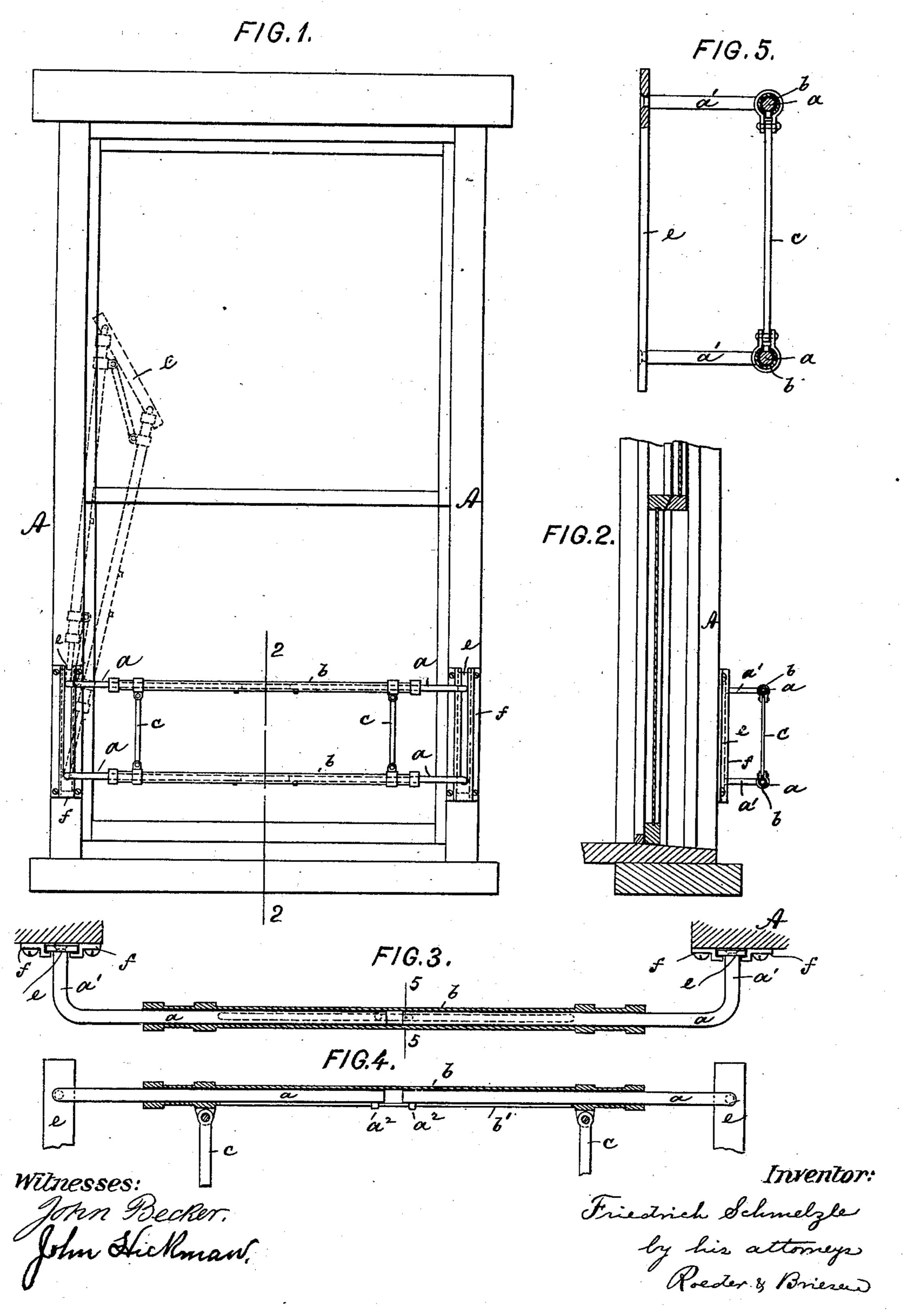
## F. SCHMELZLE. WINDOW GUARD.

(Application filed Sept. 13, 1900.)

(No Model.)

(1)



## United States Patent Office.

FRIEDRICH SCHMELZLE, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## WINDOW-GUARD.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 661,772, dated November 13, 1900.

Application filed September 13, 1900. Serial No. 29,886. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRIEDRICH SCHMELZLE, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of New York city, county and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Window-Guards, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to an adjustable window-guard of novel construction, which may be folded up at either side of the window or may be entirely remained therefrom

may be entirely removed therefrom.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a front elevation of my improved window-guard. Fig. 2 is a vertical section on line 22, 15 Fig. 1; Fig. 3, a plan, partly in section, of the guard; Fig. 4, an elevation, partly in section, of the upper guard-rail; and Fig. 5, a vertical section of the guard, taken on the line 55, Fig. 3. Figs. 1 and 2 are drawn on a smaller scale than the remaining figures.

Each of the horizontal rails of the guard is composed of a pair of horizontal rods a, which are bent at their outer end, as at a', and are telescoped at their inner end by a tubular sleeve b. This sleeve is longitudinally slotted at its center for a portion of its length, as at b', Fig. 4, so as to receive a pair of stop-pins  $a^2$ , projecting from rods a, and which limit the lateral movement of said rods. The upper and lower sleeves b are connected at suitable points by pivoted pales c, the drawings

showing two of such pales, though a greater number may obviously be employed. The outer ends of the rods a are pivotally connected at each side of the window to a common slide e, which is received within a slotted casing f, attached to the window-frame A. By sliding the rods a out of the tubes b to a greater or less extent the guard is fitted to the window, and then the slides e are slipped into 40 the casings f to securely lock the guard in position. By moving the proper slide e upward the guard may be folded either against the right or left side of the window, while by withdrawing both slides it may be readily detached altogether.

What I claim is—

In a window-guard, the combination of bent horizontal rods with tubes telescoping the inner ends of said rods, means for limiting the 50 movement of the rods, pales pivoted to the tubes, slides connecting the outer ends of the rods, and slotted casings adapted to receive the slides, substantially as specified.

Signed by me at New York city, county and 55 State of New York, this 11th day of Septem-

ber, 1900.

FRIEDRICH SCHMELZLE.

Witnesses:

F. v. Briesen, John Hickman.