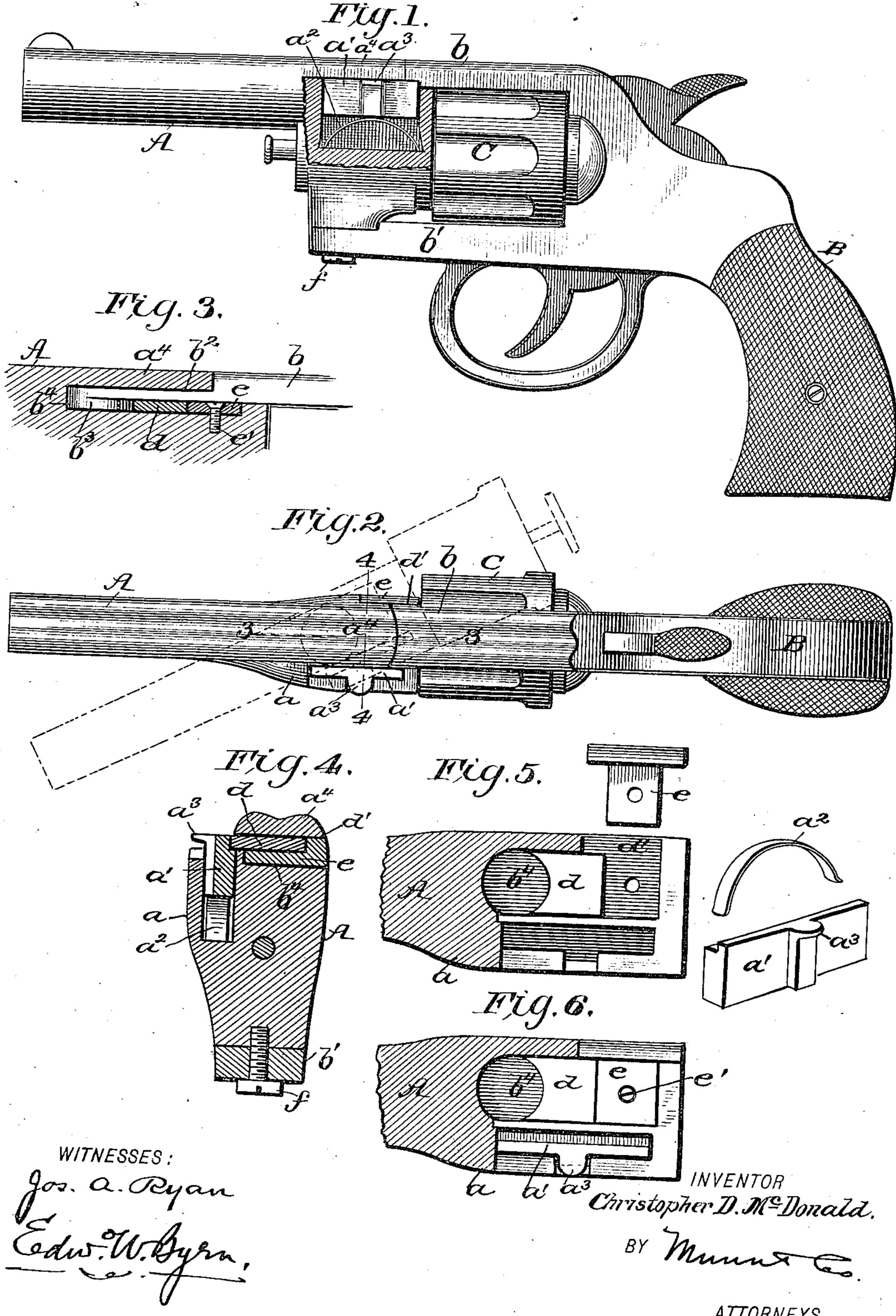
No. 652,625.

Patented June 26, 1900.

## C. D. McDONALD. REVOLVER.

(Application filed Feb. 9, 1900.)

(No Model.)



ATTORNEYS

## United States Patent Office.

CHRISTOPHER D. McDONALD, OF VANCE, COLORADO.

## REVOLVER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 652,625, dated June 26, 1900.

Application filed February 9, 1900. Serial No. 4,648. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHRISTOPHER D. Mc-Donald, of Vance, in the county of San Miguel and State of Colorado, have invented 5 a new and useful Improvement in Revolvers, of which the following is a specification.

My invention is in the nature of an improvement upon the revolver for which I have made application for Letters Patent of the 10 United States, Serial No. 725,091, which application was filed July 25, 1899, and allowed September 29, 1899. In this application I described and claimed a revolver in which the handle portion is provided with rigidly-at-15 tached upper and lower extensions inclosing the cylinder-space, and the barrel is hinged on a vertical axis between the forward ends of said rigid extensions and bears the revolving cylinder, which swings out when the bar-20 rel is deflected about said joint at the two forward extensions of the handle. My present invention employs this same general principle of construction, but provides an improved means of articulation, as will be 25 hereinafter more fully described with reference to the drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side view, partly broken away. Fig. 2 is a plan view with the barrel turned to one side in dotted lines. Fig. 3 is a 30 partial longitudinal section on line 33 of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a transverse section through line 44; and Figs. 5 and 6 are plan views of the rear portion of the barrel, partly broken away to show the means for jointing the barrel to 35 the handle extensions.

In the drawings, A represents the parrel, carrying the cylinder C, and B is the handle, having rigid forward extensions b and b', inclosing the cylinder, and to the forward ends

40 of which extensions the barrel is jointed about a vertical axis, as shown and described

in my former application referred to. rear end of the barrel is made with a lateral 45 projection a, in which is formed an elongated chamber opening at the upper edge of the barrel, containing a horizontal locking-bar a', having a thumb-piece or lip  $a^3$  extending through a notched portion of the barrel out 50 to the edge of the same. In the elongated chamber, beneath the locking-bar a', is an el-

liptical spring  $a^2$ , which makes the bar springseated, normally holding it up in locking position to prevent the barrel from being turned on its axis of articulation, but capable of be- 55 ing depressed by the thumb, so as to allow the rear end of the barrel to pass under the forward extension b of the handle.

The articulated joint of the barrel is formed at the lower side by a simple screw f, connect- 60 ing the lower extension b' of the handle to the lower lug of the barrel. At the upper side, however, there is a peculiarly-formed joint, as follows: The upper extension b of the handle is recessed at  $b^2$  on its upper side, 65 which portion passes under an overhanging part  $a^4$  on the rear end of the barrel. The lower side of the extension b is formed at its extreme end with a circular boss  $b^3$ , which forms the center bearing of the joint and is 70 locked in a chamber  $b^4$  in the rear end of the barrel, as follows:

A movable block d has a concave front end fitting the boss  $b^3$  on the extension b. This block d is slipped into the right-angular re- 75 cess in the top of the barrel behind the boss  $b^3$  by being first inserted through the side opening d' and is then pushed up to the position shown in Fig. 5. A locking-slide e, Fig. 5, is then slipped sidewise into the open- 80 ing d' and when fully in is fastened by a screw e', as in Fig. 6, and retains the block dbehind the boss or joint-bearing  $b^3$ . To take the revolver to pieces, the screw e' is taken out and the slide e and block d removed 85 through the outlet d', and the screw f of the lower joint being removed the boss or bearing  $b^3$  can be drawn back and taken out through the opening d'.

When the barrel is in true alinement, the 90 long locking-bar a' is forced up by its subjacent spring  $a^2$  and by bearing against the side of the upper extension b holds the barrel In my present invention one side of the | firmly in alinement, so that it cannot be bent on its joint, and the long bearing which the 95 bar a' affords makes a very strong lock and holds the barrel firmly in alinement.

In breaking the revolver for ejecting the shells and reloading the handle is taken in the right hand and the barrel in the left, with 100 the thumb of the left hand resting upon the lip as of the spring-seated locking-bar, and

it will be seen that all the parts are so organized as to enable this action to be quickly and most conveniently effected.

Having thus described my invention, what 5 I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. A revolver having a handle with a rigid extension beyond the cylinder, and formed with a pivot-boss on its lower side at the end, to a barrel having a recessed upper surface at the rear end with a side outlet, a detachable bearing-block adapted to be introduced through this side outlet and pushed up to the boss, and a laterally-inserted locking-slide 15 for the bearing-block substantially as described.

2. An articulated joint for a revolver, con- | C. H. COULSON.

sisting of a barrel having an overhanging rear end at and a right-angularly-recessed chamber beneath it with lateral outlet, a han-20 dle extension b with recessed upper surface  $b^2$  and boss  $b^3$ , and the detachable bearing d arranged to be inserted through the lateral outlet and pushed up to contact against the boss, and the locking-piece e inserted later- 25 ally behind the bearing d substantially as and for the purpose described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

CHRISTOPHER D. McDONALD.

Witnesses:

L. C. KINIKIN,