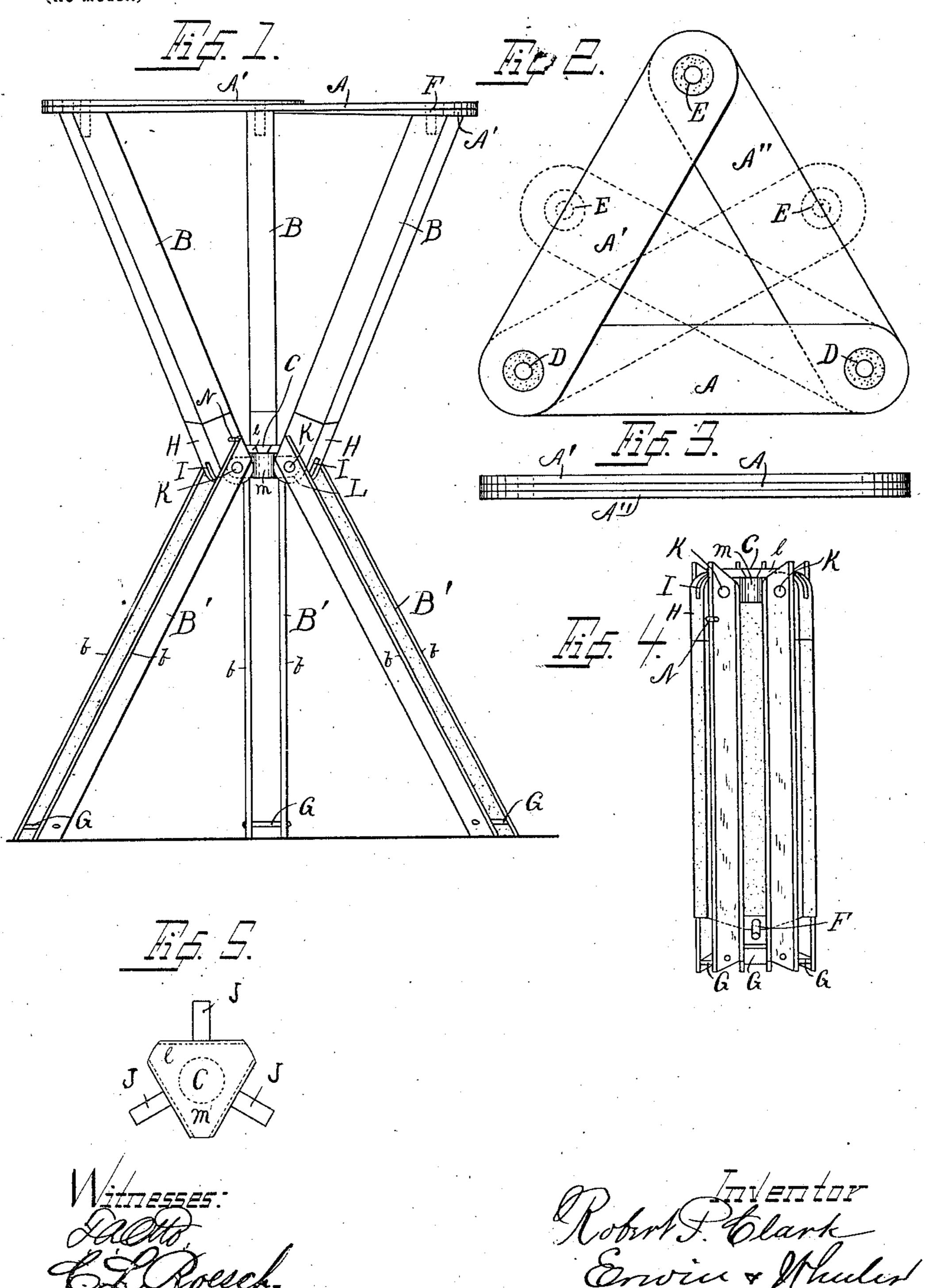
Patented Nov. 6, 1900.

## R. P. CLARK. FOLDING STAND OR STOOL.

(Application filed Mar. 31, 1900.)

(No Model.)



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ROBERT P. CLARK, OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

## FOLDING STAND OR STOOL.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 661,036, dated November 6, 1900.

Application filed March 31, 1900. Serial No. 10,873. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ROBERT P. CLARK, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Milwaukee, county of Milwaukee, and State 5 of Wisconsin, have invented new and useful Improvements in Folding Stands or Stools, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in

folding stands or stools.

The object of my invention is to provide a portable stand or stool which is simple in its construction and capable of being carried in a very small compass.

In the following description reference is had 15 to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is an elevation of my invention as it is when ready for use. Fig. 2 is a top view of the seat. Fig. 3 is an edge view of the seat when folded. Fig. 4 is a view of the legs when 20 folded. Fig. 5 is a top view of the center piece.

erence-letters throughout the several views.

The seat is composed of three folding bars 25 or plates  $\Lambda$ , A', and A''. The legs are preferably three in number and are constructed in two sections B and B', hinged together at the center and supported by the center pieces C. The legs and seat are detached and folded 30 separately.

More particularly, my invention is described as follows: The seat-bars A' and A" are respectively secured at one end to opposite ends of the bar A by tubular metallic 35 pivot-pins D, and the free ends of the bars A' and A" are provided with tubular metallic pins or rivets E, the openings of which register with each other when the seat is unfolded and the bars arranged to form a triangle, as 40 shown in Fig. 2. Solid pins F, projecting vertically from the upper ends of the legs, are adapted to fit into the tubular openings of the pivot-pins D and rivets E, thus uniting

45 the seat upon the legs. The lower leg-sections B' are composed of the two parallel bars b b, provided with a base-plate or foot G at their lower ends to prevent them from penetrating the ground.

the ends of the bars A' and A" and holding

50 The upper leg-sections are covered on each side by metallic plates H at their lower ends

of the bars b b of the lower leg-sections. They are also provided with an open-ended slot I, into which an arm J of the center piece 55 C is adapted to fit. The lower and upper logsections are secured to the center piece by a hinge-pin K, passing through the interlocked ends and through the arm J.

The center piece C comprises a top board 1 60 with edges beveled downwardly and inwardly to form a bearing for the upper leg-section B when the latter is in its open position, as shown in Fig. 1, and a lower and preferably cylindrical portion m, from which the leg- 65supporting arms J project. I have also provided the plates H with a lug N on one side, adapted to engage with the upper ends of the lower leg-section above the point of its pivotal support and throwing the lower section 70. outwardly as the upper section is unfolded to receive the seat.

When not in use, the seat is removed from Like parts are identified by the same ref- | the pins F and folded, as shown in Fig. 3. The upper leg-sections are turned down- 75 wardly and folded between the bars bb of the lower sections, as shown in Fig. 4, thus leaving the device in two parts, but folded in a very small compass.

Having thus described my invention, what 80 I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. As a new article of manufacture, a folding stool, comprising a center piece having a top board l with edges beveled downwardly 85. and inwardly to form a bearing for the upper leg-section, with leg-supporting arms J projecting laterally from said center piece; upper leg-sections slotted at their lower ends and adapted to fit over the arms projecting 90 from the center piece; lower double-barred leg-sections, within which the upper leg-sections are adapted to fold; and a hinge-pin uniting the interlocking ends to an arm of the center piece; together with a removable fold- 35 ing-bar seat, adapted, when folded, to engage the upper ends of the upper leg-sections, substantially as described.

2. As a new article of manufacture, a folding stool, comprising a center piece having a 100 top board l with edges beveled downwardly and inwardly to form a bearing for the upper leg-sections; leg-supporting arms J projectand are adapted to fit between the upper end ling laterally from said center piece; upper

leg-sections slotted at their lower ends and adapted to fit over the arms projecting from the center piece; lower double-barred leg-sections, within which the upper leg-sections are adapted to fold; a hinge-pin uniting the interlocking ends to an arm of the center piece; and a lug attached to the upper section, adapted to engage the projecting end of the lower section above the hinge-pin, to throw out the lower sections when the bars

are unfolded; together with a removable folding-bar seat, adapted, when unfolded, to engage the upper ends of the upper leg-sections, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof. I affix my signature 5

in the presence of two witnesses.

ROBERT P. CLARK.

Witnesses:

JAS. B. ERWIN, LEVERETT C. WHEELER.