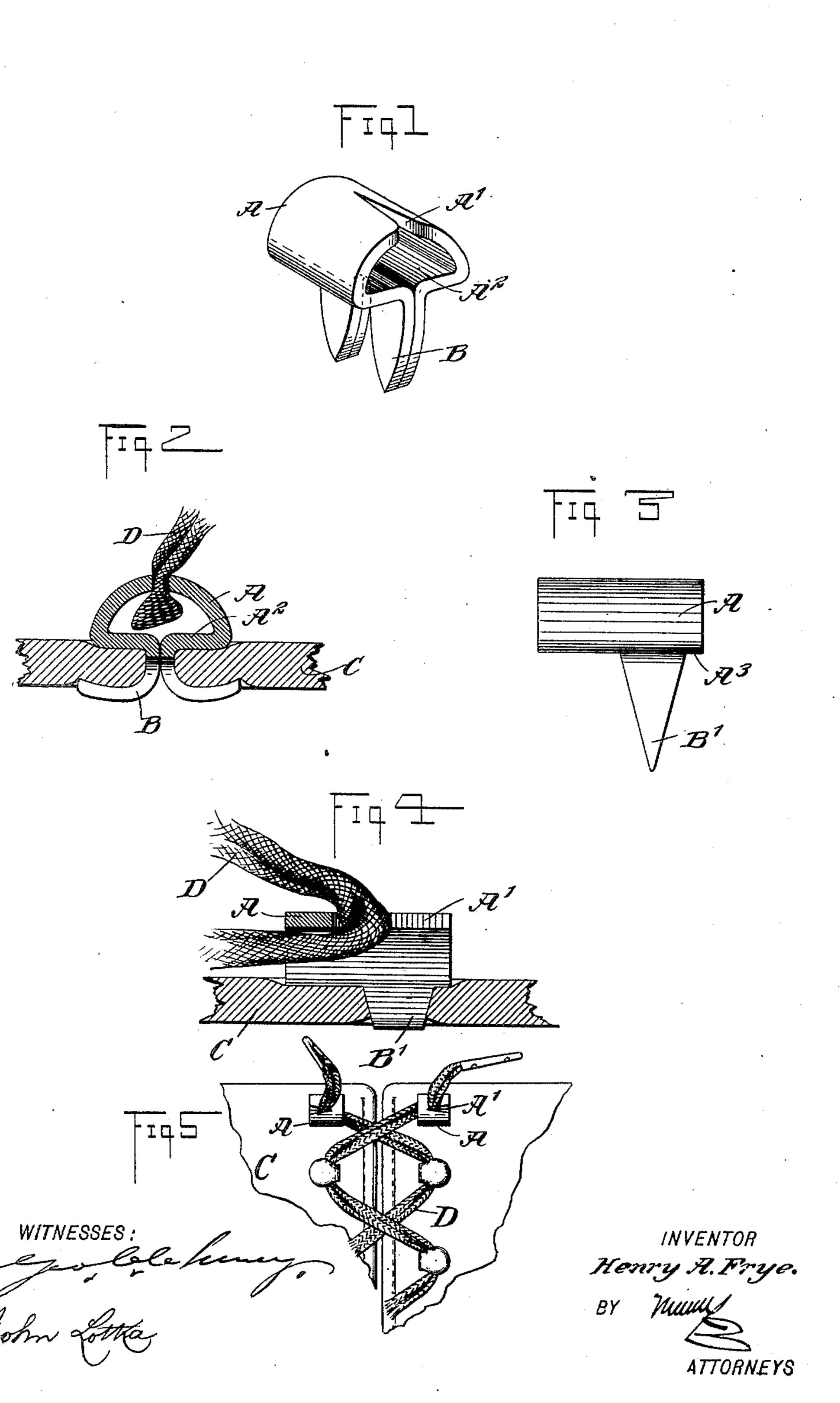
H. A. FRYE. SHOE LACE FASTENER. (Application filed July 11, 1900.)

(No Model.)



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY A. FRYE, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

SHOE-LACE FASTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 667,939, dated February 12, 1901.

Application filed July 11, 1900. Serial No. 23,227. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Henry A. Frye, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Manhattan, in the county and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Shoe-Lace Fastener, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

My invention relates to lace-fasteners particularly for shoes, and has for its object to provide a strong, simple, and inexpensive device for securing lace ends without tearing them and at the same time firmly hold them.

The invention will be fully described hereinafter and the features of novelty pointed out in the appended claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate cate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of one form of my improved fastener ready for application to a shoe. Fig. 2 is a sectional view showing the same applied. Fig. 3 is a side elevation showing another form of my lacefastener. Fig. 4 shows the second form of the fastener applied to a shoe, and Fig. 5 is a fragmentary view of the top of a shoe, having my fastener applied thereto.

As illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2, the fastener comprises a tubular member A and holdingprongs B. The fastener is made of one piece of sheet metal, the tubular member A being cylindrical, or approximately so, and having 35 at its top a longitudinal slot A', preferably flaring at the edge of the member A, the slot terminating short of the other edge of said member. The upper portion of the tubular member is curved about semicylindrically, 40 while the lower portion has two approximately plane or flat members A², which touch each other at their inner ends, or nearly so, said members lying in the same plane. From the adjacent or meeting ends of the members A^2 45 the prongs B extend downward, each prong being W-shaped and of a width equal to the

length of the tubular portion A. In apply-

ing this fastener to a shoe the prongs B are

driven through the leather C until the flat

members A² engage the leather, and then the 50 prongs are bent or clenched, as shown in Fig. 2. The open end of the slot A' is placed outwardly. In using the device the lace D is simply passed through the tube A and drawn into the slot A', (see also Fig. 4,) the lace end 55 thus becoming clamped in place sufficiently to resist the ordinary pulling strain coming upon it. The lace is readily unfastened by carrying it out of the slot A'.

The fastener shown in Figs. 3 and 4 differs 60 from the one described above by the form and arrangement of the prongs B'. These prongs are V-shaped and are disposed under that end of the tubular member A at which the open end of the slot A' is situated. A shoul- 65 der A³ is left at the end of the tubular member, so that said member will have a bearing against the leather both in front and in the rear of prongs B'. This construction is simpler, lighter, and cheaper than the one first 70 described without being inferior to it in strength.

I desire it to be understood that various modifications may be made without departing from the nature of my invention.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A fastener for shoe-laces and the like, comprising a tubular body provided with hold-80 ing-prongs at the center of its bottom, and a longitudinal slot extending at the top of said body from one edge thereof to a point at a distance from the other edge.

2. A fastener for shoe-laces and the like, 85 comprising a tubular body provided with a curved upper portion slotted longitudinally from one edge to within a distance from the opposite edge, and two flat lower members located in approximately the same plane and 90 extending toward each other, and holding-prongs which extend downwardly from the adjacent ends of said lower members.

3. A fastener for shoe-laces and the like, comprising a tubular body having at its top 95 a longitudinal slot extending from one edge to within a distance from the opposite edge, and holding-prongs extending downwardly

from the tubular member under that part thereof at which the open end of the slot is situated, the prongs terminating short of both ends of the body, so as to have a shoulder or bearing-surface on the body both in advance and in the rear of the prongs.

In testimony whereof I have signed my

name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

HENRY A. FRYE.

Witnesses:
EVERARD BOLTON MARSHALL,
JOHN LOTKA.