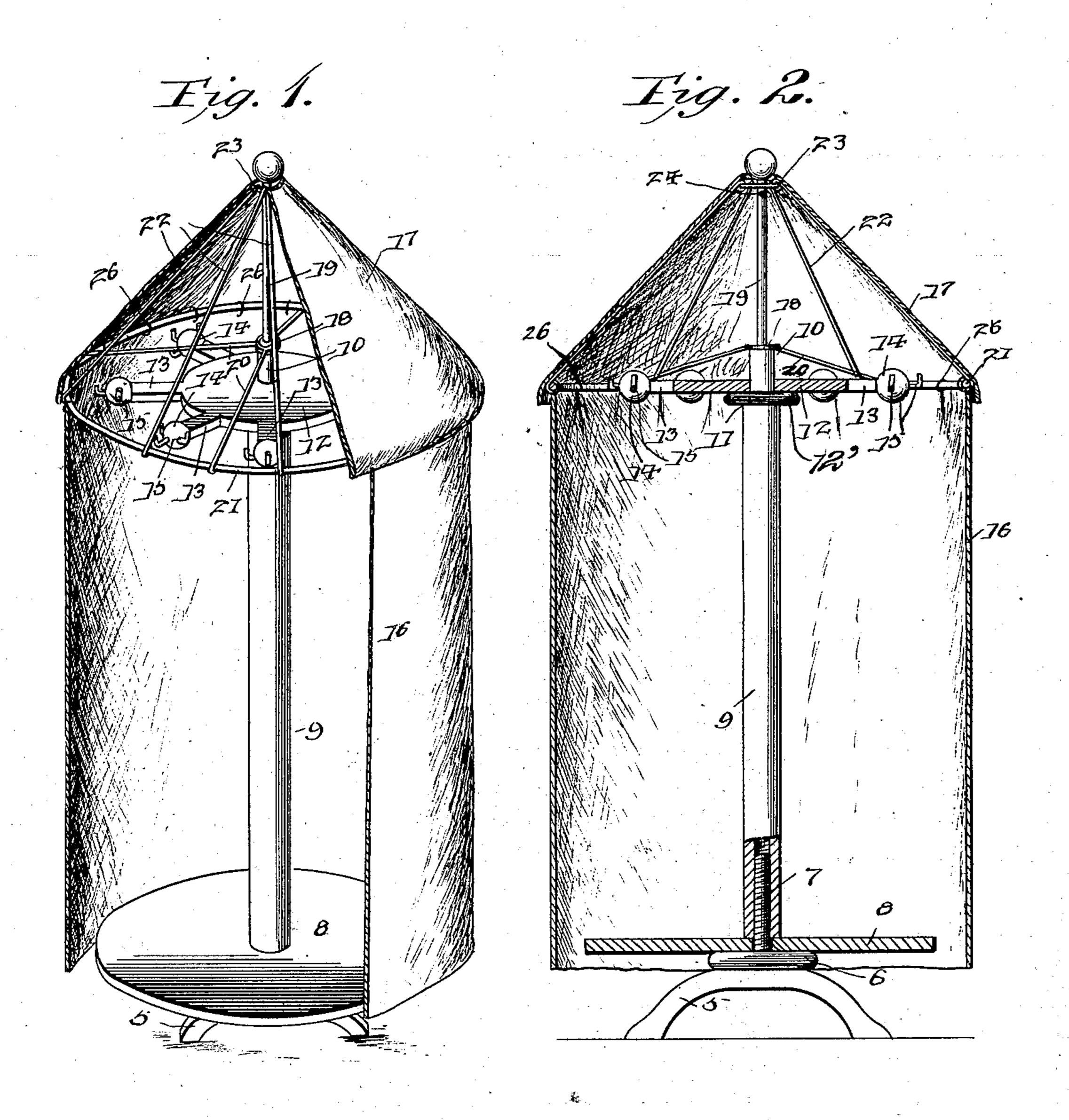
D. R. DIX. WARDROBE.

(Application filed May 31, 1900.)

(No Model.)



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United States Patent Office.

DWIGHT R. DIX, OF ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

WARDROBE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 657,593, dated September 11, 1900.

Application filed May 31, 1900. Serial No. 18,610. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, DWIGHT R. DIX, a citizen of the United States, residing at St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and State of Minnesota, have invented a new and useful Wardrobe, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to wardrobes in general, and more particularly to that class known as "portable" wardrobes, which may be moved from place to place; and it has for its object to provide a simple and efficient construction of this nature particularly adapted for hotel purposes and which will be simple in its manipulation to permit the application and removal of clothing.

In the drawings forming a part of this specification, and in which like numerals of reference indicate similar parts in both views, Figure 1 is a perspective view, partly broken away, and showing the complete device. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of the wardrobe and

showing parts thereof in elevation.

Referring now to the drawings, the wardrobe comprises a base portion, including the 25 supporting-feet 5, upon which is mounted a plate 6, from which extends a vertical screw A disk-shaped plate 8 is disposed over the screw 7 and rests upon the plate 6, while a tubular standard 9, which is interiorly 30 threaded at its lower end, is engaged with the screw 7 and is adapted to rest at times against the plate 8. This threaded engagement of the standard with the screw permits adjustment of the standard to raise and lower 35 it. The upper end of the standard 9 is reduced in diameter, as shown at 10, and results in the formation of a shoulder 11, upon which is rotatably disposed a disk 12, having radially-extending arms 13, at the extremi-40 ties of which are knobs 14, provided with garment-hanging hooks 15. This portion of the structure forms the rack for hanging the garment and is provided with a fabric casing comprising a lower cylindrical portion 16, 45 which depends from the plane of the disk 12, and an upper conical portion 17, the lower edge of which encircles the upper edge of the cylindrical portion.

To support the fabric casing, a framework 50 is provided. This framework includes a ring 18, which rests upon the upper end of the standard 9 and encircles an upright rod 19,

forming an axial continuation of the standard. From the ring 18 extend radial arms 20, the outer ends of which lie in a plane be- 55 low the ring and are connected with a ring 21, to which is attached the cylindrical portion 16 of the casing. To prevent dropping of the ring 21 and consequent bending of the arms 20, hangers 22 are provided and consist 60 of straight rods, which outline a cone and are connected at their lower ends with the ring 21. These rods 22 depend from a second and smaller ring 23, which encircles the upper end of the standard extension 19 and is held 65 against downward movement by a pin 24, passed transversely through this extension. The rods 22, in connection with the ring 21, thus form a conical supporting-frame for the similar element 17 of the casing, this conical 70 element 17 being held in place by rings, which are attached to its inner face and which encircle the metal rod, which forms the ring 21. The cylindrical element 16 of the fabric casing is attached to the ring 21 by means of small 75 rings 26, which encircle the ring 21. The portion 16 of the casing may be raised bodily when it is desired to place or remove a garment, or, if desired, the cylindrical portion of the casing may be split longitudinally.

With the above-described construction it will be seen that there is provided a ward-robe which is simple in itself, in which the parts may be made of extremely cheap material, and which may be readily cleansed, as 85 sometimes becomes necessary when an article of furniture is promiscuously used.

It will of course be understood that in practice modifications of the specific construction shown may be made and that any suitable 90 materials and proportions may be used without departing from the spirit of this invention.

The disk 12, instead of resting directly upon the shoulder 11, rests upon a second disk 12', 95 which is seated upon the shoulder, as shown.

What I claim is—

1. A wardrobe comprising a base having a standard adjustably mounted thereon and provided with a shoulder at its upper end, a 100 plate resting upon the shoulder and having arms provided with hooks, an axial extension of the standard having an encircling ring, arms connected with the ring and extending

outwardly and downwardly, a second ring engaged with the outer ends of the arms, hangers attached to the second ring and connected with the extension of the standard, and a fabric casing supported upon the second ring and the hangers.

2. A wardrobe comprising a base, and a standard mounted thereon and provided with hooks, a frame mounted upon the standard and including upper and lower rings, radially-extending arms connected with the lower ring, downwardly and radially extending hangers connected with the upper ring, a

third ring connected with the outer ends of the arms and hangers, a conical fabric-casing 15 section disposed upon the hangers, and a cylindrical fabric - casing section suspended from the last-named ring.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in 20

the presence of two witnesses.

DWIGHT R. DIX.

Witnesses:
Jos. A. Maloney,
Edw. Sturley.