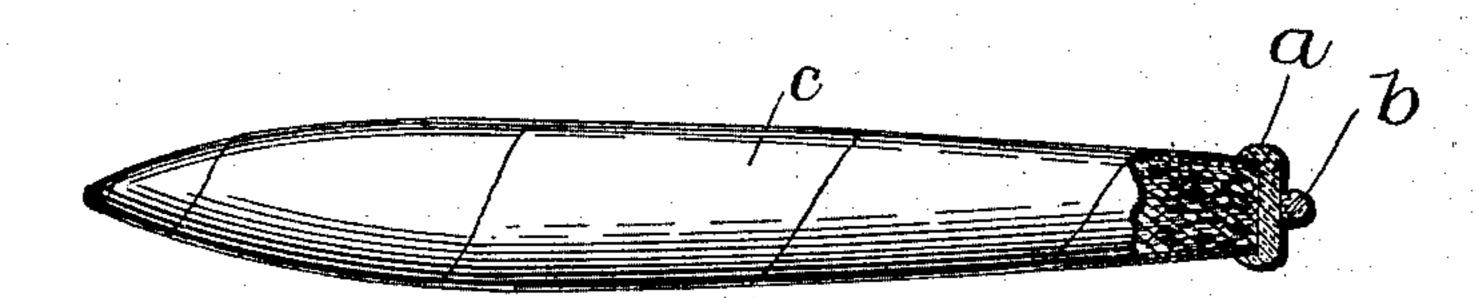
No. 654,490.

Patented July 24, 1900.

G. L. REENSTIERNA.
SELF LIGHTING CIGAR.

(Application filed Nov. 14, 1899.)

(No Model.)



Grustaf L. Reenstierna, Inventor,

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GUSTAF L. REENSTIERNA, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO HENRY R. LEGATE, OF SAME PLACE, AND HARRY J. HOOPER, OF DOVER, NEW HAMPSHIRE.

SELF-LIGHTING CIGAR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 654,490, dated July 24, 1900.

Application filed November 14, 1899. Serial No. 736,929. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, GUSTAF L. REENSTIERNA, of Boston, in the county of Suffolk and State of Massachusetts, have invented certain new 5 and useful Improvements in Self-Lighting Cigars, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to cigars which are provided with a tip of combustible composi-10 tion provided with a frictional igniter, the combustible material adhering to the end of the cigar and to the igniter, so that the combustion of the igniter ignites the combustible tip, which in turn ignites the tobacco.

The invention has for its object to provide a tip of this character which in burning will become incandescent, thus igniting the tobacco, and will also constitute an air-proof cap adapted to prevent the fumes resulting 20 from the combustion of the gas-generating ingredients of the tip and the igniter from entering the tobacco.

To this end the invention consists in the improvements which I will now proceed to

25 describe and claim.

The accompanying drawing, forming a part of this specification, represents a longitudinal section of a cigar embodying my invention.

In carrying out my invention I make a plastic mixture composed of ground glass, saltpeter, chlorate of potassium, and gumarabic. The saltpeter and chlorate of potassium constitute combustible ingredients 35 adapted to burn freely in the open air without liability of being extinguished by wind. The ground glass constitutes a fusible ingredient, which is at the same time practically incombustible and is fused by the com-40 bustion of the combustible ingredients, so that it forms an air-proof cap or film across the end of the cigar to which the mixture is applied, this air-proof cap preventing the fumes resulting from the combustion of the 45 saltpeter and chlorate of potassium from entering the cigar. The gum-arabic constitutes an adhesive ingredient which binds the other ingredients together and causes them to adhere to each other and to the end of the cigar.

50 The proportions of the ingredients I prefer to have as follows: glass, eight (8) ounces; | saltpeter, three and one-half $(3\frac{1}{2})$ ounces; chlorate of potassium, three and one-half $(3\frac{1}{2})$ ounces, and gum-arabic one and one-half $(1\frac{1}{2})$ ounces. These are suitably stirred and 55 mixed with about three (3) ounces of water.

A mass of the above-described mixture is suitably molded into a cap a on the end of a cigar c. A frictional igniter b, composed of a suitable composition, such as that used for 60 the tips of friction-matches, is placed on the surface of the cap a while the latter is plastic and adheres firmly to the cap, the cap in turn adhering firmly to the end of the cigar. When the igniter b is scratched, it quickly 65 ignites the cap a, which burns freely and cannot be extinguished by ordinary wind. The combustion fuses the ground glass and renders the cap incandescent, the fusing of the glass causing it to form an air-proof cap 70 or cover on the end of the cigar, which prevents any of the fumes resulting from the combustion of the igniter and tip from entering the tobacco. Hence no unpleasant taste or odor results from the combustion of the 75 tip. The tip remains incandescent long enough to ignite the tobacco without the necessity of drawing air through the cigar, the cigar being sufficiently ignited by the time the combustible parts of the tip are con- 80 sumed.

By the term "cigar" I mean not only ordinary cigars, but also cigarettes and "cigarros," so called.

I claim—

A cigar having a tip composed of a mixture of adhesive, combustible and fusible ingredients, and a frictional igniter, the fusible ingredient being incombustible, whereby when the tip is ignited the fusible ingredient forms 90 an air-proof incandescent cap adapted to ignite the tobacco to which it adheres, and to exclude from the tobacco the fumes resulting from the combustion of the other ingredients and of the igniter.

In testimony whereof I have affixed my signature in presence of two witnesses.

GUSTAF L. REENSTIERNA.

Witnesses:

HENRY R. LEGATE, C. F. Brown.