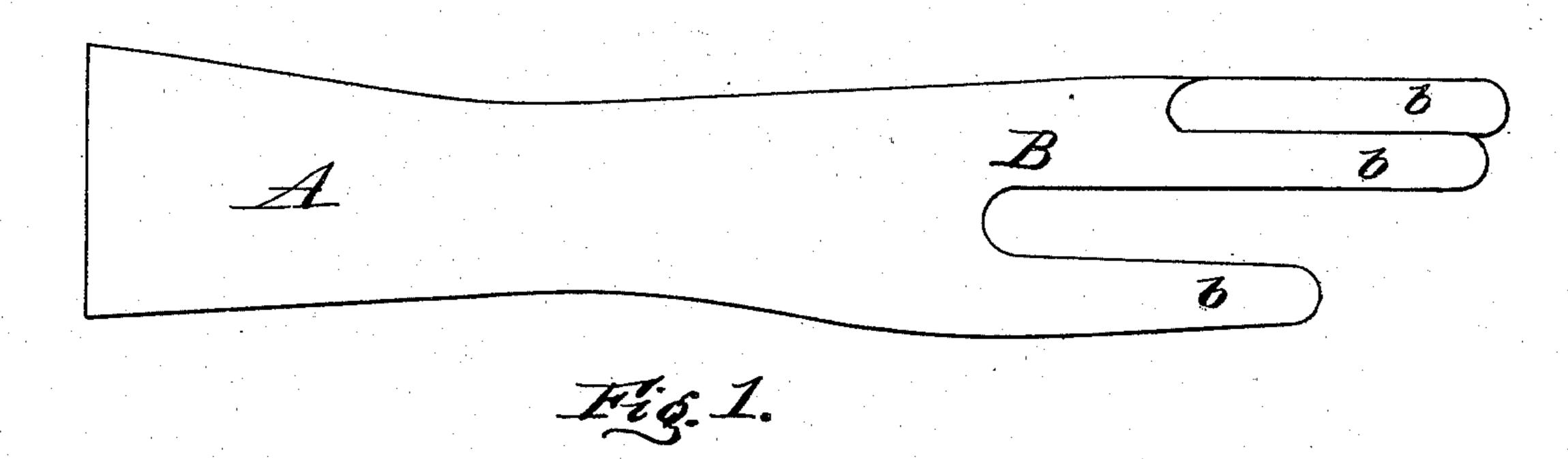
No. 647,452.

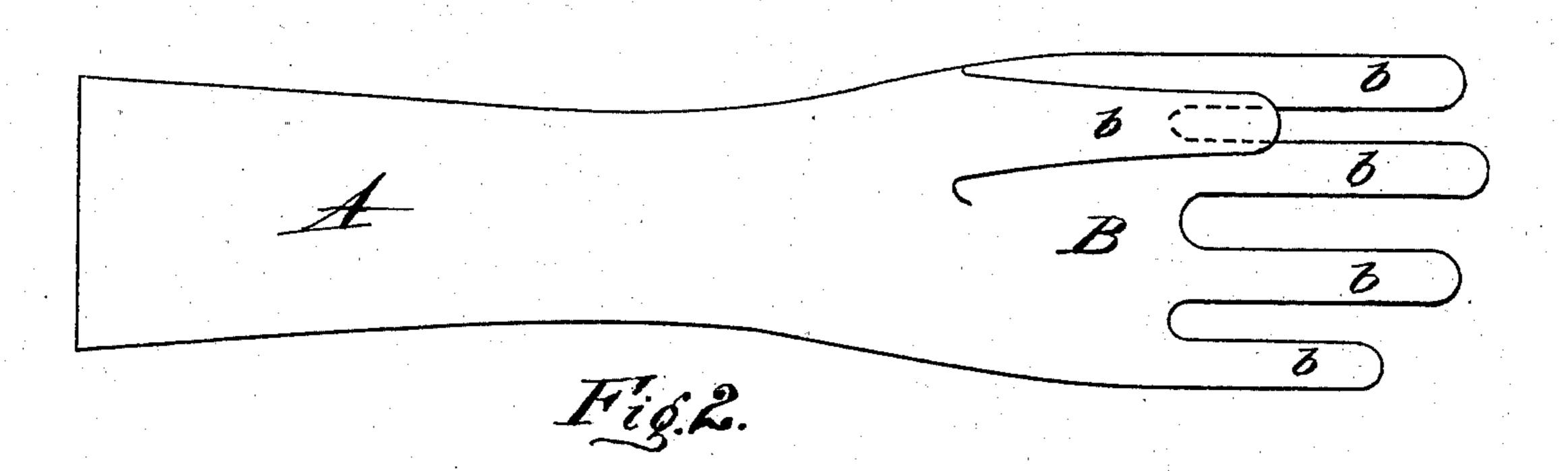
Patented Apr. 10, 1900.

H. S. & J. N. MOODY.
GLOVE TREE.

(No Model.)

(Application filed July 17, 1899.)





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GLOVE-TREE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 647,452, dated April 10, 1900.

Application filed July 17, 1899. Serial No. 724,131. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Hannah S. Moody and Joseph N. Moody, citizens of the United States of America, and residents of Atlanta, 5 in the county of Fulton and State of Georgia, have made a certain new and useful Improvement in Fillers for Cleaning Gloves; and we do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to fillers for use in cleaning gloves by the use of a sponge or cloth and a cleaning agent, the object of the invention being to provide a device of this class in which the glove will be filled, but not distorted, and every portion of the exterior surface of the glove be exposed to easy access with a cleaning-sponge.

To these ends the invention consists of the device hereinafter fully specified and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a side view, and Fig. 2 is an elevation, of the device.

In the figures like reference characters are uniformly employed in the designation of the corresponding elements of construction.

A is the handle, and B is the filler proper, which consists of five projections b, corresponding in relative position to a slight de-35 gree to the natural hand, but differing therefrom, upon close observation, to a very considerable extent, as is required to expose the entire surface of the glove to the action of the sponge in such a position that said sponge 40 may be held in the fingers and rubbed over the surface with the proper light elastic touch and to receive the glove and hold it in its dampened condition without stretching or straining any part of it or permitting it to 45 shrink. For this reason we have made all of the said projections b parallel and offset from each other, as shown in the drawings, and of a distance apart as large as possible not to unduly stretch or strain the glove. As shown 50 in Fig. 1, in which the first and second fingers are shown plainly, the entire surface of the sides of the projections b, and consequently the glove-fingers, is exposed and

easy of access without touching the next glove-finger with the sponge, and this is the 55 case with each of the several finger projections b, said projections b being so arranged that no one lies in the same plane as the contiguous one, but all are axially parallel. It is to be noted that the same object cannot be 60 accomplished by making a facsimile of the human hand with the fingers spread apart. If a filler should be so made, it is obvious that a glove could not be placed upon the same without undue stretching. By con- 65 structing the filler with the finger projections a considerable distance apart and at the same time substantially parallel not only can the cleaning-sponge be readily inserted between the inner ends of the finger projections, but 70 the glove can be easily placed upon the filler without undue stretching.

Fillers for cleaning gloves simulating to some extent the human hand have been made. In these fillers, however, the thumb-piece is 75 made movable and adjustable to permit the placing of the glove on the filler without undue stretching. In the device in the present instance the simulation of the human hand is quite close and the parts comprising the 80 form are relatively immovable. The movable finger-piece is done away with. Its use is avoided by making all the digital projections substantially parallel and at the same time with the necessary separation to permit 85 cleaning between the fingers of the glove.

It is obvious that the device can be used for purposes other than cleaning gloves. For instance, it can be used in repairing gloves.

Having thus described our invention, what 90 we claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, is—

A filler for cleaning gloves having relatively-immovable parts and consisting of a filling-body having a shape closely simulating the human hand, but with all the digital projections including the thumb considerably separated and parallel.

In testimony whereof we hereunto affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

HANNAH S. MOODY.
JOSEPH N. MOODY.

Witnesses:
A. A. MEYER,
JNO. T. THOMPSON.