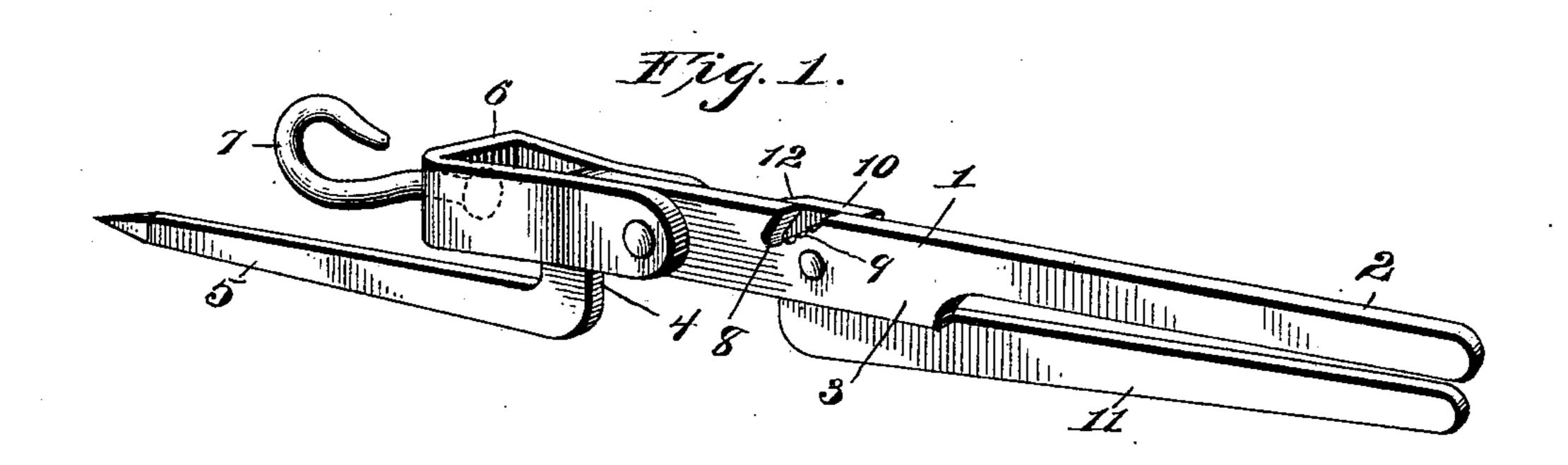
No. 646,826.

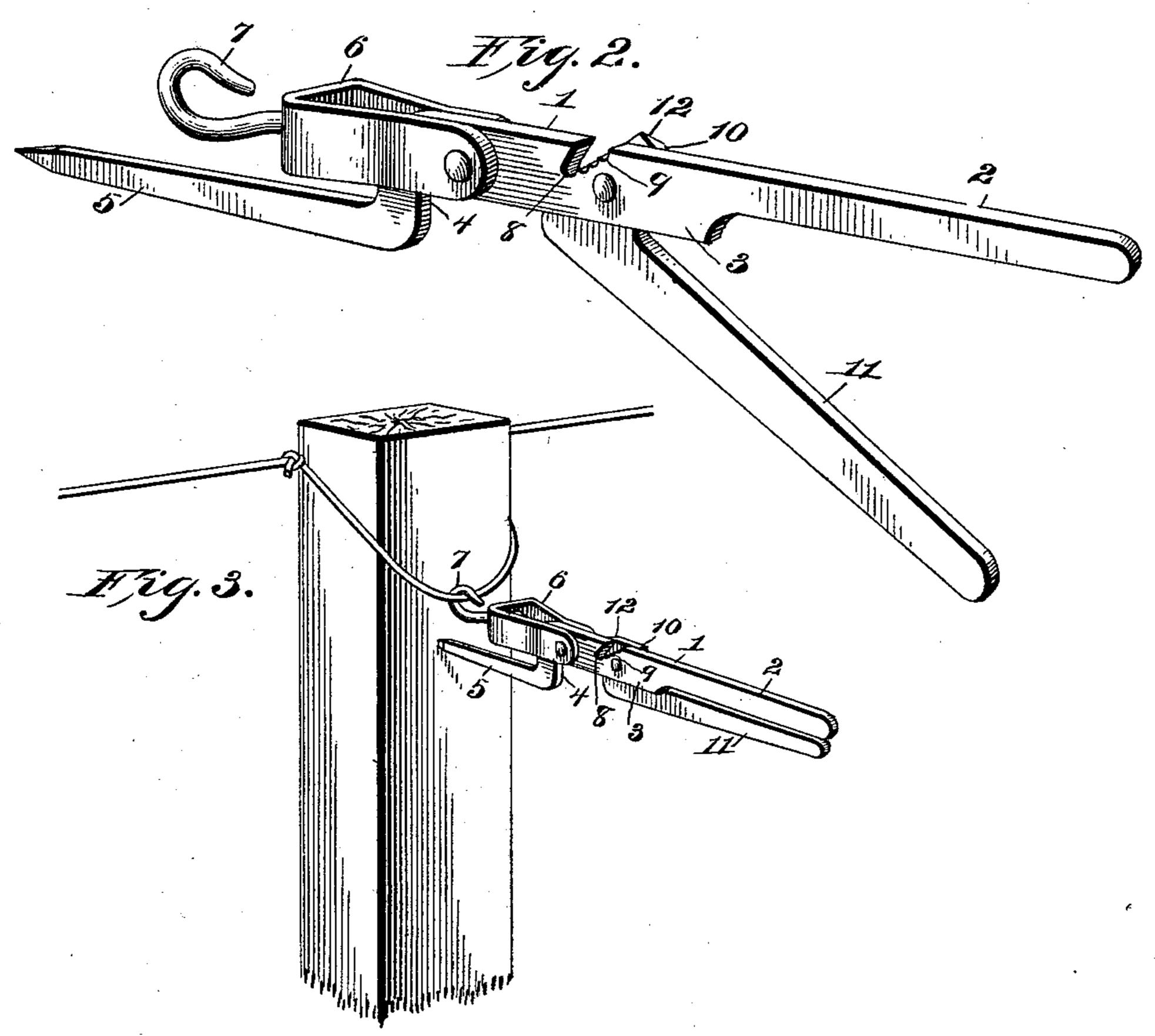
Patented Apr. 3, 1900.

J. S. HANSFORD. WIRE TIGHTENER.

(Application filed June 1, 1899.)

(No Model.)





WITNESSES

Louis D. Heinricher. Saide E. Stanford. INVENTOR

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JAMES S. HANSFORD, OF SIPE SPRINGS, TEXAS.

WIRE-TIGHTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 646,826, dated April 3, 1900.

Application filed June 1, 1899. Serial No. 718,994. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES S. HANSFORD, a citizen of the United States, residing at Sipe Springs, in the county of Comanche and 5 State of Texas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wire-Tighteners; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled 10 in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to wire-tighteners adapted for use in building wire fences; and the purpose of the same is to provide an im-15 plement that can be effectively utilized for drawing the wire runners adjacent the post and applying the necessary degree of tension thereon by hand manipulation and without requiring the use of cumbersome and com-

20 plex mechanism for such purpose.

The invention consists, essentially, of a member having a handle at one end merging into a central widened portion, with a forward breakdown or angle terminating in a bracing-25 finger, the said widened portion having a loop or clip movably attached thereto in which is swiveled a hook and a wire-cutting slot in the upper edge, a movable member being pivoted to the widened portion of the first-30 mentioned member and having an edge coacting with the wire-cutting slot and a rearwardly-extending handle.

The invention further consists of the details of construction and arrangement of the 35 several parts, which will be more fully here-

inafter described and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of an implement embodying the invention and shown closed. Fig. 2 40 is a similar view of the implement shown open. Fig. 3 is a view illustrating the manner of using the device.

Like characters of reference are employed in the several views to indicate correspond-

45 ing parts.

Referring to the drawings, the numeral 1 designates the supporting member having a rear rein or handle 2, an intermediate widened body 3, an angular breakdown 4, and 50 a front bracing-finger 5. To the front portion of the widened body 3 a loop or clip 6 is pivotally attached, and therein is swiveled a hook

7. The upper edge of the body 3 in rear of the point of attachment of the loop or clip 6 has an inclined wire-cutting slot 8 formed 55 therein, having the lower wall preferably formed with corrugations 9, varying in dimension to provide seats for wire of different gage. To one side of the body 3, near the said wire-cutting slot 8, the head 10 of a mov- 60 able member 11 is pivotally attached, the edge 12 of said head adjacent the wire-cutting slot 8 being so formed as to facilitate the severance of wire placed in said slot when the said head is moved by drawing the member 65 11 toward the handle 2 of the supporting member 1. It is necessary that the head 10 be snugly held against the body 3 in order to effectively cut the wire and to conveniently operate the said member 11, which termi- 70 nates in a handle 13, which approximates the handle 2 of the member 1.

It is preferred that the several parts of the implement be constructed of such metal that strain and wear will be resisted to consider- 75 able extent, and by forming the widened body portion 3 means are afforded for attaching the head 10 and the loop or clip 6 without ma-

terially weakening the member 1.

In operation the device is particularly in- 80 tended to be used as a tightener or for taking up the slack in the wire runners of fences, and for this purpose a smaller loop of wire is attached to the runner adapted to be tightened and receives the hook 7. The fin- 85 ger 5 is then braced against the adjacent post and a downward pressure exerted on the entire implement. This will draw on the runner, and after a desired degree of tension has been obtained the swiveled hook may be 90 turned to tie the stretched runner in this condition.

The implement will be found very useful for other purposes and may be employed at any time for cutting wire by means of the 95 mechanism explained, and for various applications changes in the proportions, dimensions, and minor details of construction might be resorted to without in the least departing from the nature or spirit of the invention.

Having thus described the invention, what

is claimed as new is—

1. A wire-tightener comprising a body portion having a slot in its upper edge, a handle at one end, and a breakdown at the opposite end, continued into a bracing-finger; a loop or clip pivotally attached to the body in advance of the slot, and extending in the plane of the handle; a hook swiveled in the said loop or clip; and a member pivotally secured to the body and having a head coöperating with the slot in the body.

2. In an implement of the character set to forth, the combination of a member having an intermediate body with a handle projecting from one end, and provided with a breakdown at the opposite end continued into a

bracing-finger, the upper edge of the body

having a wire-cutting slot therein, a loop or 15 clip pivotally attached to the body in advance of the wire-cutting slot, a hook swiveled in the said loop or clip, and a second member having a head pivoted to the body of the first member adjacent the said wire-cuting slot, and also provided with a handle.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

J. S. HANSFORD.

Witnesses:

J. R. HANSFORD,

J. W. RICHBOURG.