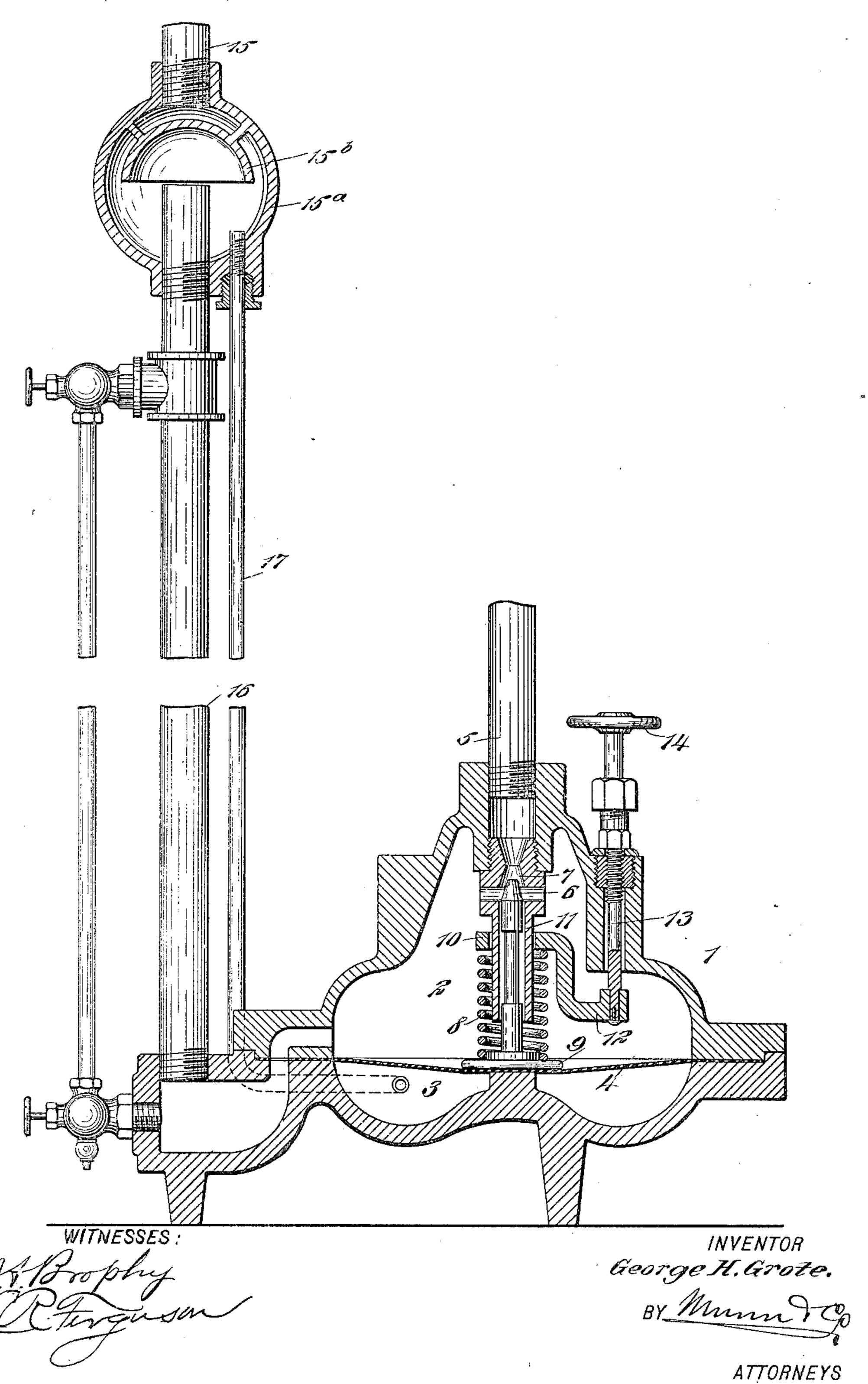
No. 661,372.

Patented Nov. 6, 1900.

## G. H. GROTE. STEAM TRAP.

(Application filed July 26, 1900.)

(No Model.)



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE H. GROTE, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

## STEAM-TRAP.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 661,372, dated November 6, 1900.

Application filed July 26, 1900. Serial No. 24,905. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE H. GROTE, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, have invented a new and Improved Steam-Trap, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to improvements in steam-traps; and the object is to provide a steam-trap with a simple means for regulating the tension-spring, whereby it is made unnecessary to shut off or take the trap apart in order to adjust the spring, thus resulting in a saving of time and consequent expense.

I will describe a steam-trap embodying my invention and then point out the novel features in the appended claim.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawing, forming a part of this specification, in which the figure is a sectional elevation of

a trap embodying my invention. The trap comprises a casing 1, divided into upper and lower chambers 23 by a flexible diaphragm 4. From the chamber 2 an out-25 let-pipe 5 extends, and this outlet is controlled by means of a needle-valve 6, adapted to engage in a valve-seat 7. The stem of this valve rests upon the diaphragm 4 and is normally held open by means of a spring 8, en-30 gaging at one end with a disk 9, attached to the lower end of the valve-stem, and at its opposite end engaging with a collar 10, surrounding the valve-casing 11, and on this collar 10 is an arm 12, to which an adjusting 35 screw-rod 13 is attached. This screw-rod 13 extends through the casing 1 and has on its outer end a hand-wheel 14. Obviously by turning this screw-rod the tension of the spring 8 may be regulated as desired, mak-40 ing it unnecessary to separate the parts for such adjustment.

In operation the water of condensation en-

ters through the pipe 15 into the globe 15a, where it is deflected by the hemispherical plate 15<sup>b</sup> to the pipe 17, which has commu- 45 nication with the chamber 3, so that the pressure acting on the diaphragm 4 will close the valve against the counter-pressure of the spring. As the water fills it overflows through the pipe 16 and flows into the cham- 50 ber 2. As it rises in the pipe 16 to about one-half its height the pressure on the sides of the diaphragm 4 becomes equal, the shorter column in the pipe 16 and the pressure of the spring balancing the pressure of the col- 55 umn of water in the pipe 17. An increase of the height of water in the pipe 16 causes a depression of the diaphragm and a consequent opening of the valve 6, which allows the water to escape until it has fallen to a 60 level of about the middle of the pipe 16, when the valve is again closed.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

A steam-trap, comprising a casing, a flexible diaphragm in said casing, dividing it into upper and lower chambers, pipes leading into said chambers, a valve for controlling an outlet from the upper chamber, the said valve 70 resting on the diaphragm, a collar surrounding the valve-stem, a spring arranged between said collar and a disk on the lower end of the valve-stem, an arm extended from said collar, and a rod having screw-thread engagement in the casing and engaging with said arm, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

GEORGE H. GROTE.

Witnesses:
NILS JOHNSON,
WM. GILLESPIE.