No. 661,044.

Patented Nov. 6, 1900.

## R. M. ELLIS. NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLE.

(Application filed Aug. 1, 1900.)

(No Model.)

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## United States Patent Office.

ROBERT M. ELLIS, OF MARTIN, TENNESSEE.

## NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 661,044, dated November 6, 1900.

Application filed August 1, 1900. Serial No. 25,567. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ROBERT M. ELLIS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Martin; in the county of Weakley and State of Ten-5 nessee, have invented a new and useful Non-Refillable Bottle, of which the following is a specification.

The invention relates to improvements in

non-refillable bottles.

The object of the present invention is to improve the construction of non-refillable bottles and to provide a simple and comparatively inexpensive device adapted to be applied to the necks of bottles and analogous 15 receptacles and capable after a receptacle has received its original contents of effectually preventing a liquid from being introduced into the same, whereby the contents of the receptacle are protected against adultera-20 tions and the receptacle prevented from being refilled fraudulently.

The invention consists in the construction and novel combination and arrangement of parts hereinafter fully described, illustrated 25 in the accompanying drawings, and pointed

out in the claims hereto appended.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical sectional view of a portion of a bottle constructed in accordance with this invention. Fig. 2 is 30 a similar view illustrating the arrangement of the parts when the bottle is inverted. Fig. 3 is a detail perspective view of the guard or shield. Fig. 4 is a similar view of the valve. Fig. 5 is a detail view of the sleeve which 35 forms the seat.

Like numerals of reference designate corresponding parts in all the figures of the draw-

ings.

1 designates a sleeve designed to be con-40 structed of glass or other suitable material and forming a seat for a valve 2 and provided with an exterior annular enlargement or rib 4, located at the top of the sleeve to provide a shoulder 5 for engaging an elastic 45 band or sleeve 65 of rubber, cork, or other material. The sleeve 1 is arranged within the lower portion of the neck 7 of a bottle 8, and the elastic band 6, which is interposed between the sleeve and the bottle, firmly holds 50 the former in the latter, and the neck of the bottle or other receptacle may be tapered or provided with any suitable means for pre- |

venting the sleeve from being forced into the body of the same. The valve 2 is provided with a head 8a, consisting of a flat disk ex- 55 tending entirely across the neck of the bottle when it is arranged on the seat, and the said neck has sufficient taper to form an opening when the valve is open or away from the seat; but with a bottle or other receptacle having 60 a neck substantially straight the valve may be of less diameter than the neck, so that there will be a space or opening between its edges and the inner face of the neck when the said valve is open. The valve is pro- 65 vided with a tubular stem 9, fitting within and conforming to the configuration of the sleeve 5 and provided at its upper end with opposite openings 10, forming passages for the discharge of the contents of the bottle 70 when the latter is inverted. The valve opens and closes by gravity, and when inverted, as illustrated in Fig. 2 of the accompanying drawings, the head Sa leaves the seat, and the contents of the bottle are permitted to flow 75 freely therefrom.

The movement of the automatically-operating valve is limited by a guard or shield 11, arranged within the upper portion of the neck and spaced sufficiently from the top thereof 80 to permit the neck to receive an ordinary cork or stopper 12. The guard or shield is provided with a lower threaded portion 13, and the threads are intersected at intervals by grooves 15, forming passages for the con- 85 tents of a bottle. The threads of the lower portion of the guard or shield are adapted to engage corresponding screw-threads 16 of the neck of the bottle, and the upper portion 17 of the guard or shield is provided with op- 90 posite recesses 18, formed in its upper face and having opposite shoulders adapted to be engaged by a wrench 19 or similar tool in rotating or turning the guard or shield to the right to screw it into the neck of a bottle. 95 The recesses 18 are beveled at the opposite side to prevent the wrench from taking hold of the guard or shield should an attempt be made to unscrew it. By this construction the guard or shield may be readily screwed 100 into the neck of a bottle or other receptacle and is effectually prevented from being unscrewed therefrom.

The guard or shield, which is designed to

be constructed of glass, is provided with a reduced central portion or neck 20, which is surrounded by an annular space when the guard or shield is arranged within the neck 5 of the bottle. The upper portion of the guard or shield is provided at its periphery with diagonally-arranged grooves 21, forming inclined passages for the contents of the bottle, and by this arrangement of grooves or 10 passages the liquid is permitted to flow freely from the bottle or receptacle and at the same time any attempt to manipulate the valve by introducing an instrument into the bottle will be rendered ineffectual. The valve is 15 also designed to be constructed of glass; but any material which will be unaffected by the contents of a receptacle and which will not affect the same may be utilized. The outward movement of the valve is limited by 20 the guard or shield, and the head Sa is of less diameter than the inner end of the said guard or shield and does not close the passages formed by the grooves 15.

It will be seen that the bottle is exceedingly simple and inexpensive in construction,
that it is positive and reliable in operation,
and that while it permits the contents of a receptacle to be readily decanted it will effectually prevent a liquid from being introduced
into the same after the receptacle has received
its original contents. It will also be apparent
that it will prevent adulteration and fraudulent refilling and that the guard or shield
effectually prevents access to the valve, so that

35 the latter cannot be tampered with.

What I claim is—

1. A device of the class described comprising a receptacle having a neck provided with interior screw-threads, the guard or shield to located within the neck and consisting of a threaded lower portion engaging the threads of the neck and provided with grooves intersecting the screw-threads, an upper portion provided with grooves having their lower ends offset from the upper ends of the grooves of the lower portion, a neck connecting the

upper and lower portions of the guard or shield and being of less diameter than the neck of the receptacle to provide an annular space, a sleeve arranged within the neck of 50 the receptacle at a point below the guard or shield, and a valve consisting of a tubular stem arranged within the said sleeve and provided with openings, and a disk or head arranged to fit against the upper edges of the 55 sleeve to close the receptacle, and having its upward or outward movement limited by the guard or shield and being of a less diameter than the lower end of the same to clear the grooves thereof, substantially as described. 60

2. A device of the class described comprising a receptacle having a neck provided with interior screw-threads, the guard or shield located within the neck and consisting of a threaded lower portion engaging the threads 65 of the neck and provided with grooves intersecting the threads, an upper portion provided with grooves having their lower ends offset from the grooves of the lower portion, and a neck connecting the upper and lower 70 portions of the guard or shield, and being of a less diameter than the neck of the receptacle, a sleeve arranged within the neck of the receptacle at a point below the guard or shield and provided near its upper end with an outer 75 shoulder, an elastic band surrounding the said sleeve adjacent to the shoulder and engaging the neck of the receptacle, and a valve consisting of a tubular stem arranged within the sleeve and provided at its top with open- 80 ings, and a disk or head seated upon the upper edges of the sleeve and having its outward movement limited by the lower end of the guard or shield and being of a less diameter than the same, substantially as described. 85

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

ROBERT M. ELLIS.

Witnesses:

A. CRAVENS, M. HANNINGS.