No. 655,092.

C. F. F. KÖPPING.

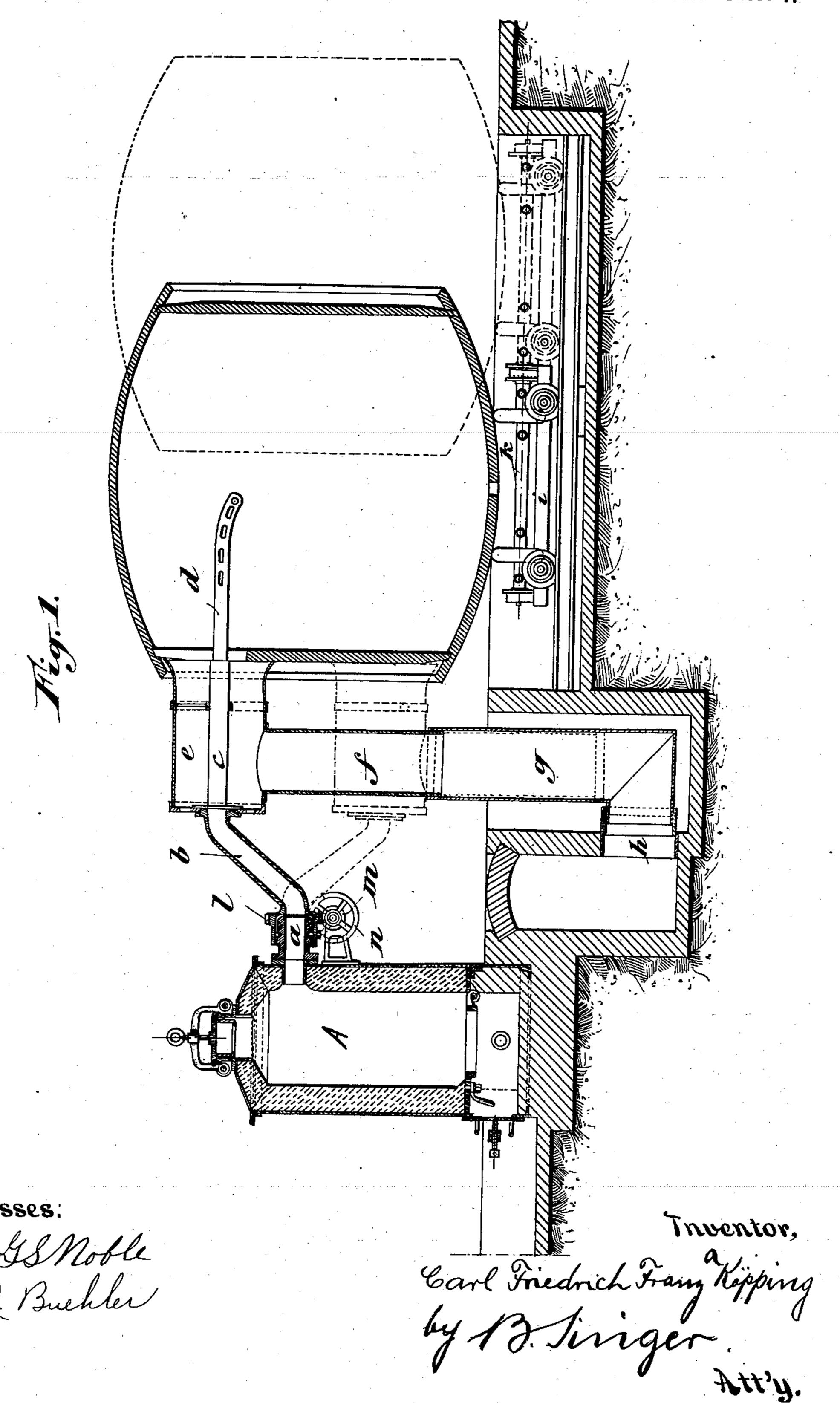
Patented July 31, 1900.

DEVICE FOR REMOVING PITCH FROM TUNS OR CASKS.

(Application filed Nov. 24, 1899.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets-Sheet 1.



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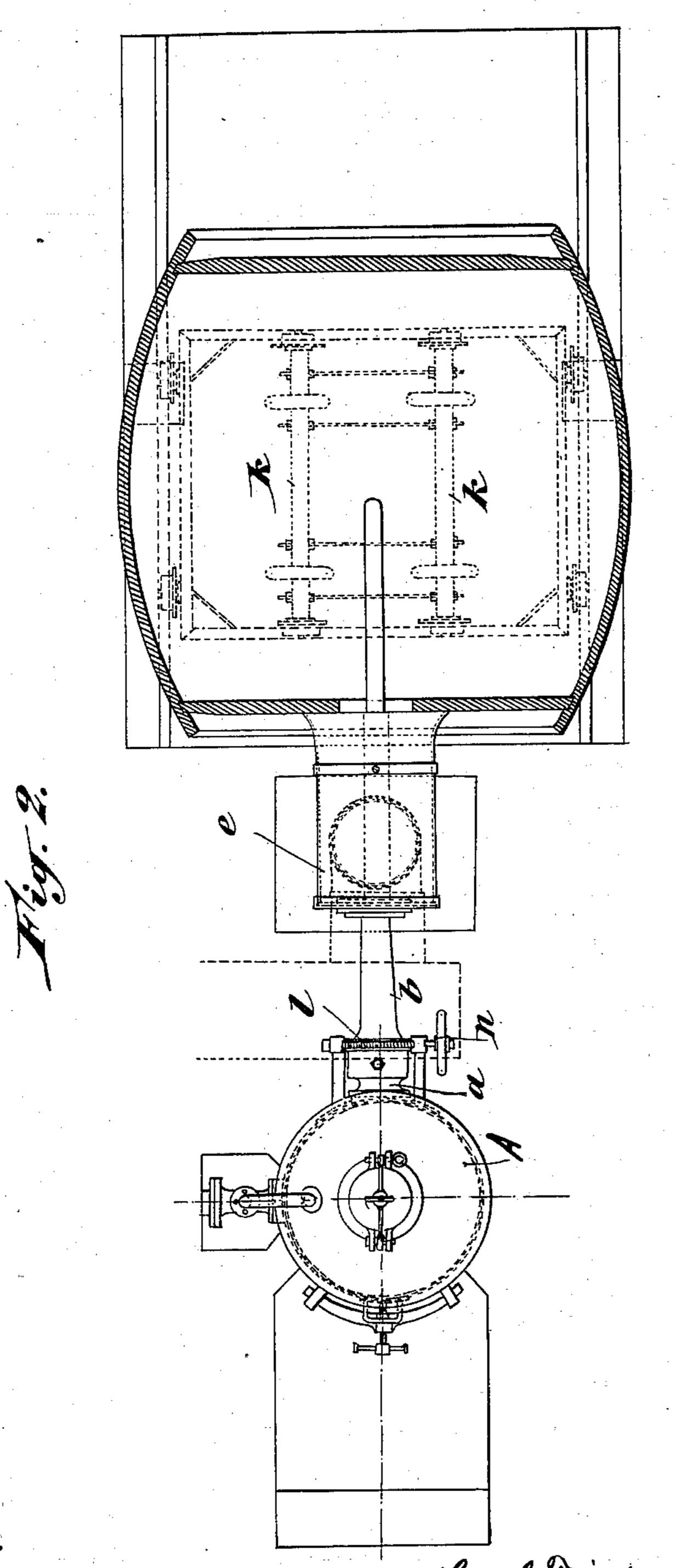
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2 Sheets-Sheet 2.



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S.S. Noble J. Buchler Carl Friedrich Franz Kopping
by Blunger

United States Patent Office.

CARL FRIEDRICH FRANZ KÖPPING, OF CHEMNITZ, GERMANY.

DEVICE FOR REMOVING PITCH FROM TUNS OR CASKS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 655,092, dated July 31, 1900.

Application filed November 24, 1899. Serial No. 738, 136. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CARL FRIEDRICH FRANZ Köpping, a subject of the German Emperor, and a resident of Chemnitz, Germany, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Devices for Removing Pitch from Tuns or Casks, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to the construction 10 of nozzles or twyers for removing pitch from tuns or casks, and more particularly to the arrangement of the suction-pipe in machines

employed for this purpose.

The invention consists in the construction, 15 novel combination, and arrangement of parts, fully described hereinafter and specifically pointed out in the appended claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal sectional view of the 20 improved construction. Fig. 2 is a top plan view of the same, the cask being shown in horizontal section.

Like letters refer to like parts throughout

both views. Referring to the drawings, A represents a vertically-arranged cylindrical coke-oven of usual construction and provided at its upper part with a cylindrical coupling a, suitably secured in the wall of the oven. On this coup-30 ling is adapted to rotate an elbowed arm b, suitably held on said coupling—for instance, by means of pins or the like engaging a circular groove on the coupling--and carrying the pipe c. Upon the latter is arranged the 35 perforated nozzle d, having its free end turned downward and extending into the tun or cask and adapted to rotate and move on said pipe. eisa suction-head adapted to rotate on c and rigidly connected with the downwardly-40 extending pipe f, extending movably into the revoluble elbowed pipe g, adapted to rotate on the stationary pipe h, leading to the smokeconduit. ik represent a double or combined carriage adapted to move in two directions

actuating the same. 50 The operation of the improved construction is as follows: The tun or cask is rolled upon the carriage ik, so that the usual door there-

45 and permitting of the easy manipulation of

tuns or casks. lis a worm gear-wheel keyed

upon the revoluble elbow b and meshing with

a screw m. n is a hand-wheel onsaid screw for

of is at the top and that the bung-hole is at the bottom. (See dotted-line position.) Then the movable elbowed arm b is brought in a 55 position by means of the hand-wheel n actuating the screw m and the worm-wheel l, so that the pipe c and the nozzle d are on a level with the door of the tun or cask. Now the carriage k, together with the tun or cask, is 60 moved laterally on the carriage i until the door is brought in front of the nozzle d, whereupon the carriage i, together with the tun or cask, is moved forward until the front wall of the latter engages the suction-head e. 65 (See full-line position.) Now the pipe c and nozzle d extend into the tun or cask, while the door of the latter is closed by means of the suction-head e. The combustion-gases coming from the coke-oven A pass through 70 the coupling a, the elbow b, the pipe c, and the nozzle d into the tun or cask and produce the melting of the old pitch, and as the bung-hole of any tun or cask is always at the bottom the melted pitch flows readily 75 out from the tun or cask. The smoke produced in the operation is sucked through the door, the suction-head e, and the pipes f g hinto the chimney by the natural draft therethrough.

The suction-head e and the pipes f and gare moved as follows: When the elbowed arm b is rotated on the coupling a by means of the hand-wheel n, the screw m, and wormwheel l, the suction-head e and the pipe f will 85 move about the pipe c, while the pipe f moves within the elbowed pipe g, whereby the latter is rotated on the stationary pipe h.

Having fully described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat- 90

ent, is—

1. In apparatus of the character described, the combination with a suitable oven, a coupling secured to said oven, an elbowed pipe revolubly mounted on said coupling, a tubu- 95 lar extension on said pipe adapted to project into the cask, means for conducting smoke from the latter, means for manipulating the cask, and means for actuating said elbowed pipe, substantially as set forth.

2. In apparatus of the character described, the combination with a suitable oven, of a coupling secured in the wall of the oven, a pipe revolubly mounted on said coupling, an

extension on said pipe adapted to project into the cask, a suction-head revolubly mounted on said extension and communicating with the doorway of the cask, a pipe communicating with said suction-head and adapted to slide into a second pipe, a conduit communicating with the chimney and receiving the end of said second pipe, means for actuating

the movable parts described, and means for moving casks to and from the suction-head, 10 substantially as described.

CARL FRIEDRICH FRANZ KÖPPING.

Witnesses:

M. FECHNER, RICHARD SCHEIBNER.