No. 652,726.

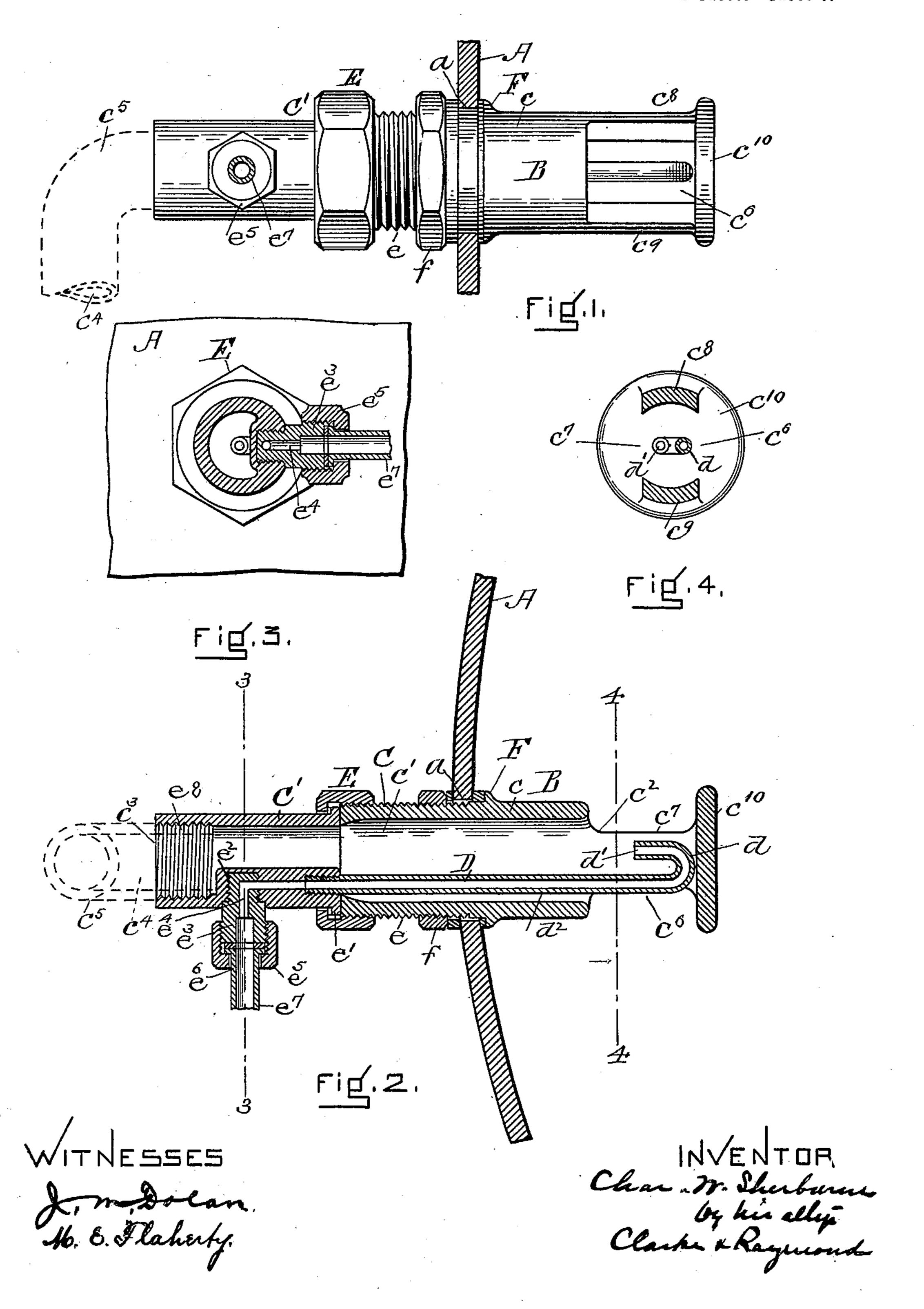
Patented June 26, 1900.

C. W. SHERBURNE. TRACK SANDING DEVICE.

(Application filed Dec. 30, 1899.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets-Sheet 1.



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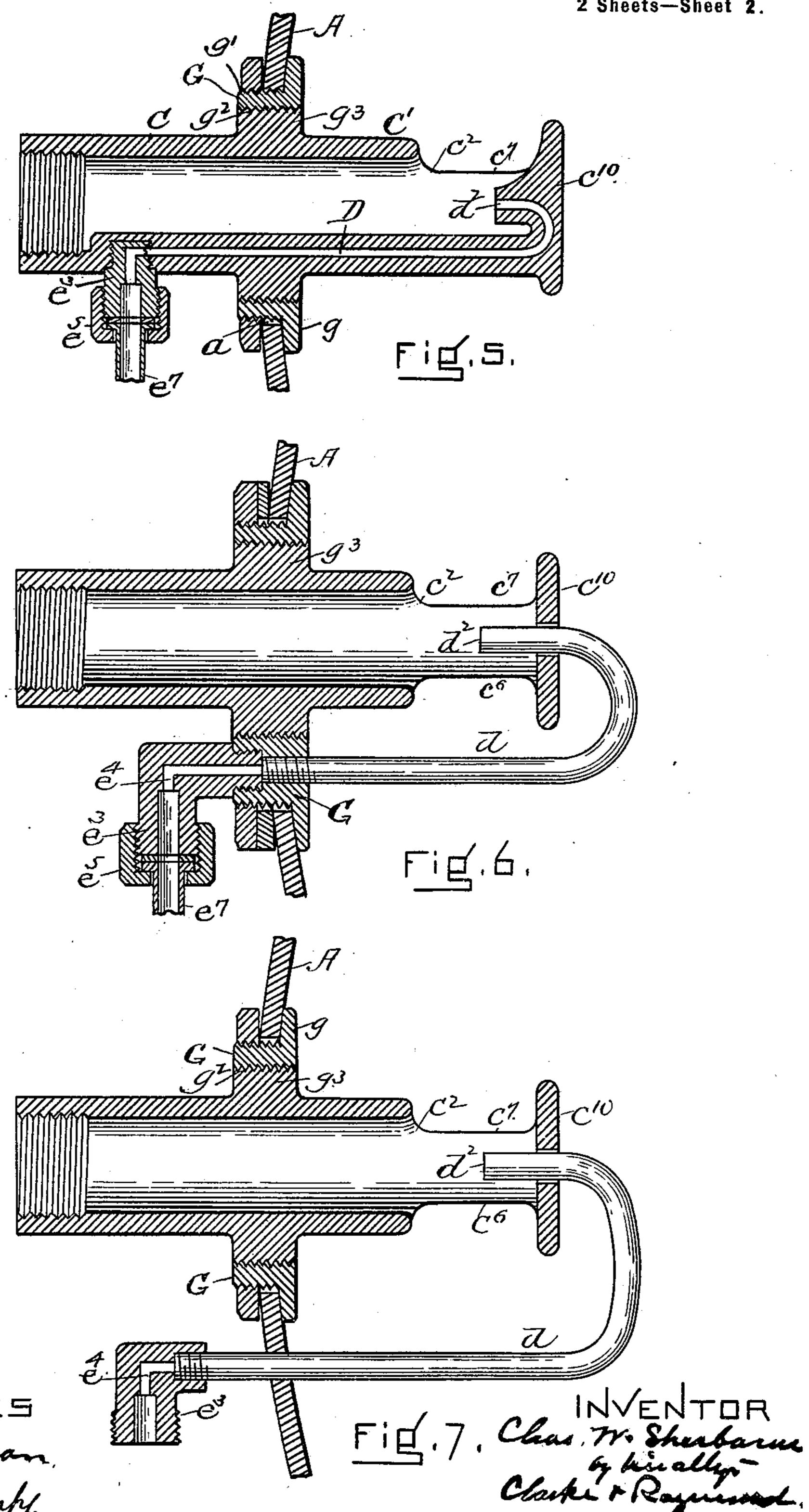
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2 Sheets—Sheet 2.



United States Patent Office

CHARLES W. SHERBURNE, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

TRACK-SANDING DEVICE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 652,726, dated June 26, 1900.

Application filed December 30, 1899. Serial No. 742,119. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES W. SHER-BURNE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Boston, in the county of Suffolk and State 5 of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Track-Sanding Devices, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part ro of this specification, in explaining its nature.

My present invention relates to a sandejector which is in the nature of a complete entity in that it is so constructed that the operation of the simple placing thereof in the 15 sand-box, its attachment to the wall thereof, and its connection at the outer side of the sand-box with the air-supply pipe and with the sand-delivery pipe is all that is required to install it. It preferably is in the shape of 20 a structure or case which is adapted to extend through a hole in the wall of the sandbox and to be secured to said wall and so that its inner portion shall be contained within the chamber of the sand-box and its outer 25 portion shall be on the outside of the wall of the sand-box in an accessible position. It is constructed to provide at its inner end within the sand-box a sand-inlet and at its outer end a sand-outlet, with which the sand-inlet is con-30 nected by means of a passage. It also contains an air-supply passage which at its inner end coöperates with the sand-inlet and at its outer end is contained in a section of the structure or case adapted to be connected 35 with an air-supply pipe.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a view of my improved device in side elevation, also showing in vertical section a portion of the wall of the sand-box. Fig. 2 is a view in horizontal 40 section of the device and a portion of the sandbox wall. Fig. 3 is a view in vertical section upon the dotted line 3 3 of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a view in vertical section upon the dotted line 44 of Fig. 2. Figs. 5, 6, and 7 illustrate modi-45 fied constructions of the invention, to which

reference is hereinafter made.

Referring to the drawings, A represents a portion of the wall of a sand-box in which is formed upon its side and near its bottom a 50 hole α for the reception of the track-sanding device or ejector B, of which one only is shown. It will be understood, however, that usually

the sand-box will have one on each side and sometimes two on each side, according to the

requirements of the locomotive.

The track-sanding device or ejector comprises a hollow shell or case c, preferably cylindrical in shape and preferably having means for its attachment to the wall of the sand-box, in which is the longitudinal pas- 60 sage c', extending from the sand-inlet c^2 at its: inner end to its outlet c^3 at its outer end, where it connects with the passage c^4 of the sand-delivery pipe c^5 . The sand-inlet c^2 may be of any desired shape. It is represented in 65 the drawings as provided by the removal of sections of the sides of the shell or case at its inner end to secure the side openings c^6 c^7 to the sand-inlet. The sections $c^8 c^9$ of the shell or case and the unperforated end c^{10} serve as 70 a partial cover, hood, or protection for the inner end of the pipe or part of the shell or case providing the air-supply passage.

D is the air-passage, extending lengthwise the case or shell from or near its outer end 75 to or near its inner end, where it is curved backward at d that its outlet d' may face the sand-inlet c^2 and that air delivered through the passage may be forced from its outlet through the sand-inlet and sand-passage c' 80 into the sand-delivery pipe. This passage D, I preferably arrange within the shell or case c. It may be provided by means of an independent pipe d^2 , as represented at Fig. 2, suitably attached to the case or shell, or it 85

may be formed in the shell itself, or it may be provided by an independent pipe paral-

lel with the shell.

The shell or case may be in one or more pieces. In the drawings I have represented 90 it in two parts—namely, the part C and the part C'. The latter is in the nature of a coupling. It is attached to the part C by the coupling-nut E, which screws upon the exterior thread e of the part C and engages the 95 flange e' of the coupling C'. The coupling is also represented as having one end of the air-supply pipe d^2 attached to it and as also having a portion of the air-passage D, which ends in a threaded hole e^2 , into which a nip- 100 ple e^3 , having the passage e^4 , screws, the said nipple serving to deflect the air-passage to a right angle and afford means for coupling to the case or shell, by means of the couplingnut e^5 , the end e^6 of the air-supply pipe e^7 , connecting a source of air-supply (which may be the train-brake system) with the air-passage D. The section C' also has the interior screw-thread e^8 for use in coupling the end of the sand-delivery pipe C⁵ thereto.

The track-sanding device is also represented as having a shoulder F, which forms an abutment upon the inner side of the sandto box wall, and a locking-nut f, adapted to screw upon the threaded section e against the outer surface of the sand-box wall and against the shoulder F. Suitable packing may be interposed between the shoulder and the nut, 15 if desired. When this form of the invention is employed, the device is attached to the sand-box wall in the following way: The coupling-section C' is removed from the section C and also the locking-nut f. The sec-20 tion C is then located in the hole a of the sand-box wall, with its inner portion in the chamber of the sand-box and its outer portion outside the wall. The nut f is then screwed home to clamp the case or shell to 25 the wall and the coupling-section C' then attached to the section C and to the sand-

distributing and air-supply pipes. The section C of the case or shell may be placed from the inside of the sand-box or from 30 the outside. I prefer the latter construction, and in Fig. 5 I have represented a form of construction for accomplishing this purpose. The hole a in the sand-box wall is enlarged and threaded. Into this is screwed the sleeve 35 G, having a flange g. The sleeve has the exterior thread g', which engages the thread about the hole and also takes a clamping-nut and the interior thread g^2 . The interiorlythreaded hole g^2 is of a size sufficient to per-40 mit of the passage of the inner end of the case or shell, the case or shell being provided with a threaded enlargement g^3 , which screws into the threaded hole g^2 . This construction permits the parts C C' to be made integral and 45 the whole case or shell to be used as a coupling in uniting the sand-distributing pipe to the sand-box wall and so as to leave the nipple e^3 in proper position to attach to the end of the air-supply pipe. In said figure I have 50 also shown the air supply passage as formed

by casting. In Figs. 6 and 7 I have shown a modification in construction in which the air-supply pipe, instead of passing from one end to the other 55 of the shell or case within it, is arranged upon the outside thereof and is supported in whole or in part by the sleeve G or the sand-box wall. This variation is shown in order that the scope of my invention may be better un-60 derstood, as I consider that it includes any construction in which the sanding device is | applied to the wall of the sand-box without requiring internal fitting and connection of the parts thereof within the sand-box and in 65 which the connections with the sand-distributing pipe and the air-supply pipe are made with the sand-ejector outside the sand-box |

and in which the ejector is attachable and removable as a whole from the sand-box by simply inserting a portion of it into the chamber 70 of the box through a hole therein and uniting it to the box or a support by a clamping device or by screwing.

Any medium other than compressed air for forcing or feeding the sand in a manner simi- 75 lar to that in which it is fed by compressed air may be used

air may be used.

I would say that the guard c^{10} may have any desired size with respect to the sand opening and inlet. I prefer that it be large enough 80 to prevent sand from flowing by gravity into the sand-inlet and through the ejector-passage.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim and desire to secure by Letters Pat- 85

ent of the United States—

1. A track-sanding device comprising a structure having a central sand-passage therethrough with a sand-inlet at its inner end and a sand-outlet at its outer end, said device having also an air-passage which is mainly eccentric to said passage, said air-passage having an inlet at its outer end and an outlet at its inner end and said air-passage outlet facing the central portion of said sand-passage 95 so as to direct the air-blast straight through the latter.

2. A track-sanding device comprising a structure having a central sand-passage through it, and an eccentric air-passage which is mainly eccentric to said sand-passage and which eccentric air-passage runs straight inward for the larger portion of its length and then curves and recurves so as to open out-

ward into said sand-passage.

3. A track-sanding device comprising a structure having a central sand-passage through it, and an eccentric air-passage which is mainly eccentric to said sand-passage and which eccentric air-passage runs straight inward for the larger portion of its length and then curves and recurves so as to open outward into said sand-passage, the said device having a shield or guard, as c^{10} , at its inner end, beyond the recurved portion of said air-rassage, for checking the free entrance of sand to said sand-passage.

4. In a track-sanding apparatus, the combination with a sand-box, of a sand-ejecting device detachably secured to the wall of said 120 box and extending partly without and partly within said wall, the said ejecting device having at its outer part a sand-outlet and an air-inlet, and a central sand-passage through it, and said device having at its inner part a 125 sand-inlet and an air-outlet, the latter opening into said sand-passage from an eccentric air-passage which curves upon itself at its inner part.

5. In a track-sanding apparatus, the combination with a sand-box, of a sand-ejector attached to a wall of said box and extending partly without and partly within said box, said ejector having a sand-passage through it and

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an eccentric air-passage communicating with the inner part of said sand-passage, the inner part of said ejector having one or more webs or sections, as c^8 , c^9 , with one or more side openings as c^6 , c^7 , between them, and said ejector having also the guard c^{10} at its extreme inner end.

6. A track-sanding apparatus attachable to a track-sanding box as a whole from outside the box, and provided with two passages extending lengthwise it, one of which has an opening at its inner end to connect it with the chamber of the sand-box and an opening at the outer end to connect it with a sand-distributing pipe, and the other of which has a nozzle or outlet at the inner end of the apparatus arranged to direct an air-blast through the said first-named passage and into said

sand-delivery pipe and has also at its outer 20 end means of connection with an air-supply

pipe outside the sand-box.

7. A track - sanding apparatus provided upon its exterior with means for attachment to a sand-box and having a single sand-deliv-25 ery passage arranged longitudinally therewith provided with an opening to the sandbox at its inner end and adapted to open into a sand-delivery pipe at its outer end outside the sand-box, and also provided with an air-30 injecting nozzle at its inner end within the opening to the sand-box and arranged to deliver and direct a jet of air through the sandpassage of the apparatus into the passage of the sand-delivery pipe, the said nozzle hav-35 ing a supply-pipe extending outward therefrom within the case of the apparatus and to a point at or near its outer end.

8. A track-sanding apparatus comprising a case or shell attachable to the wall of a sand40 box and having an unobstructed, longitudinal sand-delivering passage open at its inner end to the chamber of the sand-box and at its outer end to a sand-delivery passage, an air-injecting outlet or nozzle arranged to direct a current or blast of air from the inner end of said sand-passage through the said passage and an air-supply passage contained within the casing or shell connected at its inner end with the nozzle and having its outer end connectible with an air-supply pipe out-

side the wall of the sand-box.

9. A track-sanding apparatus comprising a shell or casing having means for attachment to the wall of a sand-box and so that a portion of the shell or casing shall be within the box and a portion of the shell or casing shall be without the box, a longitudinal sand-feeding passage in said shell or casing, a lateral opening at the inner end of said shell or casing conformed the chamber of the sand-box with said passage, an air-injector or blast-nozzle ar-

ranged in said opening at or adjacent to the lateral entrance to said longitudinal passage to force air and sand through said passage and from the outer end thereof, and means 65 connecting said nozzle or injector with an

air-supply pipe outside the sand-box.

10. A track-sanding apparatus comprising a shell or casing attachable to the wall of a sand-box so that a portion of the shell or 70 casing shall be within the box and a portion of the shell or casing shall be without the box and having a longitudinal sand-feeding passage provided with a lateral opening at its inner end and connecting the chamber of the 75 sand-box with said passage, an air-injector or blast-nozzle arranged at or adjacent to the ' lateral opening to said longitudinal passage to force air and sand through said passage and from the outer end thereof, means con-80 necting said nozzle or injector with an airsupply pipe outside the sand-box and means at the outer end of the shell or casing to connect it with a sand-delivery pipe or coupling.

11. A track-sanding apparatus comprising 85 a shell or casing attachable to the wall of a sand-box so that a portion of the shell or casing shall be within the box and a portion of the shell or casing shall be without the box and having a longitudinal sand-feeding pas- 90 sage provided with a lateral opening at its inner end to connect the chamber of the sandbox with said passage, a shield or guard opposite the inner end of said passage integral with the shell or casing, an air-injector or 95 blast-nozzle arranged at or adjacent to the lateral opening to said longitudinal passage to force air and sand through said passage and from the outer end thereof, and means connecting said nozzle or injector with an air- 100 supply pipe outside the sand-box and the outer end of the shell or casing with a sanddelivery pipe or coupling.

12. In a track-sanding apparatus, a sand-receptacle comprising a casing having a portion provided with a sand-feeding passage having at its inner end a sand-inlet and at its outer end a sand-outlet, combined with a sand-distributing pipe attached to said casing from the outer side thereof at said sand-outlet and an air-delivery pipe also attached to said casing from the outer side thereof and provided with a return-bend or nozzle arranged to direct an air-blast into the inner part of said sand-feeding passage to force the sand out-115 ward through said passage and said sand-outlet into said sand-distributing pipe.

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Witnesses:

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J. M. DOLAN.